Today's Weather
Fair

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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FOUR MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF WHISKY CONSUMED BY FIRE AT OLD OVERHOLT DISTILLERY

NEWS SUMMARY

FOREIGN.

Thirty-nine persons were burned to death and many injured by a lodging house fire at Glasgow.—Page 1.

A steamer sank off the French coast and more than 100 passengers were drowned.—Page 1.

The eight-hour day movement is abandoned by the council of workmen at St. Petersburg.—Page 2.

DOMESTIC.

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The consulting engineers are working out the details for the Panama canal.—Page 5.

Senator Morgan dissects the recent Pittsburgh speech of Senator Knox on railroad rate legislation.—Page 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Midvale Steel Company gave 40-ton steel ingot, in which two men were cooked to death, a human burial.—Page 1.

A Philadelphia committee will make an appeal for ballot reform to Gov. Pennypacker today.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

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The Rev. L. Walter Mason replied to charge of the un-Christianity of the Unitarian church.—Page 10.

Bridget Shay was sent to the workhouse for 30 days for abusing her husband.—Page 12.

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Senator Phillips of New Castle points out a defect in the Tredway-Adams senatorial apportionment draft.—Page 3.

William J. Brennen is in favor of a lord mayor for Pittsburgh.—Page 5.

Meyer Van Lewin took carbolic acid, while policeman chased him for breaking a girl's arm.—Page 5.

Two branches of Young Men's Christian association celebrated anniversaries.—Page 5.

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Workmen mending water pipes in Nixon theater interrupted the revival services.—Page 10.

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Calve arrives in Pittsburgh and gave evidence that she is learning to speak English.—Page 2.

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FINANCIAL.

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Last week failed to show any important developments in the local oil fields.—Page 7.

THE WEATHER

Fair today and tomorrow is the forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity by the official forecaster at Washington. The maximum temperature yesterday was 45 and the minimum 36 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 7:13 and set cloudy at 4:58 o'clock yesterday. The daily report as furnished by the local weather bureau, follows:

Fair.

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m....	30.12	39	53	N. E.	Cloudy.
8 p. m....	30.16	42	59	N. E.	Clear.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for November 19:

	1905	1904		1905	1904
Maximum	45	67	Mean	40	54
Minimum	36	49	Precipitation ...	0	0
Nor. temp. 31 yrs..	41		Nor. precip. 31 yrs..	.08	
Dfcy. for day.....	1		Dfcy. for day.....	.08	
Dfcy. since Nov. 1..	100		Dfcy. since Nov. 1..	1.04	
Dfcy. since Jan. 1..	304		Dfcy. since Jan. 1..	1.98	

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday; fresh northeast winds, shifting to southeast.

West Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday.

Observations taken at 8 p. m.:

Chicago	42	Clear	Cincinnati	42	Clear
Columbus	38	Clear	Grand Haven	34	PtCldy
St. Louis	42	Rain	Parkersburg	40	Clear
Duluth	36	Clear	Washington	36	Rain
Wichita	52	Clear	Davenport	44	Cloudy
Cairo	46	Cloudy	Des Moines	42	Clear
Buffalo	36	Clear	Marquette	36	Rain
Oklahoma	50	Clear	New York	42	Cloudy
Atlanta	60	PtCldy	Abilene	54	Cloudy
Louisville	48	Cloudy	Cleveland	38	Clear
Nashville	56	Cloudy	Montgomery	70	Clear
Dubuque	38	Cloudy	Norfolk	48	Cloudy
El Paso	56	Clear	Philadelphia	44	Clear
Cheyenne	38	Clear	Baltimore	38	Cloudy
Lander	34	PtCldy	Jacksonville	66	Clear
Helena	30	Cloudy	Charlotte	54	Rain
Bismarck	36	Clear	Indianapolis	44	Cloudy
St. Paul	42	Cloudy	Kansas City	46	Clear
Madison	38	PtCldy	San Antonio	60	Cloudy
Havre	42	Cloudy	Charles City	34	PtCldy
Huron	44	Clear	Chattanooga	60	Cloudy
Memphis	52	Cloudy	Davenport	50	Clear
Roswell	56	Clear	Little Rock	54	Cloudy
Santa Fe	44	PtCldy	Dodge City	56	Clear
Durango	44	Clear	New Orleans	70	Clear
Pueblo	48	Clear	Rapid City	40	Clear
Salt Lake	54	Clear	Valentine	44	Clear
Galveston	68	Rain	Qua'pelle	34	Cloudy
Calgary	42	PtCldy	Los Angeles	54	Clear
Omaha	48	Clear			

*Observation taken at 8 a. m.

BONDED WAREHOUSE WITH 18,000 BARRELS OF WHISKY BURNS NEAR CONNELLSVILLE

Loss of the Valuable Stock and the Building Is Wholly Covered by Insurance. Government Loses Its Tax.

FRICK AND MELLONS OWNERS

Four million dollars' worth of rye whisky, eight years old, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon at the A. Overholt distillery at Broadford, two miles from Connellsville. The distillery is almost wholly owned by H. C. Frick and the Mellons of Pittsburgh. The main bonded warehouse, containing 18,000 barrels, or 810,000 gallons, of whisky, was consumed.

Much of the whisky had been sold, but it was all insured by the purchasers. The entire stock in the distillery, owned by the company and purchasers, was insured, and the building was also insured, the loss of which R. B. Mellon, one of the owners, said last night would amount to about $100,000. The government loses a tax of $1.10 on every barrel of whisky burned. The entire loss by the destruction of the warehouse and its valuable contents will be borne by the insurance companies.

Conflagration Was Spectacular.

The burning of the distillery was highly spectacular. The flames, blue-tinged by the alcohol, blazed high in the air. As the barrels of old rye whisky on each of the four floors of the warehouse burst the blazing liquid splashed in all directions.

Calls for help were sent to Connellsville, Uniontown and McKeesport, and the Connellsville fire department reached the scene quickly on a special train. The firemen, by hard work, saved the adjoining buildings, confining the fire to the central warehouse, and the calls to the other towns for help were withdrawn. The burned building and its contents were still blazing fiercely at midnight, but the other buildings had been so thoroughly soaked with water that there was no fear of the flames spreading.

Wind Saved Town of Broadford.

It is supposed that the fire was started either by spontaneous combustion or a spark from a passing locomotive dropping into the building through an air-shaft. A steady northeast wind saved the town of Broadford, carrying the flames toward the Youghiogheny river, also saving the buildings of the H. C. Frick Coke Company and the Baltimore & Ohio station from destruction.

The fire was discovered at 2:45 o'clock in the afternoon, smoke issuing from the third story of the building, which was alongside the Baltimore & Ohio railroad tracks. Joseph McDonald and George Patchkin, employes of the distillery, climbed up the fire-escape and opened one of the small iron doors of the warehouse. They were caught in a cloud of smoke, which suffocated them, and they dropped to the fire-escape, unconscious. They were rescued by other workmen.

Trains Dash Through the Flames.

The main track of the railroad was kept clear of the debris, and passenger trains shot past at great speed to avoid damage from the intense heat.

The A. Overholt distillery is one of the largest manufactories of whisky in the world. The plant was established by A. Overholt in 1810. It was burned in 1884 and was rebuilt on a much larger scale. The burned building was one of four warehouses. Each of the 18,000 barrels contained 45 gallons. Much of the whisky had already been sold and was being kept in storage for the owners. The distillery has an output of 1,600 to 2,000 gallons a month, and about 3,000,000 gallons is regularly kept in storage.

Is Going to Germany to Preach

THE REV. BURTIS R. McHATTON.

LITTLE MOUSE NEARLY BREAKS UP SERVICES

Rodent Jumps from Woman's Hat When Choir Sang "Come Forth; Behold the Light."

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

MARION, O., Nov. 19.—A mouse created a panic in the Wesley Methodist Episcopal church today. Mrs. Wallace Winn attended a revival service at the church this afternoon. It was with inward perturbation that she donned her hat of 1904 vintage. She had almost forgotten the jolt sustained by her pride until the choir began to sing the anthem, "Come forth; behold the light," when she felt something wriggling in the lining of the hat.

She tried to get the hat off without attracting notice, but when she felt a mouse burrowing into the folds of her hair she screamed. Her frantic efforts to dislodge the animal were finally successful and the mouse leaped to the floor.

There was an immediate scampering among the feminine portion of the congregation, and many stood in the seats. Quiet was not restored until all were satisfied that the mouse had left the church.

LOCAL CLERGYMAN ACCEPTS A CALL TO GERMANY

The Rev. B. R. McHatton Will Go to American Church in Leipsic.

To the great surprise of his congregation, and without any previous intimation, the Rev. Burtis R. McHatton, pastor of the Herron Avenue Presbyterian church, announced from his pulpit yesterday morning that he had accepted a call to the pastorate of the American Presbyterian church in Leipsic, Germany.

The formal call to the pulpit in Germany was received by the Rev. Mr. McHatton but a few days ago, and required immediate action. For that reason the surprise was a complete one when the public announcement of acceptance was made yesterday morning. The Rev. Mr. McHatton has been pastor of the Herron Avenue church for six years, it being his only charge since graduating from the Western Theological seminary. It is his intention to sail for Europe during the latter part of January.

The American Presbyterian church in Leipsic is one of the only two English-speaking congregations in that city. It was established in 1870, and its pulpit has been occupied by prominent theologians. The congregation is chiefly a floating one, made up in great part by visiting Americans. The permanent portion of the congregation is supplied by university students. The Rev. Mr. McHatton will ask the December meeting of the Pittsburgh presbytery to dissolve his relationship with the Herron Avenue church.

BROTHERS DIE WITHIN FIVE MINUTES OF EACH OTHER

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Within five minutes of each other two aged brothers died today, one at Canfield and the other at Columbiana, this county. They are Allen Calvin, aged 63, and Samuel Calvin, aged 67. Allen died of liver trouble and Samuel of old age. Samuel leaves two children. Allen was a prosperous mill-owner and leaves two children.

CITY WILL NOT OBTAIN PARK LANDS AS A GIFT

Mr. Herron Says Schenley Trustees Cannot Donate the 11-Acre Plot.

HE SEES CARNEGIE

All Property of the Estate Must Be Sold—Over $3,000,000 Worth Disposed Of.

MISS SCHENLEY IS COMING

"If the city secures the 11-acre tract in Forbes street for an entrance to Schenley park it will have to pay for it, and pay full value. There is no intention of making a gift of the 11-acre plot to the city, and I never heard Mr. Carnegie say it should be donated to the city. I don't see how the property could be given away."

The above statement was made yesterday by John W. Herron, one of the three trustees of the Schenley estate. Mr. Herron returned Saturday night from New York, where he went to obtain the signature of Andrew Carnegie, who is also a trustee of the estate, to the report of the trustees which is to be filed in orphans court in a few days.

Bigelow's Statement Is Denied.

Director Bigelow has said several times that Mr. Carnegie had told him he would make arrangements to have the 11-acre tract donated to the city as an addition and new entrance to Schenley park. Mr. Bigelow first made this statement shortly after Mrs. Schenley's death, when he requested city councils to appropriate $100,000 to erect a memorial in Schenley park to Mrs. Schenley. He has made the same statement several times since.

"If the city secures the 11 acres it will have to pay over $1,000,000 for it," said Mr. Herron. "Five or six years ago, when Mr. Bigelow secured an option on the property for $400,000, he got the option for $200,000 less than the actual value of the property. Property just across the street, with a depth of only 100 feet, sold for $700 to $800 a front foot.

What It Is Worth Today.

"The 11-acre plot has a frontage in Forbes street of 1,000 feet, which at this rate would be worth from $700,000 to $800,000. This frontage alone covers three of the 11 acres. The value of the plot is above $1,000,000 now. We have set no price on it and there are no options on it. I suppose it will be purchased as a site for an institution. I have no knowledge that the city intends to buy it.

"The trustees have sold more than $3,000,000 worth of property of the Schenley estate, but this is only the crust. All of the properties belonging to the estate in Pittsburgh and Allegheny will be sold as soon as it can be disposed of at a reasonable figure.

Negotiations in Progress.

"There are negotiations in progress for the purchase of a great deal of the Schenley property in the two cities, but I am not at liberty to give names, as it might interfere with the plans of the prospective purchasers."

Mr. Herron is president of the Commonwealth Trust Company, which is handling the Schenley real estate.

Mr. Herron said Miss Hermione Schenley, the only unmarried daughter of the late Mrs. Schenley, would arrive in Pittsburgh the latter part of next week to see the old Schenley home in the Morningside district. This will be Miss Schenley's first visit to the city. She will be at the Hotel Schenley during her entire stay in the city.

STEAMER SINKS AND OVER 100 PASSENGERS PERISH

Cross-Channel Vessel Is Wrecked Off French Coast in Snowstorm.

FEW ARE RESCUED

Victims Are Asleep When the Ship Strikes the Rocks in Bad Weather.

CORPSES ARE WASHED ASHORE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Southwestern railways cross-channel steamer Hilda was wrecked this morning off St. Malo on the north coast of France, and it is believed that 100 or more of her passengers and crew were drowned. The Hilda left Southampton Friday night for St. Malo with considerably more than 100 souls on board. Her passage was greatly delayed by a fog in the channel and when nearing St. Malo she ran into a severe snowstorm, apparently missed her course and foundered on the rocks off Jardin lighthouse, three miles from St. Malo.

The company's steamer Ada rescued five of the passengers and one of the crew. These are now on the way to Southampton. There is an unconfirmed report that 70 had been saved. The crew numbered 26 and the passengers were all Frenchmen, the majority being onion dealers from St. Brieac and neighborhood.

Driven Against the Rocks.

A telegram from St. Severn adjoining the town of St. Malo gives the few particulars yet available. The Hilda was near St. Malo Saturday morning. She struck the rocks at 4 o'clock Sunday morning in the roadstead off the island of Cezambre, having missed the tide owing to bad weather.

The majority of the crew and passengers were asleep at the time. Two boats were lowered, one of which containing five men arrived at St. Severn. The second boat was picked up empty at St. Cast, where 13 bodies were washed ashore. The top of the Hilda's funnel and her mast are visible at low tide, according to the telegram from St. Severn.

The Hilda was built at Glasgow in 1883 and registered 848 tons. She was a screw steamer of iron construction and was 225 feet in length.

Passengers Are Prominent.

ST. MALO, FRANCE, Nov. 19.—The exact number of lives lost on the Hilda is unknown here. It is understood that there were about 20 first-class passengers, including several English people. Among the latter were the Hon. Mrs. Butler, sister-in-law of Lord Lanesborough, and Col. Follet. Though it is not certain that these were actually on board they were expected to travel by the Hilda and it is known that all the first-class passengers were drowned. These passengers were English officers and others who were coming to rejoin their families or to spend the season at St. Malo and Dinard.

It appears to be certain that only six were saved, these being five onion sellers and an English seaman named Grinter, belonging to Guernsey, and that the total on board, including the crew, numbered 105.

Sank Very Rapidly.

The disaster was first suspected through the washing ashore of a body and the port authorities immediately sent out a tug. It was then learned that the Hilda was wrecked on the treacherous reef, close to the island of Cezambre, called Les Portes. She had apparently struck, broken her back and immediately sunk, leaving no time to launch the boats. The Jardin light is quite close to the spot. It cannot yet be explained at what time or how the disaster occurred. The entrance to St. Malo is dangerous, the currents and rocks needing the exercise of considerable caution at all times, but more especially in bad weather.

Many bodies have been washed ashore at different points, some wearing life belts. Six of the survivors, according to a report in circulation here, were rescued by the Ada from the rigging.

SIX HUNDRED KILLED.

Eye-Witness Tells of the Horrors of Vladivostok—Soldiers Join the Rioters.

TOKYO, Nov. 19.—An eye-witness of the recent riot at Vladivostok, who has arrived at Nagasaki, reports that nearly half the city was burned and that 600 of the garrison were killed, that the jail was thrown open and that Gen. Kappek is missing.

The damage is estimated at $25,000,000. Soldiers from Harbin are reported to have joined the rioters.

VAGRANT IS GIVEN BATH WHICH CAUSES HIS DEATH

HARRISBURG, Nov. 19.—Frank Torrey, aged 51, an itinerant umbrella mender, died last night in the Dauphin county prison. He was in a filthy condition when arrested by the police on a charge of vagrancy and died several hours after he had been given a bath.

Fund Is Near Half Million.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—A total in subscriptions to the Jewish relief fund of $438,651 was announced today by the national relief committee.

THE GAZETTE'S RUSSIAN RELIEF FUND IN THREE DAYS' SUBSCRIPTIONS . . . $1,051.25

Tide of Contributions to Relief of Russians Continues.

COMMEND GAZETTE

Charity and sympathy, virtues typically American, are being given public expression in the rapid growth of The Pittsburgh Gazette fund for the relief of the suffering Russians. Notwithstanding that $6,000 had already been subscribed by the Jewish merchants and individuals of this vicinity preceding the creation of The Gazette fund, voluntary contributions left at this office yesterday carried the fund past the $1,000-mark on its third day—even though the day was Sunday.

The disaster in Russia is so great, its causes so unusual, and necessity for aid so apparent, that money is being contributed freely and without urgent solicitation. Response to the cry for aid for the sufferers by the Johnstown and Galveston disasters was prompt and liberal, and justly so, but those catastrophies could not be stayed by the hand of man. The suffering in Russia is caused by the cruelty of man to man, hence its special appeal for universal sympathy.

Public Approval of Gazette.

Public approval of the action of The Gazette in opening its columns for the aid of fellow-creatures has been a source of gratification. A typical example of the sentiment of the public is found in a word of appreciation given by the Jewish Criterion in its last issue. It is as follows:

THE GAZETTE TO THE FRONT.

The Pittsburgh Gazette has started a fund for the sufferers by Russian massacres and will receive contributions. This public spirited action on the part of this progressive newspaper cannot be too highly commended, and the proprietors deserve the warm thanks of our community for their timely aid in this hour of need.

At a mass meeting held by the Jewish Defense and Relief association in the Roberts street synagogue yesterday afternoon, at which 350 persons were present, representing 42 branch associations, resolutions were unanimously and enthusiastically passed commending The Gazette's action in establishing a relief fund.

Arms Only for Defense.

The Jewish Defense and Relief fund is not affiliated with the general fund being raised nationally and into which The Gazette fund receipts are being turned. The Jewish Defense and Relief societies apply half of their funds to relief and half to securing weapons of defense for the Russian Jews, in order that they may be prepared for future attacks. They claim to oppose revolutionary motives, but seek only to provide means for defense.

The speakers at the meeting yesterday were the Rev. S. Edward Young of the Second Presbyterian church, J. Edelson and H. Goldsmith of Carnegie. Resolutions were passed as follows:

Whereas, The barbarous atrocities and the unheard-of inhumanities perpetrated on the Hebrews in Russia have stirred every feeling heart throughout the world, more so because the perpetrators of the terrible deeds have acted through the agency of the Russian government; and,

Whereas, More massacres on the same scale are anticipated by the sufferers throughout the empire, as the "Black Hundred," working in accordance with government officials, still remain active; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That this mass meeting, called under the auspices of the Jewish Defense and Relief Association of Pittsburgh, which consists of delegates representing 42 organizations, protests against the outrageous slaughter of human beings at he hands of a beastly mob; and against the Russian government, which has fomented and incited those actions, and whose officials so shamelessly joined in the pillage and murder of the unfortunate victims; be it further

Resolved and Decided, That this organization remains permanent and active so long as repetitions of such tragedies may be feared, so that it is in the future able to extend immediate relief to the sufferers and also furnish means for them to defend themselves against further outrages; and be it still further

Resolved, That this mass meeting extends its most sincere thanks and gratitude to the people and daily press of Pittsburgh in general for their generous support and sympathy, and the Pittsburgh Gazette in particular for opening a subscription fund in the columns of that worthy paper for the relief of the sufferers in Russia.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE FUND

Yesterday $113 was added to The Gazette fund, making the total to date $1,051.25.

Subscriptions received yesterday:

ISAAC W. FRANK	$ 100 00
A. GOLDINGER, Liberty Hat Co..	10 00
J. J. ZEIGER	2 00
JAMES H. LOGAN	1 00
Total for Sunday	$ 113 00
Previously subscribed:	
K. SOLOMON & CO.	$ 250 00
MORRIS ROSENBLOOM	100 00
DIAMONDSTONE & LEHMAN	25 00
JOSEPH BENNETT	10 00
L. H. ROSENTHAL, Columbia Realty Company	10 00
HENRY JENA	10 00
CASH	7 00
D. LEVIN	6 00
DANIEL MAKRAWES	5 00
E. MARCUS	5 00
M. OSEROFF	5 00
J. BROIDA	5 00
LOUIS H. BROUDY	5 00
LEON KRIGER	5 00
E. STRASSBURGER	5 00
D. HARRIS, Coraopolis	5 00
S. MILLER & CO.	5 00
B. LEVY	3 00
RUBIN & LEBMAN	2 00
A. M. MUCHNIC	3 00
JULIUS LEVY	3 00
HARRY BREMAN	2 00
NATHAN MEULLER	1 00
H. HERERLINGER	1 00
A. E. FINK	1 00
MRS. GROSSMAN	1 00
JOHN ROSENTHAL	1 00
M. SOLIMSKY	1 00
N. SCHAPIRA	1 00
M. SCHAPIRA	1 00
A. LIPPORD	1 00
J. SUPOVITZ	1 00
S. ROMANOF	1 00
D. KATZEN	1 00
SAMUEL LAUER	1 00
ROSENTHAL & STEIN	1 00
LOUIS GALOM	1 00
I. MARCUS	1 00
N. SPECTOR	1 00
J. RICHTER	1 00
LOUIS TOBE	1 00
PHILIP SIMON	1 00
KLINE BROS.	1 00
A. SINGER	1 00
D. HORWITZ	1 00
H. ROSE	1 00
M. ROMM	1 00
B. STEIN	1 00
LEWIS FISHER	50
CAFLAN BROS	50
JACOB MARKOWITZ	50
B. COHEN	50
A. A. MILLER	50
M. POILSTEIN	50
S. LEVIN	50
I. MORRIS	50
CASH	50
CASH	50
CASH, Federal St.	50
CASH	25
CASH	25
CASH	15
CASH	10
THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE	100 00
M'CREERY & CO.	100 00
ROSENBAUM COMPANY	150 00
F. C. SMITH, Proprietor Colonial Hotel	50 00
MT. SINAI LODGE, K. of P.	25 00
ADOLPH GRABSHIED, Braddock	5 00
Total to date	$1,051 25

THIRTY-NINE PERSONS CREMATED IN GLASGOW LODGING HOUSE FIRE

Many Others Are Severely Injured by a Conflagration Which Envelopes Large Building While the Inmates Are Sleeping.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

GLASGOW, Nov. 19.—The worst fire that has occurred in Great Britain for many years broke out here today in a cheap lodging house for men in Watson street and resulted in the loss of 39 lives and the severe injury of many others.

The flames were first noticed at 6 o'clock this morning on the fourth floor of the building, which was occupied by 330 men. When the firemen arrived an extraordinary scene was being enacted by a procession of almost naked men rushing out of the entrance to the building. Against their frantic efforts to escape the firemen had actually to fight for admission.

Reaching the upper floors, the firemen found that the narrow passages were congested with men who had dropped to the floors, overcome by smoke. The fire, however, was confined to the fourth floor, and as soon as the firemen were able to get to work it was speedily extinguished. The flames had been fed by the wooden partitions, which threw off columns of smoke, resulting in the suffocation of the inmates. Many on being brought to the street rallied in a few minutes, but others had to be taken to hospitals.

The dead were most all workmen in the prime of life, their blackened faces bearing evidence of terrible struggles to escape. Many were sleeping on the attic floor above the fourth floor, and these had narrow escapes. The flames burst through the floor and it was impossible for the men to descend. The windows were securely fastened and the men had to break them so that they could climb through to neighboring roofs.

By 10 o'clock a search of the building was made and a complete list of the victims obtained, which showed that 39 were dead and 32 injured. Owing to their migratory habits and the absence of permanent homes, many of the dead will never be identified.

MORE FOSSILS FOR THE MUSEUM

Carnegie Institute Field Party Sends a Carload of Ancient Bones from Nebraska.

NEW DINOSAURS ARE FOUND

A carload of rare fossils secured in Western Nebraska by the recent Carnegie museum field expedition under Prof. O. A. Peterson, has arrived in Pittsburgh and is being rapidly transported to warehouses to await the work of the paleontologists. The collection is especially rich and its discovery will enable the new museum to have on exhibition in its hall of dinosaurs three gigantic skeletons—the diplodocus, the morosaurus and the brontosaurus, which will form the most striking display of its kind to be found in the world.

The field party has explored new fossil beds and the quarry opened last spring has yielded remains of a number of great mammals, some of which are believed to be new to science. Among them are several species of the rhinoceros. From one deposit have been taken over 75 skulls and with them material enough for the erection of skeletons of all the newly found creatures.

The members of the museum staff are working in cramped quarters while the new laboratories are being completed. Dr. W. J. Holland, director of the museum, has given a frame building in the rear of his Fifth avenue residence to the disposal of the entymologists and others are working in the temporary quarters in the Stephenson mansion in Craft avenue.

Fossil Animals to Be Reproduced.

The collections formerly on exhibition have been removed to unfinished rooms in the new building, adjoining the great hall of mammals, which is being rapidly pushed forward to completion for the exhibition of the collection of mammalia. The floor will be laid this week in the hall of dinosaurs, where it is proposed to erect several of the huge beasts. Mr. Utterback has secured portions of the skeleton of the brontosaurus, and with other portions at hand it will be possible to set up the skeleton quite as complete as that placed by Prof. H. F. Osborne in Central Park, New York. The museum also possesses almost a complete skeleton of the morosaurus.

Dr. Holland is preparing to publish an account of one of the huge carnivorous dinosaurs recently found. This animal had a skull between four and five feet in length. The jaws were armed with enormous teeth, rivaling those of the sperm whale. It was a beast that evidently had great ability, as well as great strength. A considerable portion of the skull of one skeleton has been discovered, but scarcely enough to permit a full restoration. A mammoth crocodile also is receiving the director's attention. It was probably 50 feet in length, being one of the largest beasts of its class ever unearthed.

Enough for a Large Valise.

Judging by the size of its vertebrae, the gavial must have measured six feet across the back. In prehistoric days the alligator traveling bag would have been common, and with the 6x10 crocodile, leather-covered moving vans would have been possible.

One fine room in the new museum building is to be devoted to botany and another long room will contain the herbarium, which is rapidly growing.

"The Carnegie museum is destined to become one of the great American treasure houses of knowledge," said Dr. Holland. "The institution exists for three ends: First, the preservation as records of those things which have been made subjects of scientific study and research; second, for prosecuting research; and last, for purposes of instruction. A museum which is only intended to be a place of popular amusement, with a little instruction incidentally thrown in, sooner or later becomes degraded. Mercly to entertain children and nurse maids is not the end of a museum, as all the world knows. The Carnegie museum has come to be already recognized as one of the very first and not a year passes, thanks to Mr. Carnegie's generosity, in which some important discovery is not made, especially in the domain of geology and paleontology."

WYMAN DOES NOT FAVOR DISMISSING EMPLOYES

Director McIlvain's Proposed Method of Punishment Is Not Popular in Allegheny City.

If Director McIlvain of the public works department of Allegheny has planned any extensive sacrifice of employes who did not work and vote for the Citizens ticket at the recent election, no similar course of punishment is being contemplated by other city officials. Incidentally it is reported that McIlvain has been reproved by Mayor Wyman for his display of temper and his avowal that he is going to "run home."

Director Scandrett of the public safety department said yesterday he had no intention of discharging those guilty of political heresy. Scandrett realizes that although the civil service, or merit, system prescribed by the charter act has never been enforced in Allegheny, there is a possibility that its effectiveness might be tested by some policeman or fireman who could prove he was dismissed for political reasons. Wyman has figured on this, too, and is of the opinion that wholesale discharges might start more trouble than he cares to have, considering the few months he has still to serve as the chief magistrate of Allegheny.

McIlvain seems determined to go ahead with his plans and it is likely more city employes in the public works department will get the ax this week.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, November 19.

NEW YORK—St. Paul, from Southampton and Cherbourg; Caronia, from Liverpool and Queenstown; La Touraine, from Havre.

SCILLY—Breslau, from Baltimore for Bremen.

INISHTRAHULL—Corinthian, from Montreal and Quebec for Liverpool.

GIBRALTAR—Furst Bismarck, from Genoa and Naples for New York; Lombardia, from New York for Naples and Genoa.

LIVERPOOL—Virginian, from Montreal; Etruria, from New York via Queenstown.

ROTTERDAM—Ryndam, from New York via Boulogne.

SOUTHAMPTON—St. Louis, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Sailed, November 19.

NEW YORK—Koenigin Luise, for Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa.

QUEENSTOWN—Lucania, from Liverpool for New York.

DOVER—Amerika, from Hamburg for New York via Cherbourg.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON—Ethel Barrymore in "Sunday," 8:15 p. m.

BELASCO—Mrs. Leslie Carter in "Zaza," 8 p. m.

ALVIN—Frank Deshon in "The Office Boy," 8 p. m.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Continuous vaudeville bill of 15 acts, headed by Mme. Eugenie Mantelli, soprano soloist, 1:30 to 10:45 p. m.

GAIETY—Manchester's "Vanity Fair" burlesque and vaudeville combination, 2 and 8 p. m.

WILLIAMS' ACADEMY—Battling Nelson appears with the Ray Foster Burlesquers, 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—Joseph Santley in "A Runaway Boy," 8:15 p. m.

BIJOU—"Tracked Around the World," 2 and 8 p. m.

DUQUESNE GARDEN—Roller skating sessions with music, afternoon and evening.

PITTSBURGH CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—Mme. Calve in concert program, 2:15 p. m.

Buckingham Housekeeping Apartments, 5, 6 and 7 rooms with bath, at $35.00 to $45.00 a month; steam heat, electric light, and the best of service; a la carte dining-room in connection. Craft avenue and Kennett square.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Home for the Winter.
The Buckingham Hotel and Apartments offer accommodations for individuals or families at lowest rates; 10 minutes to city hall. Craft avenue and Kennett square.

CUBA IS UNGRATEFUL TO AMERICAN NATION

Thomas J. Keenan Makes This Charge in Connection With Isle of Pines Controversy.

The charges made by Thomas J. Keenan and others of this city, who own considerable property on the Isle of Pines, a colony of Cuba, that the government of the isle is inefficient and that the conditions there border on anarchy, are denied in a lengthy statement which has been issued by the municipal council of the island. The statement admits the charge by Mr. Keenan and others that public improvements are necessary, but the excuse is made that the government has done more than the small revenues of the island warranted.

Mr. Keenan last night reiterated what he had said before, and in answer to the statement sent out by the municipal council of the island, declares the government there is composed wholly of Cuban "carpetbaggers" whom, he says, are the enemies of the Americans.

"It is a case of ingratitude on the part of the Cuban government to the Americans who fought their battles, secured them their liberty and then gave them independence," said Mr. Keenan. "The Cubans are opposed to the Americans gaining a foothold on the Isle of Pines because of its close proximity to Cuba and its strategical position. The Americans merely asked for coaling stations and the Cubans gave them two coaling stations, neither of which were the ones they asked for and for which this country is forced to pay a rental.

"The Cubans seem to be determined to drive the Americans off the island if possible. There are 1,200 Americans residing on the island and they own four-fifths of the property and pay about 75 per cent of the taxes. Although Cuba appropriated last year $2,000,000 for public works, it did not spend a dollar on the Isle of Pines and the Cuban government authorities told the American minister at Havana that not a dollar would be spent for improvements on the island."

FORTY-TON INGOT IS GIVEN HUMAN BURIAL

Two Victims Who Met Death in Molten Metal Are Buried in Their Steel Casket.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—One of the strangest funerals ever witnessed took place at the Midvale steel works at Nicetown today, when a 40-ton ingot of steel was buried.

Two Catholic priests read the solemn service for the dead, surrounded by mourners and hundreds of fellow-workmen and friends, over the ingot of steel, inclosing the bodies of John Forkin and Joseph Gazda, who were deluged with the metal while it was in a molten state a week ago last Friday. The two sisters of Gazda, Agnes and Katie, bent over the mass of steel, stretched out their hands to caress it, and bathed it in their tears.

The funeral services were performed by the Rev. William A. McLaughlin of St. Stephen's Catholic church. He was assisted by the Rev. John J. Toomey of the Church of the Holy Cross, Mt. Airy. Standing near the priests were Charles Harrah, president of the Midvale Steel Company; Axel Petre, general superintendent of the works, and other officials of the company.

BOILER AT AN OIL WELL BURSTS AND KILLS MAN

Another Caught in Shaft, Craneman Falls to Death and Fourth is Killed by Train.

P. Kichcliner was caught in the explosion of a boiler at an oil well at Enlow station, on the Montour branch of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad. Both legs were broken and he was badly scalded. The accident happened on Friday and Kichcliner died on Saturday night at his home near the scene of the accident. He was 36 years old and married.

Michael Picucco, aged 19, died at 10 a. m. at Mercy hospital of injuries received while at work in the Glenwood shops of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. Picucco was putting a belt on a rapidly turning pulley, when a bolt caught him and he was whirled around a shaft. His skull was fractured and both arms and legs were broken.

Mark Kelly of 2819 Edwards alley was killed at the Jones & Laughlin bloom mill at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. He was a craneman and while at work on the electric carriage fell to the floor, striking on his head and fracturing his skull. His death occurred instantly. He was 24 years old.

Harry Humphries, aged 45, and married, of Rebecca and Thirteenth streets, Braddock, who was employed as a brass finisher, was struck by a train and instantly killed early in the morning in the Bessemer yards of the Pennsylvania railroad.

Edward Jones, aged 68, a watchman at the Demmler Tin Plate mill in McKeesport, dropped dead near the mill. He had gone to the mill to deliver a message for one of the employes.

Thomas Motolik, aged 38, a grocer at 5 Irvine street, was found dead in bed at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. He had been in bad health.

George Hawksworth, aged 62, of 5876 Ellsworth avenue, employed as foreman in the Pennsylvania railroad shops at Twenty-eighth street, died at 5:40 p. m., from an attack of cardiac apoplexy.

MANY PERSONS KILLED IN ANTI-JEWISH RIOTS

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Bucharest correspondent of the Daily Chronicle states that today anti-Jewish riots took place in Kishineff resulting in pillage and arson and that many persons were killed.

Takes Fit in a Street Car.

Considerable excitement was created in a crowded Penn avenue car at Fourteenth street last evening, when George Llewellyn of Thirty-eighth street fell in a fit. Llewellyn was carried into a drug store. A short time later he was able to go home. Several of the women in the car were badly frightened.

Big Fire in Kentucky.

SARGENT, KY., Nov. 19.—Estillville, Va., was swept by fire today. The Myrtle hotel, the Addington house, a number of drygoods stores and several houses were burned. The loss is $75,000. The fire originated in the Myrtle hotel.

MME. CALVE DISCOVERS ANOTHER ENGLISH WORD

Charming Prima Donna Increases Her Limited Anglo-Saxon Vocabulary in the Superlative Praise of Pittsburgh Audiences.

Mme. Emma Calve came to Pittsburgh last night and added another word to her limited vocabulary of the king's English. It happened that it was a slang expression, but the prima donna was no less happy in her accomplishment.

Mme. Calve is a patriotic French woman and notwithstanding her frequent long journeys in America, she has learned very little English. She is always glad to see newspaper men, but unless they can use French she must call in her English maid to act as interpreter. Up until yesterday Mme. Calve's Anglo-Saxon words were these: "Good morning! Oh, very well! I thank you! Goodby!" She used these words while talking to a reporter for The Gazette at the Hotel Schenley last night, but the rest of the conversation, which was delightfully animated, was carried on in French. She told of her work, asked about the latest news from Russia, and then was asked how she liked Pittsburgh audiences. It seemed to her that she must use an English adjective for this and after hesitating a moment, she gleefully exclaimed:

"Great! Great!"

And the secret might as well be told. She picked the word up from the elevator boy's talk and had asked her maid the meaning of "great."

"It indicates that something could not be better," explained the young woman in French.

"Oh, very well," said the singer, and she repeated the new word several times and gave it all the necessary emphasis.

Mme. Calve is an interesting woman and has a charming personality. She declared that she always is delighted to greet Pittsburgh audiences and said a little coyishly that next year she might have a surprise for them. This is the first time that she has been heard here in concert work, and it will be the last for some time. Mme. Calve is writing an opera and will produce it next year. She has the work on the libretto almost finished, and a Frenchman is the composer.

She was asked about the arrangement, but struck her Carmen pose and smiled with a double shake of the head. No, she could not tell the whole story, but she would say that in all her previous successes in opera she must make her exit by dying. No more of this! No, no, no! The prima donna will do the killing—if any is done—in Mme. Calve's opera. She said she preferred to produce her new work in this country.

Mme. Calve seems more vivacious than when last in Pittsburgh. Concert work, she says, agrees with her, except that it is a struggle sometimes dancing and cutting up those capers on the stage, which long have distinguished her. This afternoon she will hold an informal reception in order to meet her old friends here.

WILL MAKE APPEAL FOR BALLOT REFORM

Philadelphia Committee to Wait Upon Governor Pennypacker Today.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Formal application is to be made to Gov. Pennypacker today to take action that will enable the extra session of the legislature to deal with the subject of ballot reform. The governor will be asked to issue a supplement to his proclamation covering this question. All the leading political parties will unite in making this request of Gov. Pennypacker. The governor has already expressed himself as being far from satisfied with the working of the present ballot law, but he has said that he fears a change would tend to create further confusion in regard to the ballot.

The project to appeal to the governor for a supplementary proclamation was formed in this city and the men who will go to Harrisburg tomorrow to lay the matter before the executive are all Philadelphians active in the councils of their various parties. A committee of four has the subject in charge. It includes Thomas Raeburn White of the Committee of Seventy; Francis Fisher Kane, Democrat, and Alexander Simpson, Jr., and J. Hampton Moore, both leading Republicans. Each of the four is an authority on the ballot laws of the state, and they are a unit in favor of an immediate and sweeping change in the political legislation on the subject.

If the governor grants the request for a supplemental proclamation, it is probable that the members of the committee will join in drafting a ballot reform law, and that this will be presented to the legislature for approval immediately after it convenes on January 15. Gov. Pennypacker will be consulted in regard to his views on the subject and there will be a number of meetings of the committee in this city, with additional conference in Harrisburg.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS AND WORKERS TO MEET

President Faulkner Calls for Conference at Buffalo to Arrange Higher Prices.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 19.—A stiffening of the window glass market and a higher price for window glass will be the purpose of a meeting of independent glass manufacturers and a committee representing the Amalgamated Window Glass Workers of America to be held at Buffalo next Thursday. President A. L. Faulkner of the Amalgamated Window Glass Workers of America has sent a notice to the independent manufacturers who have signed the Amalgamated scale, requesting them to send a representative to the conference.

"Manufacturers are badly demoralized and have asked for the assistance of the Amalgamated association in preventing senseless cutting of prices," Mr. Faulkner said today. "I have called a conference at Buffalo for the purpose of effecting, if possible, a manufacturers' organization, but in any event to formulate a plan to stiffen prices and prevent the necessity of a revision of our wage scale and a consequent reduction in wages."

It is stated the committee which will represent the workers will consist of President Faulkner, Secretary Tarr and W. A. Garrigan, chairman of the wage committee. It was stated that the committee representing the workers is not empowered to consider any revision of the wage scale.

KING ALFONSO TO WED AN ENGLISH PRINCESS

MADRID, Nov. 19.—The Correspondencia asserts that King Alfonso will be married to Princess Ena of Battenberg in May, 1906. Princess Ena of Battenberg is the only daughter of the widow of Prince Henry of Battenberg, who is the youngest sister of King Edward.

War Veterans to Hold Campfire.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Nov. 19.—Grand Army veterans will hold a beanbake and campfire here tomorrow night under the auspices of New Castle post No. 100. Members of the Union Veteran Legion, Sons of Veterans and Spanish-American War Veterans will be guests. Addresses will be made by Col. O. L. Jackson, Capt. William H. McCandless and others.

Sets Date for Cowan Will Contest.

GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The hearing of the contest of the will of the late Dr. Frank Cowan of Mt. Odin has been set for Monday, December 18, by Judge John B. Steel of the orphans' court. The will is being contested by Mrs. Lucy Lowry of Chicago, Cowan's only child. It is alleged that the testator was not of sound mind at the time of writing the will.

JOHN FLETCHER'S GOOD LUCK TWICE SNATCHES HIM FROM JAWS OF DEATH

Bibulous persons in the Woods Run district of Allegheny are trying to discover where John Fletcher buys his drinks. The stuff he imbibes is said to bring luck and Fletcher gave a practical demonstration of the report yesterday morning. After taking on a good cargo of the liquid he started out to enjoy the brisk air and the scenery about Jacks Run. He left his home at 555 California avenue about 11 o'clock and half an hour later was standing at the top of the picturesque precipice that overlooks the Ohio river, where the Jacks Run creek empties into the bigger stream.

Sixty feet below him the trains of the Ft. Wayne railroad were breaking the Sabbath quiet. John lost his balance and plunged headlong over the cliff. About 15 feet above the tracks he came in contact with a jutting rock and, bounding from it, dropped prone between the tracks. A shifting engine managed to stop just a few feet away or John's bulsh would have been certain. The crew picked him up and made a fast run to the McClure avenue station. An ambulance took the man to St. John's General hospital, where last evening the physicians said he was still very much intoxicated, but suffered only a slight abrasion of the skin of his forehead. He will be able to go to work today.

BARTENDERS GO HOME IN WHITE UNIFORMS

Two Allegheny Men Are Charged With Stealing Clothes from Drink Mixers.

Magistrate Abernathey, at the North Side Central station, had a rather quiet Sunday morning with his early hearings. But few cases appeared on the docket, and most of those were simply drunks and disorderlies. Nearly all were discharged with a reprimand.

Edward Oliff and James Bulger were arrested early yesterday morning by Policeman Stemmler in Robinson street. The specific charge was the theft of some clothes from John Schmitt's saloon, Federal and Penn streets. It is said two of Schmitt's bartenders had to go home Saturday night with their overcoats above the white uniforms they wear while behind the bar. The two were held to await a hearing.

John Mitchell and J. P. Revelle were arrested by Policeman Stemmler in the First ward late Saturday night, on the complaint of several women. They allege the men have been stealing from them. Both were sent to jail for 30 days.

TRACK WALKER MEETS FATE OF PREDECESSOR

Raphael Maylies Is Believed to Have Been Murdered by "Black Hand" Society.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

BRISTOL, PA., Nov. 19.—Raphael Maylies, night track patrolman in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was found dead along the tracks, near Penn Valley, five miles above here, early this morning, his breast riddled with buckshot and a portion of the stomach torn away. The indications are that he was murdered by members of the "Black Hand" society.

Early last evening Maylies was seen talking with two strange Italians. As it was a few days after payday and Maylies was known to carry a leather money belt around his body, it is believed the strangers wanted money and when their demands were refused they waylaid and murdered him. The money belt is missing.

Maylies had been track-walker but a few weeks and took the place of Tony Benton, whose body was found at Penn Valley shortly after receiving his pay last month.

Dr. H. O. Sampsel Is Fined $50.

GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Dr. H. O. Sampsel of Scottdale, convicted in the quarter sessions court for practicing without a medical license, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs. The charge was preferred by Dr. J. H. McKee, president of the Scottdale Medical society, who alleged that Sampsel had treated a man with an injured foot, accepting a fee of $10. Sampsel was unable to pay and went to jail.

Aged Woman Is Missing.

The police at No. 10 police station were notified yesterday that Mrs. Wilson, aged 75, who lives in a room at 5730 Gloster street, was dead, and that the door was locked on the inside. Policeman Meeltzer and Joseph Smith, who owns the house, forced the door open and found the room vacant. The old woman lived alone in the room and no one seems to know anything of her whereabouts.

Demented Man Is Arrested.

Thomas Smith of Allegheny was last night locked up in the North Side Central station. The man is demented and was standing in Taggart street addressing a large crowd that had assembled about him. He thinks there is a conspiracy on foot to annihilate him and all his relations. He was telling the crowd about it when he was arrested.

Alleged Speakeasies Are Raided.

Two alleged disorderly houses were raided yesterday in Hazelwood. At 11 a. m. Capt. Callan and Lieut. Mellett, with a squad, raided the house of Martin Coyne, 51 Alexis street, and arrested Coyne and five visitors. Two hours later the same officers went to the home of Jerry Marrone, 6508 Second avenue, securing Marrone and nine visitors. A wagonload of beer and whisky was hauled to No. 19 police station.

Raise $300 for Russian Jews.

GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the B'nai Israel synagogue this afternoon over $300 was subscribed for the suffering Jews of Russia. Addresses were made by Rabbi A. M. Ashinsky and A. E. Stein of Pittsburgh.

Three Hurt by Scaffold Falling.

KENT, O., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The falling of a ladder scaffold at the Erie railroad paint shop today resulted in severe injuries to three men. Frank Hardin has serious internal and body wounds. George Brothers has his back injured and Henry Herwig's face and nose were cut.

Hold District Conference.

The district conference of the Free Methodist church was held yesterday at Tarentum. The Rev. Albert Wilson was in charge. There was a love feast at 9 o'clock in the morning, preaching at 11 and services in the afternoon and evening. Ministers of the denomination were present from Apollo, Butler, Mars, Vandergrift, Hite and Leechburg.

Bananas Become Expensive.

Patrick Murray of South Nineteenth street purchased some bananas at the stand of Samuel Spigota, 1321 Carson street, and becoming incensed at something started to create a disturbance and called the proprietor bad names. He was arrested and at the hearing yesterday morning he was fined $50 and costs or 90 days to the workhouse.

Says Opponent Drew Knife.

Melish Kosanovitch of 5705 Carey alley and Sam Miscovich of 2612 Sarah street, were arrested last night on a charge of disorderly conduct. The men are alleged to have been engaged in a fistic battle, the end of which was that Kosanovitch drew a knife on Miscovich, so the latter averred.

BOLE SAYS TAX LEVY IS TO STAY AT 13 MILLS

Bond Issue for Water Extensions Will Follow the February Election.

Daniel J. Bole, chairman of the finance committee of the city councils, announces that the administration will endeavor to keep the tax levy for Pittsburgh for 1906 down to 13 mills, which is the amount of the levy for this year.

Regardless of the necessities and the general demand throughout the city for the extension of water service, the administration aims to keep down the millage to the present figure because of the effect upon the coming election for mayor and councilmen in February.

Chairman Bole has been consulting Director Bigelow, whose will will be law with the committee, and the chairman said last night an effort would be made to have the tax and appropriation bills passed before the February election, an announcement which has been made regularly each year by the present administration, but a promise which has never been kept.

Mr. Bole said the finance committee would have a meeting this week or next to appoint a sub-committee to handle the appropriations and tax levy bills. This sub-committee will be picked by Director Bigelow as was done last year. Councilman C. W. Helmold was chairman of the sub-committee last year and it met in secret session.

It is the intention of the administration to put all items for a general extension of the water system in the East End wards, Sixteenth ward, Oakland and Hazelwood, into a bond issue, the details of which will be made public after the election. Supt. Shepherd of the water bureau estimates that the cost of water extensions required would aggregate close to $1,000,000. The Twentieth ward alone requires about $250,000 and the Twenty-third ward the same amount for a new 36-inch service main cut Second avenue from the downtown section.

PRINCE LOUIS STARTS FOR GIBRALTAR TODAY

Officers of Squadron Deny Sailors Deserted Ships and Say All Will Be on Hand.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Prince Louis of Battenberg's visit to New York will come to an end tomorrow morning. It was originally intended that the British squadron should start today on its voyage to Gibraltar, but the time was extended owing to delay in coaling the ships.

It was announced today on board the flagship Drake that the squadron lying in the North river would get under way at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning and would drop down stream to a point opposite the Cunard pier, when the Drake having taken the admiral aboard at the last moment, would join her consorts and lead the squadron down the bay and out to sea.

Officers of the squadron today denied that wholesale desertions had occurred from all the ships, and said that tomorrow they expected that every ship would carry away its full complement, with the exception of such few stragglers as are always missing after a visit to a foreign port.

REVIVES FROM LONG STUPOR.

Young Woman Is Rapidly Recovering After Eight Months' Trance at Syracuse, New York.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—After eight months in a semi-stupor, Miss Florence Ryan has come back to the world to which she bade farewell last March, when murmuring "I am so tired, so tired."

There was no apparent injury except some scratches on the body. Members of her family have watched at the bedside night and day ever since, and late yesterday, while her sister was sitting at the bedside, she heard the voice of Florence say: "Is that a newspaper you are reading? Read me a little of the news, won't you?" She is now well on the road to recovery.

TWO KILLED IN WRECK.

Freight Trains Collide Near Warren, Ohio—Dispatcher Tries to Arouse Farmers by Telephone.

WARREN, O., Nov. 19.—Two heavy freight trains on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad collided near here this morning. Fireman Robert Cook and Brakeman Edward Harrison were killed, and Engineer Edward Murphy was badly injured. Their homes are in Painesville.

The train dispatcher at Warren Junction, realizing that a wreck was imminent, tried to arouse farmers by telephone along the road to have them flag either train, but was unsuccessful in doing so. The westbound train saw the eastbound train approaching, stopped and treid to back up, but did not have time to, and the collision followed.

Delivers Sermon to Elks.

Etna lodge No. 952, Benevolent and Protective Order Elks, attended the Trinity Protestant Episcopal mission, Sixth street, Sharpsburg, last night, where a special sermon was preached by the Rev. Homer A. Flint, archdeacon of the Episcopal church. The Rev. Mr. Flint dwelt upon the benefits derived from such a brotherhood as the Elks, and his sermon was in the nature of a preparatory address to the annual memorial service for the deceased members of the lodge, which will be held on December 3.

Bloodhounds to Catch Footpads.

GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Michael Nicholas of Ambrust is dying at the Westmoreland hospital as the result of injuries received at the hands of negro highwaymen. Last night while on his way home he was held up and robbed. In his efforts to fight off the thugs he was stabbed four times. One knife thrust punctured a lung. A mass meeting was held at Ambrust today at which it was decided to buy a pack of bloodhounds to round up the gang.

Prize Winners at Eisteddfod.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The prizes in the eisteddfod, held in the Emmanuel Baptist temple, under the direction of the Cambro-Americans of this place, were awarded last midnight. The principal prize winners were: Mixed chorus for 40 voices, choir of Emmanuel Baptist church; solo, open for tenor, baritone and bass voices, Samuel Lewis of this city, tenor; tenor solo, David Parsons of New Castle; baritone solo, R. E. Johns of New Castle.

Mt. St. Mary's 100 Years Old.

EMMITSBURG, MD., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The centennial anniversary of Mt. St. Mary's church was celebrated today, the Rt. Rev. Edward P. Allen, bishop of Mobile, Ala., celebrating pontifical mass. Cardinal Gibbons was present and read cabled greetings from Pope Pius X., and gave the pontifical blessing.

Engagement Is Announced.

SHARON, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The engagement of Miss Margaret Davis and Harry C. Hyde was announced yesterday and the marriage will take place at the home of the bride on Tuesday, December 14. Miss Davis has been a teacher in the Sharon public schools for several years.

No Football on the Street.

For playing football with other boys on the street and annoying residents in the neighborhood of South Twenty-fifth and Jane streets, Conrad Morris, aged 11, of 147 South Twenty-fourth street, was arrested last night.

LOSE FIGHT FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY

Conservative Leaders Win Victory in Workmen's Council at St. Petersburg.

IN FEAR OF A HARD WINTER

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 20.—The conservative leaders in the council of workmen are again victorious. At 1:05 o'clock this morning they carried a resolution against any attempt to introduce a movement for an eight-hour day.

After the severe reverse which they suffered early yesterday morning, when at the end of a seven-hour debate the council of workmen decided to abandon the industrial strike, the leaders of the extremist Socialist factions of the St. Petersburg workmen again engaged in a hard and losing fight in defense of a resolution for an eight-hour day, which was the slogan of last week's strike, but which was abandoned at the last moment in favor of an appeal for the lives of the mutineers at Cronstadt and the liberty of Poland.

When the council convened last night a Socialist report introduced an amendment to the resolution calling off the strike, providing that the men in returning to work should hereafter labor only eight hours, laying down their tools at 4 o'clock in the afternoon instead of 9 o'clock, while insisting on the same rate of pay.

Encouraged by their earlier victory, the conservative leaders at once opened a vigorous opposition to the resolution, pointing out the determination of the employers to regard any attempt to obtain shorter hours by revolutionary means as the signal for a lockout of the great mass of the workmen of St. Petersburg, and that they were in no position to enter on a prolonged combat of endurance at the very outset of a long cold winter.

A number of orators even questioned the wisdom of an eight-hour day itself, declaring that Russia at present was not ripe for it, while others who are in sympathy with the movement for a shorter day declared that it would not be wise to fritter away their strength at this time when a great and decisive combat in January was imminent.

BUTLER IS SHAKEN BY TERRIFIC EXPLOSION

Nitroglycerine Lets Go, Smashing Windows in Courthouse and Many Buildings.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BUTLER, PA., Nov. 19.—An explosion at the magazine of the Butler Torpedo Company this afternoon caused a panic in this town. Buildings were shaken and hundreds of windows were broken, while many people ran into the streets through fear of their homes collapsing.

The magazine was in the woods on the W. McC. Sullivan farm, one mile east of Butler, and is said to have contained 120 quarts of nitroglycerine, valued at $2,000.

Thousands of persons hastened to the scene, but a great hole in the ground and tree trunks broken and twisted was the only evidence of the explosion. The explosion is supposed to have been the result of a fire in the magazine caused by a lighted gas jet. Over $1,000 worth of glass was broken in Butler.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS MUTINY.

Officers Appeal to Chinese Government for Troops to Quell Revolt on Ships.

NAGASAKI, Nov. 19.—Five hundred Russian soldiers who were taken prisoners by the Japanese during the late war and who are bound for Vladivostok on board the Russian volunteer fleet steamers Vladimir and Boroneji, have shown signs of mutiny.

The Russian officers applied to the Chinese government for troops and police officers and 100 constables boarded the Boroneji. Four Japanese torpedo boat destroyers surround the two vessels. Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky is on board the Boroneji.

Runaway Causes Woman's Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Mrs. John C. Roberts, widely known in suburban society, died in a hospital tonight of a fractured skull received in a runaway accident last Sunday night. With Mrs. Mary Hallowell, a neighbor, Mrs. Roberts was driving when their horse frightened at a barking dog and the carriage was upset.

Take Arsenal from Negro.

Asbury Stokes, a negro, arrested Saturday night for stabbing Boots McDermott, was before Magistrate Moke yesterday morning. McDermott was able to be present as a witness and the police had a revolver, a knife and two razors that had been taken from Stokes at different times. He was fined $5.

Brewer Commits Suicide.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 19.—Robert H. Grauphner, proprietor of the Grauphner brewery in this city, committed suicide today by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. Bad health is believed to be the motive for taking his life.

Minot J. Wilcox Is Dead.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 19.—Minot J. Wilcox, a pioneer ship builder, capitalist and leading citizens, died at his home here today of Bright's disease. He was 76 years old.

THE MOST REMARKABLE
TALKING MACHINE
EVER CONSTRUCTED
—ONLY—
$5.50

Something entirely new. Just out!

Also the world-famous

Edison Phonographs and Victor Talking Machines

Over 15,000 RECORDS. Positively the largest stock in the city. Wholesale and retail.

KLEBER
64 Years in Pittsburgh.
221-223 Fifth Avenue.
PIANO MANUFACTURERS.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

The Height of Fur Quality

The Bennett exposition of Furs is all-comprehensive. There is nothing in Furs of quality that it cannot supply.

Russian Sable Sets,
$900.00 Upward.

Hudson Bay Sable Sets,
$150.00 Upward.

Chinchilla Sets,
$100.00 Upward.

Selection from sets which we have already made up, or from the skins to be made to your order.

J. G. BENNETT & CO.
New Stores
Wood Street and Fifth Avenue.

E. P. Roberts & Sons,
Leading Jewelers.

Solitaire and Combination
Precious Stone Rings
in
Diamonds,
Rubies,
Emeralds,
Pearls,
Sapphires & Turquoise

A most superb collection of single stone or group Rings. New French designs in Platinum mountings.

The Holiday charm attaches to fine jewels as Xmas draws near, and our Diamond Department becomes very interesting.

The time is opportune to inspect and select.

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS
225 Fifth Avenue.

ON GRIDIRON
or in business, the best-conditioned and most aggressive team or firm usually wins. Equip yourself for business struggles by opening an account with this strong and conservatively aggressive bank.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.
CAPITAL & SURPLUS $4,000,000
511 FOURTH AVE.

If you are in the habit of smoking while dressing, you will appreciate the
Cluett
COAT SHIRT
"On and off like a Coat."
No tugging and pulling over the head; no breaking of bosom. $1.50 and up at the best stores. White and fancy fabrics.
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., Troy, N. Y.
Largest makers of Shirts and Collars in the world.

ELMER PHILLIPS FINDS A DEFECT

Lawrence Senator Points Out a Weak Spot in the Tredway-Adams Apportionment.

LACKAWANNA IS THE LOSER

Senator Elmer I. Phillips of New Castle has found a defect in the senatorial apportionment draft made by W. T. Tredway and James L. Adams. He is the chairman of the legislative apportionment committee of the senate.

Tredway and Adams give Lackawanna county two senators. It has a population of 193,831. Senator Phillips says this would be in conflict with the constitutional provision, which reads: "Each county containing one or more ratios of population shall be entitled to one senator for each ratio and to an additional senator for a surplus population exceeding three-fifths of a ratio." A ratio is 126,042, and three-fifths of a ratio is 75,624. Senator Phillips says Lackawanna would have to show a population of more than 201,666 to secure the two senators. It falls 7,836 below the requisite population.

If Senator Phillips' contention is correct Lackawanna will have to be satisfied with one senator. It will be necessary to find a senator in some other part of the state. Opportunity is afforded in Delaware and Chester counties. The Tredway-Adams plan puts them in one district. They can be made separate districts under this provision of the constitution:

Each Entitled to a Senator.

"No county shall form a separate district unless it shall contain four-fifths of a ratio, except where the adjoining counties are each entitled to one or more senators, when such county may be assigned a senator on less than four-fifths and exceeding one-half of a ratio." Four-fifths of a ratio is 100,832 and one-half of a ratio is 63,021. Delaware has a population of 94,762, and Chester of 95,695. The adjoining counties are Philadelphia, Montgomery, Berks and Lancaster and they are all entitled to one or more senators. At present Delaware and Chester form separate districts.

The constitution is not altogether clear on the proposition of joining one or more counties and giving them a senator, even though they do not possess four-fifths of a ratio. If this is forbidden, then there is some question about the constitutionality of the proposed Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth, Thirty-sixth and Thirty-eighth districts.

In the Tredway-Adams draft printed in The Gazette yesterday, there were some errors. The plan is printed in corrected form as follows:

Tredway-Adams Plan.

Dist. No.	County.	Pop.	Dist. Pop.
1- 2	—Philadelphia	1,293,697	
	3—Delaware	94,762	
	Chester	95,695	
			190,457
10	—Mongomery	138,995	
11	—Lehigh	83,893	
	Bucks	71,190	
			165,083
12	—Berks	159,615	
13	—Lancaster	159,615	
14	—York	116,413	
15	—Dauphin	114,443	
	Lebanon	53,827	
			168,270
16	—Schuylkill	172,227	
17	—Northampton	99,687	
	Carbon	44,510	
			144,197
18	—Monroe	21,161	
	Pike	8,786	
	Wayne	30,171	
	Susquehanna	40,043	
			100,141
19-20	—Lackawanna	193,831	
21-22	—Luzerne	257,121	
23	—Bradford	59,403	
	Sullivan	12,134	
	Wyoming	17,152	
			88,689
24	—Lycoming	75,663	
	Montour	15,526	
			91,189
25	—Columbia	89,996	
	Northumberland	90,911	
			180,907
26	—Potter	30,821	
	Tioga	49,086	
			79,707
27	—Union	17,592	
	Snyder	17,304	
	Mifflin	23,180	
	Juniata	16,054	
			74,110
28	—Perry	26,283	
	Cumberland	50,344	
			76,607
29	—Adams	34,496	
	Franklin	64,902	
	Fulton	9,924	
			99,322
30	—Clinton	29,197	
	Center	42,884	
			72,031
31	—Blair	86,069	
	Huntingdon	34,659	
			119,749
32	—Cambria	101,937	
33	—Clearfield	80,614	
	Cameron	7,048	
			87,662
34	—Forest	17,038	
	Elk	32,903	
	McKean	51,343	
			95,285
35	—Clarion	34,253	
	Jefferson	59,113	
			93,366
36	—Armstrong	57 581	
	Indiana	42,556	
			95,107
37	—Westmoreland	130,975	
38	—Somerset	49,461	
	Bedford	39,468	
			88,929
39	—Fayette	110,412	
40	—Washington	92,181	
	Greene	28,281	
			120,462
41-42	—Allegheny	775,058	
47	—Beaver	55,432	
	Lawrence	57,042	
			112,474
48	—Butler	56,962	
	Mercer	57,387	
			114,349
49	—Crawford	68 643	
	Venango	49,648	
			118,291
50	—Erie	98,473	
	Warren	38,946	
			137,419

MODERN METHOD OF DRESS.

Very Popular With Men Because of Its Convenience, Quality and Style.

It is interesting to observe the class of men who are crowding the shops this fall to buy ready-to-wear clothing—men who formerly believed that they could be well-dressed only by the merchant tailor.

This conversion of the particular class to the ready-to-wear idea may be credited to several far-sighted men, notably Nathan Stein of Rochester, the founder of the Stein-Bloch Company.

Fifty years ago Mr. Stein, himself a custom tailor, began applying the principles which made his work so popular with a few men, to the individual tailoring of clothing on a large scale. Today, Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are sold everywhere, and worn by thousands whom their merits have won from the troubles of tailordom.

From the beginning the fundamental Stein-Bloch principle has been first, that every garment, no matter what its price, must be absolutely all woolen, and so guaranteed by the Wool Test and the Stein-Bloch label; second, that every suit and overcoat must be tailored individually by the finest custom skill.

The wearer, also, must be satisfied that the style and cut he purchases are no whit behind the cream of New York's best workmanship. Then, too, the tailoring must be equal in every particular—lining, seam, buttonhole—to the highest customer's standard.

When you meet an acquaintance with a suit having a fifty-dollar look, which really cost but half that, it is more than probable that it bears the Stein-Bloch label under its collar.

Buckingham Family Hotel,

Craft avenue and Kennett square, 10 minutes' ride from city hall. The comforts of home life combined with the advantages of the best hotel service at reasonable rates.

If You Want Realty

Consult the real estate page of today's Gazette.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

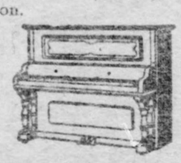
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CALVE TONIGHT

This evening the famous Metropolitan Opera Favorite appears in concert at Carnegie Music Hall.

SALE CONTINUED

WHILE the sale of used pianos progressed vigorously throughout last week, the interest of the piano buying public in the celebrated Angelus and Playanola self-playing pianos increased if anything, with the result that several excellent upright pianos of good make—some used but little—were taken in exchange for these splendid self-playing instruments, and are now added to our lists for the continuance of the sale this week. The best examples of this trading of good pianos that are not easily played for pianos that anybody can play, are shown in such pianos as the handsome mahogany **Haines Bros.**, now offered at $250, or the **Decker Bros.** —large size—at $200.00, and others as well known which are in fine condition.



Used Uprights

Among the instruments still on sale are the following

Chickering	$ 68.00
Plymouth	$125.00
Howard	$145.00
Hamilton	$150.00
Stults & Bauer	$160.00
Emerson	$165.00
Smith & Barnes	$225.00
Hamil-Tone	$255.00
Schumann	$260.00
Becker Bros.	$260.00
Kranich & Bach	$265.00
Braumuller	$275.00
Kurtzmann	$300.00
Fischer	$310.00
Vose	$330.00
A. B. Chase	$425.00

In Used Grand Pianos

There are a mahogany **Sohmer** baby grand, used less than 30 days, at $440.00; a **Vose** miniature grand at $495.00; a **Fischer** miniature grand at $510.00, and an **A. B. Chase** baby grand at $675.00.

Used Piano Players

An Amphion, a Kimball, two Pianolas, two Angelus at $45, $80, $90, $115, $125 and up.

MONTHLY PAYMENTS on new Pianos as low as $7.50 per month.

SPECIAL NOTICE— To those who were disappointed last week, we wish to announce that a small shipment of **Angelus Pianos** will reach our salesrooms tomorrow, Tuesday. As the demand largely exceeds the supply, we need not urge the necessity of immediate calls upon those desirous of securing an **ANGELUS PIANO** for Christmas.

Other makes of pianos received as part payment for Angelus or Playanola pianos. Address all communications to

The S. HAMILTON CO.

Hamilton Hall Pittsburg **531-533 Wood St.**

Mason & Hamlin, A. B. Chase, Fischer, Vose, Hamil-Tone, Schumann and Conservatory Pianos, and

THE HOME OF THE ANGELUS

Caution

For the protection of the public, we desire to direct the particular attention of all purchasers of Boys' and Young Men's Clothing to the label reproduced below.

"Sampeck"

REGISTERED, 1900.

Mr.....

Date.....

This is the label in the Best Boys' and Young Men's Clothing made, and guarantees the accumulated experience of a quarter of a century concentrated on the style and fit of the garment bearing it.

Do not accept any suit or overcoat unless you find the above label in the inner breast pocket of the coat. It is placed there for your protection, and is a guarantee of satisfaction.

Insist Upon the "Sampeck" Label

SAMUEL W. PECK & CO., Makers,
806-808 Broadway, New York.

FIVE Of the Best Stories of the Season, $1.08 Each

Regular $1.50 editions—Stories that are full of modern push and interest.

Ben Blair—Will Lillibridge.
A Sword of the Old Frontier—Randall Parrish.
Fair Margaret—F. Marion Crawford.
Yolanda—Chas. Major.
Sons O' Men—G. B. Lancaster.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
429-431 Wood St.

HOTEL AND RESORT INFORMATION.

The Gazette will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning hotels and resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Pittsburgh, rates and transportation will be furnished on request.

Inquiries should be made by mail, stating resort about which information is desired. Address

Gazette's Hotel and Resort Information Bureau.

ATLANTIC CITY.

GALEN HALL HOTEL AND SANITORIUM

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Our elegant new brick building is now complete. No more luxurious accommodations on the coast. With half an acre of curative baths, and a swimming pool. Booklet. F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

Eagles Mere Inn—Massachusetts and Pacific aves. Special winter rates. E. von Ingham.

MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

MT. CLEMENS

FAMOUS MINERAL SPRINGS

FOR RHEUMATISM AND ALL BLOOD DISEASES.

These waters are unrivaled in the world. Delightfully located 20 miles from Detroit. Illustrated booklet on Mt. Clemens free. Address C. B. EASTMAN, Chamber of Commerce, MT. CLEMENS, MICH.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg-American.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Hamburg.

†Pennsylvania...Dec. 2|*Bluecher.....Dec. 30
†Amerika.....Dec. 9|Waldersee.....Jan. 6
†Patricia.....Dec. 16|†Pennsylvania...Jan. 13
†Pretoria.....Dec. 23|†Amerika.....Jan. 20

S. S. Amerika, Luxurious and Most Modern of Leviathans.

*Grill Room & Gymnasium. †Elevator & a la Carte Restaurant. †Calling at Dover for London and Paris.

Mediterranean Service

TO GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.

Prinz Oskar...Nov. 28, 11 A. M.; Jan. 12 Mar. 7
*F. Bismarck.....Dec. 5, noon
Prinz Adalbert.Dec. 19, 11 A. M.; Feb. 2, Mar. 22
†Deutschland.....Feb. 6, 10 A. M.
*Hamburg, Jan. 6, 2:30 p. m.; Feb. 17, Mar. 31
*Cretic (Chart'd from White Star Line) Feb. 27

Rates 1st Class: $70, $85, $118.00 upward, according to steamer selected.

*Call at Gibraltar. †Grill Room.

S. S. Moltke to Madeira, Cadiz, Gibraltar, Malaga, Algiers and Genoa Jan. 30, 1906.

S. S. Deutschland to Italy.
IN LESS THAN 8 DAYS.

S. S. Hamburg and Furst Bismarck are new vessels of the most modern type and of about 10,000 tons.

Hamburg-American Line, 37 B'way, N. Y. J. F. McCormick, 506 Smithfield St. First National Bank, Fifth Ave. and Wood St. Or any Local Agent.

Winter Cruises

To Madeira, the Mediterranean & ORIENT

A 76-day cruise by the S. S. Moltke, $400.00 and up, leaving New York, January 30, 1906.

Three West Indies Cruises during January, February and March by the S. S. Princessin Victoria Luise.

From $125.00 and upward

Short, attractive cruises in the Mediterranean and Adriatic Seas.

Send for illustrated booklet, rates, etc.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 35-37 B'way, N.Y.

For local agent see other advertisement.

WEST INDIES

Hamburg American Line Twinscrew Steamer

"PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE"

Cruises

January 15th, February 6th, March 8th.

First National Bank,
253 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Monday, Nov. 20, '05. *Weather—Fair.* Penn Ave. and Fifth St.

A $5.00 Proposition in Gift Umbrellas

Something That Should Interest Firms Who Give Their Employees Umbrellas at Christmas.

IT was our great privilege to receive from a leading manufacturer of fine umbrellas, on a return trip from the West, a proposal that we take his entire sample line for a certain figure.

We did so, or rather we selected the best specimens, paying particular attention to the handles, choosing those that would make the very nicest presents.

We are going to offer these umbrellas today, and while the line lasts, for the round price of $5.00.

Many of the styles that we offer are duplicated in our regular stock and the prices on some are $8.00 and on others $10.00.

Again we say, choice will be $5.00.

All umbrellas are mounted on best quality heavy all pure silk taffeta with tape edge, accompanied with silk case and large silk tassel.

There are styles both for men and for women.

The men's umbrellas have handles of old ivory with heavy sterling caps and bands, some heavily chased, others of plain silver, coffee color, brown and solid black staghorn, 14-karat gold or sterling silver trimming; imported cape horn, with silver bands; finest imported box and furze handles with heavily chased silver trimming.

The umbrellas for women have handles of gun-metal with filigree silver covering entire handle; 14-karat gold, gun-metal and gold, old ivory and sterling long handles, pearl and silver, gold and pearl, 7-inch handles of sterling or gold, 7-inch handles of solid old ivory; also neat caps of sterling silver.

It's worth repeating, choice only $5.00.

The Finest of All-Over Lace Waists, $15.00.

SUCH fine waists generally retail for $22.50 and $25.00.

Hear us, and act quickly. We had offered us a quantity of waist laces and we took the entire collection. Next we picked three styles of waists which we knew would please Pittsburg women. The laces were made up into these waists.

Two styles are of all-over lace, the difference being in the yokes; the third is of all-over baby Irish, with heavy Irish medallion forming yoke.

All have short sleeves.

Of course they are white waists, and they are made over a foundation of white silk mull.

Just thirty of them.

Velvets for Gowns and Wraps.

No need to tell you that velvet is a first favorite with the feminine world this season. You have only to look about you and you will see evidence of that fact a-plenty. We have all of the new velvet weaves as well as the staple velvets.

600 yards of Black Velour Chiffon, light weight, soft finish, $2.00 and $2.50 quality, for, a yard $1.65

Black Silk Velvet, 32 inches wide, known as Foulard Velvet, soft finish, $4.00 grade, for, a yard $3.25

Black Velour du Nord—$2.50 quality for, a yard $2.00

Some of the Demonstrations Now Going On Here.

¶STILLMAN ONE-PIECE WAIST PATTERN—nothing has appeared of late that has punctured the curiosity of women so much as this one-piece waist pattern. Ever since we began demonstrating its preferableness to any other pattern the services of the inventor, Miss Stillman, have been taxed to their utmost, for she is kept busy explaining the merits of this waist. Eighth aisle.

¶M'CALL'S PATTERNS—For any other sort of a pattern you wish just step over to the McCall pattern counter, immediately at lower Penn Avenue entrance. Every new fangle ready at all times. We handle the McCall patterns because we think they are the best—in fact, we know it. Of all patterns the most easily put together. 10c and 15c. Why pay more?

¶STERLING CARPET SWEEPER—Demonstrated daily in the basement. Picks up scraps and dust with as much ease as the new compressed air system that we have now. Cannot get clogged up. $2.25 to $3.50.

¶STERNAU COFFEE MACHINE—A capital suggestion for a Christmas present to mother or married sister, to the boarding house keeper from the star boarder. It makes delicious coffee by distilling, which is really the only proper way of making coffee. Step to West Basement any time and try a cup of coffee as made by this machine. $5.00 and up to $30.00.

¶ROSETTE IRONS for making rosette wafers. A countryman on being introduced to his first glass of soda water likened it to sweetened wind. A dainty rosette wafer might be called a sweetened zephyr. It is a nice study to watch the young lady frying these wafers. Nearly everyone who sees her is impelled to get a pair of the irons so as to make wafers exactly like she. In West Basement.

Immaculate Linens for the Table and Sideboard.

Every woman who prides herself on good housekeeping takes particular pleasure in seeing her linens immaculate.

Naturally a good store of linens is required, but even a lavish assortment of household linens need not necessarily cost a lot of money if discretion is used in selection and if they are bought in our department which makes a policy of selling good linens for least.

Of course if you want the finest, the finest is here in abundant variety, though we mention this morning our intermediate lines.

Table Cloths—

$1.75 each for 8-4 bleached damask Cloths value $2.00.

$2.15 each for bleached damask Cloths, 8-10 size, value $2.50.

$2.55 each for 8-12 size bleached damask Cloths, value $3.00.

$3.50 each for 8-16 size bleached damask Cloths, value $4.50.

$5.00 each for 2½x2½-yard bleached damask Cloths, value $6.25.

$7.50 each for 2½x4-yard size bleached damask Cloths, value $9.50.

Table Damasks—

50c yard for bleached Table Damask, 64 inches wide, value 65c.

75c a yard for bleached Table Damask, 68 inches wide, value 90c.

$1.00 a yard for bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide, value $1.25.

$1.25 a yard for bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide, no napkins, $1.50 and $1.75 values.

Damask Napkins—

$1.25 dozen for bleached damask Napkins, 21x21 inches, value $1.85.

$2.75 dozen for bleached damask Napkins, 24x24 inches, value $3.50.

$3.75 dozen for bleached damask Napkins, 25x25 inches, value $4.75.

$5.00 dozen for bleached damask Napkins, 26x26 inches, value $6.50.

Decorative Pieces—

10c each for scalloped doylies, 9x9 inches, value 12½c.

25c each for Maderia hand-embroidered doylies, 6 inches, value 35c.

35c each for hemstitched scarfs, 18x45 and 18x54, value 45c and 50c.

50c each for hemstitched table covers, 45x45 inches, value 85c.

85c each for scalloped covers, 36x36 inches, value 1.10.

$1.25 each for hand-embroidered scarfs, 18x54 inches, value $1.75.

$3.75 each for Torchon Lace Scarfs, 20x54 inches, value $5.00.

Sale of Odd Cups and Saucers.

There will be French Chinas and English Chinas, as well as German Wares. There will be Tea Cups and Saucers, Bouillons, Chocolates and Afterdinners. All beautifully decorated. All reduced in price for today.

These will be on sale Aisle No. 8:

The prices of these cups and saucers were $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50—choice of any of them today for $1.00

On the same table, Austrian China Salad Bowls, various shapes and decorations, 10-inch size. Regularly $1.75, special at, each $1.00

Special Christmas Offering in Engraved Visiting Cards.

This offer holds good for this week only—from today up until next Saturday inclusive. We will engrave a new copper plate and print 100 cards for the following special prices:

Engraved Plate in Script... $ .75
Engraved Plate in Roman... $1.50
Engraved Plate in Black Old English $1.50
Engraved Plate in Shaded Old English $2.50

Mail orders filled—add 10c to cover postage.

Our display of Christmas Cards, Calendars, Holiday Boxes of Paper, Desks, Accessories, Engagement Pads, Writing Portfolios, are now ready. Remember, EARLY selections secures the choicest articles.

Extra Good Values in Silks for Less Prices.

Silks for evening gowns, for afternoon dresses, for wraps, for linings, for fancy work, for every one of the uses to which woman puts this favorite material.

Every number that we mention this morning is considerably lower in price than you would expect to find.

Embroidered Pongee, natural color grounds, with embroidered roses and other small designs, $2.25 grade, for, a yard $1.75

Moire Velour, in blues, greens and black grounds, with combination dots. $1.25 quality, for, a yard 85c

Fancy Silks, checks and small neat effects, 75c quality, for, a yard 55c

Black Silks—

Yard wide black Taffeta, with chiffon finish, an extra good value, for, a yard $1.00

Black Satin Messaline, Black Taffeta, Black Paillet de Soie } 75c and 85c grades 58c Yd.

Faconne Black Chiffon Taffeta, Faconne Black Satin Messaline, Faconne Black Surah } $1.50 grades for $1.25 Yd.

Another Sale of Black and Colored Dress Materials.

An extraordinary offering of beautiful, high grade imported silk and wool dress fabrics, just at the time when the demand for such materials is the greatest. In some lines the color selection is not entirely complete, but those shown are among the most wanted colors of the season.

Imported Crystal Crepe de Chine, a French silk and wool fabric, a sheer, lustrous fabric for the dressy afternoon gown and for street wear. In the color range are burgundy, champagne, pearl gray, reseda, garnet, royal blue, myrtle, lavender, tan, turquoise and navy; a $2.25 grade, for, a yard $1.45

Imported Crepe de Paris, one of the most staple of silk and wool fabrics, shown in the latest Paris colorings and in black. $1.75 to $2.25 grades, for, a yard $1.25

Imported Chiffon-Eolienne, a charming material for evening wear, very sheer and light—in all the fashionable shades, $1.25 grade, for, a yard 75c

Panama Check Suiting, a very serviceable cloth in red and black, blue and black, brown and black, tan and black, specially priced at, a yard 50c

54-inch Black Chiffon Broadcloth, imported kid glove finish, absolutely spot-proof, ready for the needle. $2.50 value, for, a yard $1.95

About 800 yards of handsome black and fancy suitings, medium weight, rich blacks, plain and fancy weaves, 45 to 52 inches, $1.25 grade, for, a yard 85c

Nottingham Lace Curtains and Their Small Prices.

We find as a result of heavy selling that we have forty-one styles of Nottingham Curtains sold down to a point where there is but one to several pairs of a kind, and which, therefore, we must dispose of quickly to gain the space they occupy.

45c Nottinghams will sell for 30c.
75c Nottinghams will sell for 50c.
95c Nottinghams will sell for 65c.
$1.00 Nottinghams will sell for 75c.
$1.25 Nottinghams will sell for 85c.
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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Monday, November 20, 1905.

Though contributions were not expected on Sunday, sufficient were received to put The Gazette fund for relief of the Russian Jews above $1,000. Greater results are expected today and for the following days, as people have time to decide how much they can spare from their plenty for fellow mortals in dire distress.

Additional recommendations of the Panama canal consulting engineers are made public. They tend to confirm the suspicion that the board favors a first-class work, regardless of expense. The United States is rich and the fact is fully recognized by the eminent foreigners who have undertaken to assist in making plans at Panama. It is within the range of possibilities that congress may take a less liberal view of the ability of Uncle Sam to "pay, pay, pay."

Queen Alexandra's initiative of a relief fund for London's poor promises temporary solution of the problem. The contribution of $50,000 by Lord Mountstephen sets an example in giving that should stimulate the philanthrophy of wealthy Englishmen in general. At best, however, it cannot be hoped this means will do more than keep starvation away for a few months. The real problem remains to be grappled by parliament and will be found no easy one to solve.

October proved the banner month in the history of the United States Steel Corporation in the matter of exports. The corporation's domestic trade at the same time has surpassed all previous records. Apparently it has adopted a policy of seeking foreign markets through the times of brisk demand as well as in times when that foreign trade appears more desirable. The result of this effort is very promising for the foreign market that may be secured under stress of necessity.

It is strange a man may be knocked down and robbed in as public a place as the corner of Liberty avenue and Eleventh street without attracting the attention of any one. It is more remarkable that a man could lie, unconscious, in the street for more than two hours without being discovered. There has been a popular belief that argus-eyed policemen patrol the downtown streets oftener than once in two hours and that these officers would not pass even a supposed "drunk" without investigation.

Voting machines have been declared constitutional by the Michigan supreme court. Any ward or district in the state may adopt the device. The voting machine cannot be regarded as a necessity, but it is a decided convenience. It cannot prevent all frauds on the ballot, but surrounded by ordinary safeguards it will register the will of voters as accurately and honestly as the ballot. It will compute the vote more accurately than clerks, with the added advantage of giving the returns much sooner.

Senatorial apportionment, in strict accord with the mandate of the constitution, is not as easy as one might think. One fatal error appears in the scheme of Messrs. Treadway and Adams, published yesterday morning. Lackawanna county is given two senators, though having less than one and three-fifths ratios. That error can be corrected by giving Lackawanna one senator and making up the quota by retaining Delaware and Chester as separate districts. Even so, there are a number of districts of doubtful character.

A terrible disaster is reported to the steamer Hilda, which went aground near St. Malo, France. The passenger list when the boat left Southampton was about 100. This, with the crew, gives reason to believe more than 100 lives have been lost. It is one of the accidents, of a character that cannot easily be avoided, that have marked the history of navigation from the beginning. Navigation, however, is vastly more safe than formerly. Improvements in vessels are being constantly made, and, statistically, ocean travel is no more perilous than travel by land.

Another Reason.

A fresh argument for a Greater Pittsburgh law appears in the fact that Esplen borough will make the Fortieth ward when admitted, the number now permitted by law for cities of the second class. Some way must be found for the admission of towns that desire annexation, even if the piecemeal process is to continue.

Arguments, however, are not needed. Public sentiment is indubitably favorable to consolidation. The need of the hour is a law that will enable consolidation that will stand the test of the courts on its constitutionality. Such a law can be drawn and passed at the approaching special session, we believe, and will be generally welcomed. There are objections, of course, but they have their source in selfish ambitions.

Russia and the Jews.

While the civilized world stands appalled by the barbarities inflicted on the Jews in Russia; while that persecuted people turn their eyes longingly toward the more civilized lands in which many of their compatriots have taken refuge there must be a general wish that Rabbi Leonard Levy's project for colonization in Manchuria could have taken practical form before the storm broke.

Yesterday The Gazette printed a letter from Kishenef to a resident of Pittsburgh, in which the writer bewailed his failure to emigrate to America, as his friend had done. True, he might have escaped the horrors of the massacre in that way. It was not possible, however, for all of the Jews in Russia to have done so. America is a long journey. Were it possible for all of the millions of Jews in Russia to make that journey it would be to find there is no room for them here. For the thousands who have come here room has been found—somehow—but if other millions had been added it would not be so. It would be much easier for them to find peaceful haven in Manchuria, or even in Africa.

It is probable Russia may become tolerable after the present disorders have passed. The new government system must include equal civil rights. Under just government the Jews are able to take care of themselves, anywhere. If justice be the outcome the sufferings of the Jewish people will not have been wholly in vain. But while we speculate on the future of Russia and on the results of the awful upheaval in that country we must not forget the present need of starving thousands. First of all is the work of relief and as that is liberally contributed to it will have no small influence toward a right solution of the more remote problem.

A Ghost of the Past.

How true it is a man may be in the limelight of public notice today and pass into the shades of oblivion on the morrow. This thought is suggested by the reappearance of "Coin" Harvey, who in 1896 was celebrated as the demonstrator of Bryan's financial nostrum, the 16 to 1 panacea for all the alleged ills with which the body politic was supposed to be afflicted at that time. Soon after the defeat of Bryan, Harvey dropped out of sight and his famous work "Coin's Financial School" was forgotten. Harvey's resurrection was accomplished the other day through an interview in a western paper, and we are sure it is the same prophet of old, by the dismal lines in which his thoughts run—the very same bird of ill-omen that chattered in the first Bryan campaign warning the people that unless the free silver fallacy triumphed the country was doomed to disaster.

It would seem, the seclusion Mr. Harvey has been enjoying in Arkansas, whence he fled directly after the elections of 1896, would have had a chastening effect, but not so. He is the same apostle of gloom and calamity. How very familiar these expressions in his interview sound: "As it is now, venal legislatures stand in the way of reformation. The United States senate is an impassable barrier. And yet they truthfully represent the people. A growing percentage of the people are grafters and alms-takers—unconsciously so."

How ingenuous is Mr. Harvey in suggesting that the only way to again save the republic is for someone to write another book, that should teach "character building," and that should be placed in every school. Is it possible that the author of "Coin's Financial School" is too modest to proclaim himself as the proper person to write the proposed text book?

English Love of Royalty.

London correspondents, when other topics fail, have been accustomed to write of England's increasing tendency toward a republican form of government and to speculate upon the possibility of King Edward being the last representative of royalty, the constitutional monarchy being abandoned upon his demise. Though the people of Norway have decided by a large majority, they are not yet ready for a more liberal form of government, even theoretical republicans like Nansen and Bjornson favoring a monarchy for the present, the statement has been repeatedly made of late that our British cousins are more advanced and, enjoying already a practically republican form of government, will within the next couple of decades do away with the royal figurehead and substitute a president. W. D. Howells, who has been studying English conditions for the last year, writing in the North American Review, declares loyalty to the royal family to be the most marked of English characteristics. Instead of decreasing, it has increased during the last half century. "Loyalty with the English is a sort of religious principle. It is with them a most serious thing, at which no man may smile without loss. When Queen Victoria died there was not a vestige of the republican dream which had remained from a sentiment for 'the free peoples of antiquity' rather than from the commonwealth. The kingship was safe in the hearts of the queen's subjects when the prince of Wales went about praising loyalty as prime among the civic virtues and duties. An Englishwoman lately said to an American woman who owned we did not yield an equal personal feaity to all our presidents: 'Oh, yes, but you know that it is only your people that choose the president, but God gave us the king.'"

If the English popular belief in the divine right of kings is as strong as Mr. Howells thinks, it will be many a year before that pleasing fiction is abandoned. English conservatism is a strenuous force, not easily upset. The royal family need not worry about the support of its children, or of its children's children.

Ballot Good Enough.

There is no sense in the cry for "ballot reform." The ballot used in Pennsylvania is a good ballot, better than that used in New York, or that used in Ohio. The difference between the New York and Pennsylvania ballots is that one has party columns with circles for "straight ticket" and emblems at the top; the other has squares containing simply the names of parties at the left, with the names of all candidates grouped, as in the pure Australian system. Both are good ballots and the recent elections prove the voters can use them effectively for other than party voting.

It is argued by some Democratic and some disaffected organs that party voting by one cross mark can be distinguished from "independent" voting by any observer in the polling place. This is mere nonsense. Actual observation has proven the ability of one voter to find and mark a dozen names in three columns in less time than another voter consumed in marking a party square. Moreover, the voter who is constrained to vote a party ticket rather than expose the fact that he is not "scratching," has no possible claim to being an "independent" voter. Admitting the possibility that a watcher might know whether a voter made one or several marks it must be conceded he could not know in which square the one mark was made, or in which spaces the several were placed. In this respect the ballot is secret and answers every necessary purpose of secrecy.

Everyone knows the majority of voters cling to their parties, irrespective of the individual names thereon. They have a right to have a ballot that makes it easy to register their will. The minority, desirous of voting "independently," are given the same opportunity they would have with the pure Australian system. It would be unfair to make the ballot more difficult and more unsatisfactory to the majority merely to please a few voters who want to "scratch" their tickets and who are deterred by the fear that some one might "catch them at it."

The Pittsburgh Gazette is branded as a Standard Oil organ. Last week it had rather a good joke on itself, if it really is justly branded.—Independence (Kas.) Oil Reporter. The Pittsburgh Gazette was not aware it had been so unjustly "branded," even in hysterical Kansas. It has never done anything to earn such a reputation and if necessary can offer better proof that it is not a Standard Oil organ than the fact cited by the Reporter that its logical deduction concerning an advance in refined oil was contradicted by the illogical and arbitrary reduction of the crude market the same day.

Governor Pennypacker might satisfy all of the critics by a supplementary proclamation declaring the special session open for every kind of legislation. He could also destroy the purpose and usefulness of the session by the same means.

Andrew Carnegie applauds the honest poverty of his shoemaker grandfather as better than an ancestry of dukes. It is not possible to obtain the views of the respected old gentleman on the subject.

If the Dispatch would present a feasible senatorial reapportionment scheme it would be far more convincing than its heated declarations that it is easy to make one.

The fellows who are always yelling for a change in the form of the ballot either do not know how to use it, or desire to have a lot of other fellows lose their votes.

It is too bad, after the splurge of sentiment indulged over the rumor, that Mr. Gwinner has felt it his duty to deny he has paid any claims of needy depositors.

Apparently the bumper crops of wheat and corn in Kansas have benefited the country more than had been expected. Kansas has been very quiet lately.

Secretary Taft has done full justice to former Panama Engineer John F. Wallace. With these few remarks the subject can be allowed to rest.

With its usual and well-known accuracy the Leader announces the "canal commission" has decided a sea level canal must be made.

Controversy over the Washington-Beaver senatorship may be settled by putting them in separate districts.

When the football players decide a more gentle game is desirable, the public will acquiesce without a murmur.

A few things well done are better than many just begun. This will apply to the special legislative session.

Gambling in Altoona.

If your husband or your boy loses money in an Altoona gambling den, go right after the owner of the building who permits it to be used for such a purpose. The supreme court of the United States has just declared that money lost in a gambling house can be collected of the owner of the building. There is plenty of opportunity of that nature here.—Altoona Gazette.

Overdue and Overdone.

Witte is writing "Brother Workingmen." But the sudden leveling of ranks to this effectionate plane is rather overdue and overdone, and is not likely to allay the popular discontent, even though the czar in desperation supplements this appeal with one of his own addressed to "My dear pals."—Baltimore American.

Ahead of Football Record.

A statistician has figured up that there have been 165 accidents, 6 of them fatal, among the Alpine mountain climbers this year. That is away ahead of the football record; yet we hear no demand for the amelioration of mountain climbing.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

QUIET OBSERVATIONS ON WAYS OF WORLD

Color Blindness Is What Makes the World Appear Unfit.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

You may think you are not color blind, but the chances are that you do not see half of the colors in nature, not even if they are paraded before your eyes.

A tree, a bush, or a bunch of foliage is nothing more than a bunch of foliage, a bush or a tree to the average man or woman.

Have you ever noted the colors in the bark on a tree? Did you notice the soft purples, and browns, greens and yellows?

Well, they were all there, but so harmoniously blended that they cannot be differentiated at a glance. But take a little time, give the eye a chance to see them, and you will find them there, and in much better order than any artist can possibly arrange them.

* * *

Nature uses pure colors, red, blue and yellow, and with these produces all the beautiful effects to be seen in field, or forest, or garden. Nor does she blend them by grinding them up, but mixes them together, one over another, or arranged so closely that the whole becomes a mosaic of pure colors.

You will find nature a whole lot more interesting if you will take the trouble to look for these color points until your sense of sight becomes able to recognize them. Then you can see color in nature as the true artist sees it.

Effective pictures are painted in pure colors mixed but not blended by grinding them together. This you can see by closely examining good paintings. The various tints are produced by mingling, or loosely mixing these colors, forming the tint on the canvas rather than on the pallet.

* * *

Not only are people color blind in a physical sense, but mentally, and we may say, morally: that is, they do not appreciate the various tints in character, or the true color in passing events.

To some all have a neutral gray tint, while to others they are blue, or yellow, or red, but to those who can see clearly all these primary colors are there, showing why these tints exist. To change a neutral tint to one more positive and lively they add a dash of prime virtue and the dull picture at once becomes bright, just as the artist enlivens a dull or dirty neutral tint by adding a dash of primary color.

Unless the artist knows the value of these colors, and the effects produced by mixing with others, he cannot get lively tints.

If you know the values of primary social qualities you can blend them into lively, cheerful tints, just as the artist does with primary colors. Not knowing these primary virtues nor their values in combination, you are just as apt to get a bad moral or social blend as is the painter who mixes his colors in a haphazard sort of way.

* * *

Successful artists underlay their pictures with bright colors; that is, they first prepare the canvas by coating it with a mixture of primary colors, and upon this paint the picture.

The reason for doing this is to give life, tone and vigor to the picture. No matter what tint is placed on this foundation it will have a positive, a lively quality, and give strength and vigor to the picture.

You may have seen pictures, or you may have some old portraits that have gone dark and dull. That is because the picture was underlaid with bitumen, a dark, neutral, absorbent substance. It simply absorbs the life and color of the picture, whereas if primary colors had been used for underlaying they would have strengthened and vitalized the life tint used in outlining and giving expression to the pictures.

If your life is underlaid with prime virtues it will show very few dull, neutral tints, and as the tints are bright or dull, so are your feelings, and your work will be according to your feeling.

* * *

The most important thing in education is to prepare a clean, bright surface in the mind of the boy and girl on which the picture of life is to be traced. This underlay should consist of the primary virtues—faith, hope and love. The other virtues are all derivatives of these.

With a background thus formed it would be difficult for any one to live a dull, neutral life. But with a background devoid of primary colors, as of bitumen, every bright line, or tint, or bit of pure color that may be laid on will go dark, and sooner or later be absorbed until scarcely a trace of character will be visible in the life.

And then, unless you have been trained to discover and to recognize primary virtues, as you would primary colors, you will not be a good judge of character, and liable to be deceived, for there are many whose life tints are not due to primary virtues.

* * *

Mr. Quiet Observer:—Regarding the question of the world looking all right when looked at from the right side, I wish, with as little comment as possible, to state a few words in behalf of those who view the world from the wrong standpoint.

Has it ever occurred to you that circumstances, in the case of some individuals, seem to down all the better faculties of observation as to the good or bad points of this world?

I can state several instances where everything that the person undertook to do in the way of bettering himself was a dismal failure. He might spring out occasionally in something whereby he was gradually receiving that experience and observation of the world in general that points out the best of things, but alas! it was but a short time until he was back in the same old rut, where he was once more given a great setback.

A successful man will naturally look on the bright side of things. But where is the man who has not gotten the opportunity to demonstrate his ability, or if he has, was not acknowledged, that will eventually not get into that phase of life where he will look at the dark side of everything.

A man will enter into different surroundings from his associates. They will all get along very successfully, but one. He stands alone in his failure. He might be the fault of it all, but he is not always the fault. There is that undeniable fate of circumstances which is irrevocable. Circumstance causes him to go down. At last he has reached that point in his career where he gets the idea, and who can blame him, that all things are working together to his detriment, and consequently he looks at the wrong side of the world's doings.

The selfishness of man today has a great deal to do with causing this kind of observation. The adage, "Every Man for Himself, and the Devil for the Hindermost," comes uppermost in his mind, and as he is turned down time after time from the opportunity to demonstrate his ability, or character, he gradually looks towards the dark side of life.

To hinder this it is the duty of every man to help his fellow man. In so doing you are helping him to look at the bright side of things, and are earning a crown for yourself. COMMENTUM.

Impending Fate of Tammany Experts.

Tammany is getting a kind of investigation in New York that it has not been subject to in many years. When it ends, the business of falsifying election returns may suffer severely by the retirement of some of its most noted experts to Sing Sing.—Cleveland Leader.

What Policyholders May Do.

President McCurdy, of the Mutual Life, has but his $150,000 salary in hall. Perhaps the policyholders, not to be outdone in courtesy, will cut the other half.—Philadelphia North American.

MAYOR M'CLELLAN STANDS AT HEAD

Now Beyond Question Biggest Democrat in New York City and Possibly in State.

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Mayor McClellan has during the past week taken his old place in the hearts of New Yorkers who believe him to be a true son of his father. His refusal to profit by the trickery and fraud of Tammany at the polls—if it is shown that those things contributed to the plurality given him on the face of the returns—stamps him as the right sort of a man to be mayor of New York, or even to be given higher honors if the opportunity offers. While the officials of Tammany are fighting for the election with no regard to how the people voted, Mr. McClellan wants only what is right and honorable, and his attorney, Judge Alton B. Parker, is co-operating with the attorneys for Mr. Hearst in the endeavor to get at the facts.

From a political point of view McClellan has chosen the wise course. His ambition goes beyond the mayoralty of the greater city. Had he acted after the Tammany manner of doing things his career would have been ended, no matter how the recount resulted, because the voters would say that here was a man who was not willing to trust them, and was, therefore, not worthy of their trust. Granting that the mayor was only playing politics, he has won many friends as well as retaining his old friendships, but the people of New York are not convinced that he was only playing politics, but have faith in his inherent honesty of purpose.

New York Now Calmly Waiting.

Since Mr. McClellan has declared that he does not want the office except the conditions be honorable New York has settled down to await the result of the contest calmly. There have been fewer anarchistic utterances on the subject, and less talk of complications that are likely to result on the first day of January if the contest is not settled by that time. The Hearst forces had been threatening to take the city hall by storm when the time came, and there was even talk of possible bloodshed, but that has been dropped, and the mayor has proven himself the best patriot of the lot by showing his willingness to abide by the verdict of the people without any feeling of rancor.

McClellan Will Keep Promises.

During the early part of the campaign, even before things began to look squally for Tammany, Mayor McClellan promised certain reforms in his administration, and since the votes were counted he has said that he means to keep those promises. In that case, he is to cut loose from the influences behind him and name men for office who have something beside the Tammany stamp to recommend them. That means that there will be several new heads of departments, men who will be anxious to look after the interests of the city first and the bosses afterward.

Holds Control of Tammany.

Mayor McClellan now holds the destiny of Tammany hall in the hollow of his hand. He can make or break bosses as easily as the bosses have heretofore named district leaders. He has proven his standing with the people, and at the same time proven Charles F. Murphy's want of standing. No one knows this better than Murphy himself, and he is saying nothing that can give the mayor an excuse to drive him out of the wigwam. His greatest strength is in the fact that he took up McClellan and forced his nomination for mayor when all the forces of Tammany were against him, and if McClellan does not throw him out of power it will be because he is not inclined to burn the bridge that carried him over.

Listening for the Word.

Since the election the district leaders of Tammany have had their ears to the ground for a word from "Big Tim," and if he were to even indicate a willingness to reorganize the scattered forces, there would be a sudden hustling for the band wagon. But the big fellow has not given the word, and as far as the public knows, he is not anxious for the responsibility of leadership. If Hearst is declared elected it will undoubtedly precipitate a crisis, and then Sullivan may come to the front. If McClellan wins out in the contest, it will be up to him to run things.

Must Break With Murphy.

The people of New York will never be wholly satisfied with the result of the election so long as Charles F. Murphy rules at the Fourteenth street wigwam. If Mayor McClellan is seated for another term he must break with Murphy. He will have the power to send Murphy to the woods and keep him there. The patronage controlled by the mayor is what makes Tammany bosses possible, and a judicious use of that patronage would make Murphy impossible. It would put in his place a man of higher political ideals, and might possibly make the tiger a rather decent beast.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels:

Waldorf-Astoria.
Miss Horne,
E. C. Woods,
C. E. Belson,
Mrs. H. A. Myers,
Miss J. Snee.

Holland.
C. C. McLean,
H. S. Bope,
W. L. McClure,
C. V. McKaig,
C. L. McHenry,
W. McKnight,
P. G. Jennings,
T. McK. Graham,
T. H. Nevin,
H. E. Lineaweaver,
T. J. McConnell,
C. W. Friend,
W. H. Parke,
H. F. Layton,
Mrs. O. Layton,
W. S. Jones,
H. J. Lewis,
C. L. Miller,
A. N. Arnfeld.

Imperial.
Miss Sawhill,
C. Crosby,
A. B. McVay,
A. B. Orr,
C. W. Cochran,
F. W. Jarvis,
J. G. Frazier,
J. M. Danice,
O. R. Minnemeyer,
H. A. Calderwood,
J. C. S. Belfour,
J. A. Friday,
W. Mills,
A. Fisher,
J. C. Larkin,
F. A. Smith,
C. W. Hubbinson,
J. F. Hutson,
Mrs. Hutson.

Hoffman.
G. A. Harwood,
G. Engel,
M. E. Lane.

Breslin.
M. Friedberg,
E. J. Edwards,
F. Pfuffelt,
Mrs. Pfuffelt,
J. E. Edwards,
E. J. Edwards.

Grand.
J. A. Martin.

Herald Square.
H. H. Patterson,
J. Willis,
L. H. Peters,
C. R. Ambuhl,
G. Hahn,
G. F. Jackson.

St. Denis.
E. T. Clymont,
J. W. Dinges,
H. Brown,
Mrs. Brown.

Westminster.
J. T. Armstrong,
G. W. Moore.

Astor House.
J. J. Davis,
C. B. Price.

New Amsterdam.
E. Edsall.

Ashland.
J. Mackey.

Fifth Avenue.
Miss C. Stack.

Victoria.
J. P. Buckley,
J. S. Murphy,
J. C. Benson.

Wolcott.
O. Rickettson,
J. F. McCandless.

Navarre.
H. Feuchtwanger,
E. A. Grunenwald,
F. W. Edwards,
V. D. Edwards,
W. Connor.

Marlborough.
Mrs. E. M. Marshall,
F. H. Brown,
C. Knox,
E. R. Fetzer,
W. D. Riggs.

Collingwood.
Miss Snowdon.

Gregorian.
Miss H. Singer.

Grand Union.
C. Hendrickson,
W. S. Allison,
J. R. Chislett,
W. H. Colvin,
E. E. Ash.

Park Avenue.
L. G. Leonard.

Cadillac.
F. McCullough.

Hotel Astor.
E. W. Woods,
L. G. Flaccus,
E. C. Pickes,
E. E. Mann,
E. T. Noble,
L. H. Thuller.

Manhattan.
G. G. McKinney,
W. S. McKinney,
R. G. McKinney,
H. A. Machenpey,
Mrs. J. G. Kelly,
A. H. Anderson,
J. F. Guffey,
C. W. Davis,
A. C. Dohough.

Algonquin.
Mrs. H. A. Kline,
Mrs. W. King.

GREATEST RAILWAY IN CHINESE EMPIRE

Modern Conveniences Provided. Will Be Great Tourist Road. Yellow River Bridge.

Consul General Sammons of Niuchwang furnishes the following interesting description of China's greatest railway, the line connecting Peking and Hankau, which is expected to become an important factor in the industrial and agricultural development of the section of the empire it traverses:

"A recent trip by rail from the Yangtse river to Manchuria included passage over the 764½ miles of new railroad connecting Hankau with Peking. The journey between those cities was made in four days and three nights. No trains were then operated at night, and the average running time was from 16 to 20 miles an hour. I am assured, however, by the managers of the operating department of the road at Peking, that after the completion of the long bridge over the Yellow river, in November, the time between Peking and Hankau will be reduced to 36 hours. This service includes a fast weekly or semi-weekly train equipped with dining and sleeping cars. It will make a new departure from the usual manner of operating oriental trains by making part of the journey at night. Even with frequent stops this orient flyer will not have to maintain a high average of speed.

Modern Conveniences.

"Tourists will no doubt appreciate the inauguration in China of modern up-to-date train service. Thus far the managers of the new line have not encouraged travel over it. They have said they were not ready yet to handle tourists and have at times discouraged the pressing requests of women, particularly when unescorted, to make the trip between Peking and Hankau. If the travelers who have thus far used this route chartered special cars, they were allowed to sleep in them over night and thus escape the native Chinese inn, which is usually quite unsatisfactory to the occidental sight-seer or merchant. The nightly charge for the use of the special car for sleeping purposes is $10 Mexican or $5 gold. Blankets and pillows provided by the traveler are quite essential to a modicum of comfort in sleeping in these specially chartered first or second-class cars. It is necessary, minus dining-car service, to provide meals and to employ a cook or servant, or both. A native who can speak English and who acts as cook and servant is very helpful, but with the inauguration of the dining and sleeping car service parties of tourists will not necessarily have to resort to chartering cars. The first and second-class cars have as a rule five compartments. With blankets and pillows, together with additional bedding, if desired, 10 people can sleep in one car.

Slow Trains for Sight-Seeing.

"For those desiring to see the country leisurely the slow trains, stopping at all stations and not running at night, may be favored. But in that case, unless cars are chartered, not only must the party go to a native inn at night, but the trip is quite likely to be rendered very uncomfortable by the presence of undesirable passengers. When the road is completed three days and two nights, instead of four days and three nights, will be occupied in going from Peking to Hankau by the slower trains. The regular fare is charged in addition to the charter price of the car, ranging from $50 to $100 gold for the entire distance, but thus far no specific number of persons is required to travel in a chartered car. In some cases two or more persons have chartered a car at the same price as was paid by a party of five or more.

"That there will be a heavy tourist travel over the new line there can be little doubt. Those who have thus far only visited the treaty ports are said to have merely inspected the outer fringes of China. This new line and the one projected from Canton to Hankau affords travelers an opportunity of enjoying the three or four days' trip up or down the Yangtse between Shanghai and Hankau, which is in itself one of the most interesting of oriental journeys. With side trips, such as are possible to Nankin, the ancient southern capital of China, to Peking, the northern capital, and to numerous other places of interest, the journey may be prolonged indefinitely, as suits the taste or inclination of the traveler.

Great Yellow River Bridge.

"Civil engineers throughout the far east are watching the result of the bridging of the treacherous Yellow river. The river is usually said to be two miles wide where the Hankau-Peking railroad management decided to bridge it. The width is 10,827 feet, and the new bridge is divided into 102 spans of unequal length, and about six meters (19.68 feet) above the water. The bridge is not constructed of heavy structural steel, but is of a more frail design, which, however, will apparently prove of ample strength for the light locomotives and cars in use on this road. The greatest difficulty met with was to find a suitable foundation for the piers. Quicksand was encountered, and for a time some experts feared that it would be impossible to build a safe and permanent structure. It was also found to be practically impossible to sink ordinary piling, and finally screw piling was successfully used. Although some of the piling has been sunk by machinery 40 feet into the bed of the river, there is said to be a possibility of a sudden rise in the river carrying away some of the piers. This is largely conjecture. It has been planned to drive the piling down to a point beneath the scour of the bed of the river. No caissons were used, and on account of the great width and strength of the stream, the fact that there is no solid rock foundations, that the main channel is 10 meters (32.80 feet) in depth, and that in flood periods this depth may be increased to over 14 meters (45.92 feet), has occasioned much conjecture as to the result of the bridging undertaking."

Now It is "Tainted Eggs."

Out in Kentucky objection is made to giving money obtained for eggs laid on Sunday to foreign missions, on the ground that it is "tainted" money. Eggs are laid on Sunday in violation of the command to rest that day and keep it holy. No good cause can succeed, it is argued, if supported by money wickedly produced. The argument is strengthened in the eyes of some of the sisters by the consideration that one-seventh of the egg crop is too large a proposition to give to missions, as one-tenth is the Scriptural requirement.—Baltimore Sun.

QUAINT QUIPS.

"Do you think Brown would have nerve enough to go to the front in case of war?"

"Nerve! My dear man, Brown has nerve enough to discharge the cook."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Mr. Stoplate—Do you think that long hours justify a strike?

Miss Boarde—Sure. Did you notice that the clock just struck?—Cleveland Leader.

"Do you answer all literary questions here?"

"We try to."

"Can you tell me, then, where Nature publishes her cereals?"

"Certainly; in the corn magazines."—Baltimore American.

Miss Blugore—I consider him a perfect Chesterfield; I never met another man so polite as he.

Mr. Merchant—Oh, he's the limit for chivalry. Why, he's even polite to the telephone girl when he can't get the number he wants.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A man may stop a foaming horse that's tearing down the street,
May stop an enemy's advance amid the battle's heat;
In fact, stop almost anything in situations trying;
But not a single man alive can stop a baby crying.
—Chicago Journal.

STORIES FOUND IN THE LOBBIES

Interesting Happenings Concerning the People Who Are Traveling.

With the advent of cold weather comes the annual recurrence of a nuisance that taxes the police about the various depots to abate. Men without places to sleep swarm into the stations and try to secure a few minutes' sleep. The old dodge of buying a ticket to some near point, for a dime and then missing the train is the one most often resorted to. These men are allowed to stay between trains, but are not allowed to sleep. A few nights usually tires the best of them, and the police will soon be rid of the nuisance. During evening rush hours at the Union depot a force of six policemen is now on duty. Three are uniformed and three plain clothes men. William Pridgeon, who has been on the station force for years, has been transferred to the yards, where the force has also been increased owing to the unusual amount of valuable freight being handled. T. J. Owens of Johnstown has been placed on the station force.

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Glass Prospects Good.

George W. Morenus of Kane, secretary of the National Association of Window Glass Manufacturers, and H. F. Weber of Cambridge, O., a window glass manufacturer, were at the Ft. Pitt last night. Mr. Morenus said that all disputes regarding scales with labor unions have been settled and the fires started with prospects for a year of prosperous times.

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Leaves Odessa Day Before Trouble.

C. H. Hollander, private secretary of W. E. Schultz of the Schultz Bridge company, of Plainfield, N. J., was a passenger through last night. Mr. Hollander recently spent some time in Odessa, where his company was doing work. He left the day before the recent outbreak and strike commenced. Before he left the strikers were posting large bills about the city, asking the people to rise against the government.

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Visitors to the East.

F. H. Tristam, assistant general passenger agent of the Wabash, and W. D. Holliday, formerly assistant general freight agent of the system, were passengers on the New York Special last night. Mr. Tristam is going east to a number of cities on pleasure and Mr. Holliday is going to New York.

R. D. Layton, immigrant inspector, left last night for New York with an Italian, who is being deported because of having become a public charge.

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Visitors to Mum Show.

While usually at this time of year pleasure excursions have become a thing of the past for the railroads, nearly all of the lines did a big business from nearby towns yesterday, special trains having been run to accommodate those who desired to visit the Phipps conservatory on the last day of the show. From Brookville, over the Allegheny Valley "low grade," came a train load of 1,800, and the B. & O. carried an additional 500 from Cumberland. The crowd was further swelled by nearly a thousand from Wellsville, Steubenville and other towns down the river, who came in via the Wabash.

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Arrivals at the Hotels.

Henry—L. Calder, Sistersville, W. Va.; Mrs. J. B. Wais, Cumberland, Md.; E. T. George and Mrs. F. C. George, Lilly, Pa.; John M. Wilson, Franklin; C. H. Bohne, Ligonier.

Lincoln—I. F. Howard, Cameron, W. Va.

Duquesne—William Mulligan, Hollidaysburg; F. E. Russell, Warren, O.; C. H. Bregby, Altoona; David Young, Brownsville.

Seventh Avenue—W. F. Richards, Brookville; D. S. Smith, New Bethlehem; George H. Lunberg, Butler; George R. Holmes, Jamestown, Pa.

Anderson—William Leslie, Parker's Landing; H. A. Nicholls, Wheeling; Fred. Lowenstein, Latrobe.

Colonial—R. S. Ammerman, Latrobe; Jas. A. Watterson, Beaver Falls; F. C. Norton, Butler; G. L. Lewis, New Castle; V. E. Carter, Charleroi.

Monongahela—Sam Hart and wife, Doylestown; J. C. McFadden, Rockwood; F. A. Black, Scottdale; S. P. Pritts and wife, Somerset; C. C. Knause, Allentown.

Newell's—B. F. Baldwin, Holsopple; A. L. Johnson, Union, Pa.; W. S. Neff, Indiana; E. W. Thornley, Marietta, O.

Griswold—S. T. Huchison, Dubois; Bart Leyde, Monongahela; A. J. Artz, Davis, W. Va.

Ft. Pitt—A. L. Hobart, Erie; C. S. Warner, Parker; George W. Morenus, Kane; H. F. Weber, Cambridge, O.; H. Goldsberry, Greensburg; George E. Ellerman, Johnstown; Harry Wright, Sharon.

Antler—G. S. Myers, Chicora; E. B. Johnston, Finleyville.

Productive Lancaster Farms.

William Erb of Mt. Nebo has a 12-pound turnip of his own raising. From an acre of ground Frank Fahnestock of Ephrata gathered 525 bushels of tomatoes. On his four farms about Rheems W. L. Heisey raised 125 acres of corn this year. With a machine run by a road engine he husked it, carried it to wagons, shredded the fodder and sent it up into the barns.—Lancaster Inquirer.

Should Make Haste Slowly.

Some of our esteemed contemporaries express the hope that the extra session of the legislature will be brief. It should last long enough to transact the business for which it was called. Whether the session be short or long, it can only legislate on the subjects mentioned in Gov. Pennypacker's proclamation.—Scranton Truth.

This Reunited Country.

"Considerations of common sense and convenience, as well as of propriety, are all with the man who keeps his hat on his head when in a public elevator," says the Louisville Courier-Journal. And with regard to this the Boston gentleman and the Kentucky gentleman agree.—Boston Globe.

Wins in the End.

The newspaper which calls things by their right names may sometimes fail to please some people, but it is rarely misunderstood. And in the long run it wins the respect and confidence of the public, without which no newspaper has an influence whatever.—Cambria Tribune.

Everything but Pie.

A Kansas school teacher now in the Philippines grumbles that all he has to eat there is "rice, fish, eggs, chicken, mangoes, pineapples and bananas." That's all.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Temptation Too Great.

We know it would come. Now they are referring to those ballot boxes found in the river at New York as the "floating vote."—Detroit Free Press.

A FAMILIAR GHOST.

I met a ghost on the windy coast that stretches
Its shifting sand
Between the deep of the Sea of Sleep and the rugged Waking Land;
No horrid shape, with wounds agape and dreary, eerie cries,
But weirdly wan and woebegone, with dim, pathetic eyes.

He flittered near, and I had no fear, but wondered more and more
That I knew him not, or had forgot—I had seen him oft before;
No whit was strange, not a mark of change as he turned and looked at me,
And, "Who art thou?" I cried—but now I knew what his words would be.

"Oh, I am the ghost of the thing you most desired to do, long syne,
But I've dwindled away, from day to day, till naught but a form is mine;
I was yours to mar, as your own thoughts are, or to shape to a living thing—
A child to boast—for I am the Ghost of the Song you Planned to Sing!

"In a day long past you held me fast and could see me by light of day;
But you idled along with a lesser song—and the time is past for aye!
And you grew so blind that you shall find in your future wandering

CANAL'S WIDTH TO BE 150 FEET

Consulting Engineers Working Out the Details of the Great Waterway.

ONE LOCK WILL BE NECESSARY

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The board of consulting engineers of the Isthmian canal commission have decided to substitute Brussels for Paris as the meeting place of the foreign members next January. The reason for this decision is that Brussels is more conveniently situated for several of the members. The American engineer who will go to Brussels with the documents to be signed has not yet been chosen. During this week a committee of three members of the board with Gen. Davis as their chairman will make a rough draft of the final report, which will then have to be worked out in detail and is expected to be ready about the end of December.

The sea-level canal which has been voted upon by the members will have a width at the bottom of 150 feet, except in the Culebra cut, where that width will be 200 feet. The greater width in the Culebra cut is necessary to allow two ships to pass each other safely between the high banks of the canal, which will be formed by the very deep excavation.

Will Make a Great Harbor.

The plan as adopted by the board would make Limon bay one of the greatest harbors of the world. Almost through the middle of the bay a breakwater will be built and a shorter breakwater will be built from San Cristobal, which is American territory, thereby leaving Colon, which belongs to the Republic of Panama, outside of the American canal works. Under the plan as adopted by the board, San Cristobal is expected to become the chief city of the Atlantic side of the canal, and the promontory on which arises the statue of Columbus will be covered with official buildings, docks, coaling stations and all the works necessary for an important harbor.

The canal constructed by the French began at San Cristobal. It is now proposed by the board to build a short direct canal from Mindi to Limon bay, thereby making the distance shorter by a few hundred yards and also facilitating navigation and making it possible for ships to sail into the canal without having to make any difficult turns.

The breakwaters necessary for the formation of this harbor of San Cristobal will be an item of great expense. They were the subject of lengthy discussions in the meetings of the board. They would have been necessary, however, in case a lock canal had been chosen.

French Plans Changed.

On the Pacific side at Panama, the plans, as adopted yesterday, are also different from those of the French canal company. The French canal ends at La Boca, and it was found as one of the difficulties that the Rio Grande with its many branches crosses the canal and in the rainy season inundates it and does great damage to the works already constructed by the French. Therefore it was decided that the canal should be built nearer to the city of Panama and should run between two hills, one called Soka and the other the well-known Ancon. Ancon is the higher of the two. On it the American hospitals are built and it is one of the most healthy places on the isthmus.

At this place the one lock, necessitated through the difference in the tides of the Atlantic and the Pacific, will be built. This lock, however, will not retard the progress of ships through the canal. In the first place, ships coming from the Pacific will have to stop sometime any way to be visited by health officers and by civilian authorities and furthermore during a large part of the day this lock will be entirely open as the levels of both oceans will be equally high. At the Panama side no plans have as yet been made for breakwaters.

Had No Compromise Plan.

The plans for constructing a lock canal at 20 feet altitude were never discussed and from the beginning the board was divided into the two groups, of eight and five members, one in favor of the sea-level plan and the other in favor of a lock canal. A compromise plan was never brought up at any time.

It can be authoritatively reiterated that none of the foreign delegates to the board came here with specific instructions from their governments. The members of the board came here at the bidding of the United States and their governments gave them a long leave of absence so that they might give their services to this country, sending them without any instructions whatever. They will leave Washington by next Sunday and stay a few days in New York before leaving for Europe.

On Tuesday night, next, Gen. Davis, chairman of the board of consulting engineers, will entertain the foreign delegates at a farewell dinner at his home.

FIRE CHIEFS QUARREL.

Rivalry Between Companies Leads to Arrest of Chief Carrol at South Sharon Blaze.

SHARON, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The rivalry between the South Sharon fire department and the Carnegie department reached a climax at a fire at the blooming mill last night. The alarm was sent in to the former company and while going to the fire the wagon struck an obstruction and the pole was broken. The line of hose was then laid by hand.

Chief Maxwell of the Carnegie company appeared, and, it is alleged, ordered the other company to take up the lines and return to headquarters. Chief Carrol of the South Sharon company refused to do so. Then Maxwell had Carrol arrested. The flames were extinguished with a loss of $2,000. Carrol's case will be heard tomorrow. At 6 o'clock this morning the coking plant and one building was destroyed by fire. Both fire companies worked in harmony.

DR. PREETORIUS IS DEAD.

Prominent German Editor Dies of Blood Poisoning Brought on by Slight Wound.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 18.—After suffering for a week from blood poisoning resulting from a slight scratch on the leg, Dr. Emil Preetorius, aged 78, editor of the Westliche Post, died today at his home. Emil Preetorius was born in Alzey, Rheinhessen, Germany, in 1827. He was graduated from Giesen and Heidelberg universities. He took part in the German revolutionary measures of 1848-9, and was forced to leave Germany. Dr. Preetorius fled to America, and came directly to St. Louis. In 1860 he took the rostrum for Lincoln, and in 1862 was elected to the Missouri legislature as an emancipationist. In 1864 Preetorius took editorial charge of the Westliche Post, and soon afterward Carl Schurz, who also fled from Germany, became associated with him on the newspaper.

BIG REED ORGAN WILL SUPPLANT CARNEGIE'S GIFT

The board of trustees and the session of the First Presbyterian church of East McKeesport reported to the congregation yesterday morning that it had been decided to purchase the largest reed organ obtainable to take the place of the Carnegie pipe organ, whose maintenance, it is said, has become burdensome. It is declared that there is no opposition to instrumental music in the church, as is shown by the fact that a reed organ is to be installed. Feeling in the congregation is said to have arisen solely from the expense entailed by the pipe organ, which has required frequent repairs and necessitated a blower.

Seven Men Are Held Over.

Six Italians, arrested in the rear of 214 Wylie avenue Saturday night, were held over yesterday in Central station to await the result of the injuries of Samuel Somers, who was cut pretty badly during a fight in the house and is now at Passavant hospital. William Scales claimed Earl Robinson stole $11 from him after knocking him down in Shore alley and Robinson was also held over that an information may be made.

W. J. BRENNEN WOULD GIVE THIS CITY A LORD MAYOR

He Is Opposed to a Big Municipality and Says Flinn and Bigelow Are the Only Men Equipped to Govern It.

William J. Brennen is strongly opposed to a Greater Pittsburgh, but he is willing to give the town a lord mayor. He is in favor of a bill which will make the county and city co-extensive, but would not disturb any of the present city, borough or township governments. In this way Mr. Brennen is of the opinion Pittsburgh would be given its proper place in the census reports. Over this paper city he would place a lord mayor, whose chief duties would be to pose and entertain the visitors within our gates.

"This scheme of creating a great city is all wrong," said Mr. Brennen. "Large cities breed vice. Show me a small municipality and I will show you a community practically free from vice and graft. Pittsburgh and Allegheny are really too large now to govern properly. It would be exceedingly difficult to find a man equipped to act as mayor of a great city the size it is proposed to erect here. I know but two men who possess the requisite ability and knowledge. They are E. M. Bigelow and William Flinn. They know the needs of this community. We have many big, brainy men here, but they are not familiar with Pittsburgh and the many other municipalities which would be brought into the enlarged city. It would be necessary for them to depend largely on the counsel of others. They would not know whether the advice was good or bad.

"If we must have a greater city, let us have it in name only. We are told the purpose of consolidation is to give Pittsburgh its proper standing in the cities of the union. The way to accomplish this is to pass a bill bringing all of Allegheny county into the limits of the city. We could then elect an official, who would have about as much to do with the actual government as the lord mayor of London. His duties would be largely of a social nature. I would not disturb the present municipal governments."

DR. GREGG PLEADS FOR NEW BUILDING

Tells of Work Done by Young Men's Christian Association in This Community.

OBSERVE TWO ANNIVERSARIES

In observing the 26th anniversary of the Lawrenceville branch of the Young Men's Christian association last night in the Butler Street Methodist Episcopal church, a large audience listened to an earnest appeal by the Rev. Dr. David Gregg, president of the Western Theological seminary. Dr. Gregg has always taken a deep interest in the growth of the association and the work it accomplishes among young men, and for this reason his arguments for a new building made a deep impression.

The annual report read by W. W. Shields shows that the association has paid all its bills and is in no debt. Much credit for the present prosperous condition of the organization is given to G. W. Sweigert, the general secretary, who has been in charge since the beginning of the present year. During the year 34 men's meetings were held, a large Bible class was organized and several open air meetings with large attendance were held. The soldiers at the United States arsenal were supplied with literature, and through the kindness of the officers the arsenal grounds were used for an athletic field for the association. This was the means of attracting many men to the association, the membership of which was increased over 200 in the past six months. The report closed with an appeal for a building that will be a permanent home for the branch. Those who made addresses were the Revs. W. W. Hall, A. E. Linn and W. A. Greves.

The Pennsylvania railroad branch at Pitcairn celebrated its 22d anniversary yesterday with services in the company's paint shop, which had been fitted up for the occasion. A special train carried a crowd of almost 2,000 from Pittsburgh and towns along the road.

President William M. McIntyre presided. Addresses were made by James W. Wardrop, secretary of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association; the Rev. J. Kinsey Smith of the Shadyside Presbyterian church, and S. C. Long, superintendent of the Pittsburgh division of the Pennsylvania. The latter said that through the efforts of Robert Pitcairn the plans for the proposed home of the association would soon be completed. The erection of the building has been held up for a long time because of litigation over the ownership of the site upon which the foundations were built. The railroad company has set aside $75,000 for the new home.

The report of General Secretary M. W. Callender showed a very large increase in membership among the railroad men in the vicinity of Pitcairn. The benediction was pronounced by the Rev. T. L. Jamieson.

BATTLE FOR A GIRL.

Pretty 16-Year Old Sarah Kahle Arouses Jealous Passions in Hearts of Two Ardent Swains.

A 16-year-old girl was the cause of a fight between two men last night which resulted in the combatants being lodged in No. 7 police station on a charge of disorderly conduct. The men are Mike Binder and John Untz, Germans. The girl is Sarah Kahle, daughter of Mrs. Julia Kahle, who keeps a boarding house at 149 South Eighteenth street. The men boarded with Mrs. Kahle, and it is said both fell in love with her daughter.

Mrs. Kahle is said to have looked upon Binder with disfavor and rather liked Untz. Binder is said to have been advancing his suit with the girl in the parlor when Mrs. Kahle sent Untz down to remonstrate with him and tell him to discontinue his attentions to the girl. The men came to blows and Binder is said to have drawn a knife. Officers arrested both men.

SOCIETY FAVORITE IS HELD ON CHARGE OF BURGLARY

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Alfred Smalley, son of wealthy and respected parents, a society favorite in Clayton, N. J., business man and college graduates, is under arrest in Elizabeth, N. J., suspected of wholesale burglaries committed in that town, Philadelphia and Clayton. The young man may also have to face a charge of bigamy, as he is believed to have a wife living in New York, in addition to the one with whom he lived at Clayton.

Errand Boys Victims of Thief.

Some stranger, whom the police would like to catch, has worked an old trick on errand boys, by which he secured a valuable overcoat, a lady's waist worth $22 and a number of less valuable articles. He stopped errand boys and gave them 50 cents to deliver a note to a fictitious address while he retained their package. He then disappeared. A number of cases have been reported to the police by stores in the two cities.

VAN LEWIN SHINS TREE TO ESCAPE

Unable to Evade Police After Breaking Girl's Arm, He Takes Carbolic Acid.

LIVELY TIME AT SHERIDAN'S

Meyer Van Lewin, an ex-fireman and a veteran of the Spanish American war, is at the Homeopathic hospital in a critical condition from a dose of carbolic acid which he took after a quarrel with Nellie Smith, an inmate of Carrie Sheridan's house in Second avenue. Van Lewin took the poison under dramatic circumstances, finding that he could not escape a policeman, who was trying to arrest him.

The girl was attacked by Van Lewin with a piano stool, so Carrie Sheridan told the police, and one of her arms was broken in two places. A charge of disorderly conduct was lodged against Van Lewin by the police.

Van Lewin, who resigned from the fire department four months ago, called at the house yesterday at 3 a. m., talked with the Smith girl for a while and then left. A half hour later he returned. Soon he and the girl began to quarrel and presently the girl screamed and the inmates heard the sound of a fall. One of them ran to the door and saw the girl on the floor, moaning with pain, Van Lewin standing over her.

While one of the inmates ran to the front of the house to look for a policeman the others screamed for Carrie Sheridan. She, the police say, can give a good account of herself in a fight, and Van Lewin, as soon as he saw the woman coming, dropped the piano stool and got out of the room.

By that time Policeman Patrick Manion arrived. The girls told him that Van Lewin was out in the alley. To get there promptly Manion ran through the house from the front on Second avenue. He saw Van Lewin disappearing through the gate into the alley. When Manion got into the alley Van Lewin had climbed a tree which grows outside the fence, and as soon as Manion was outside Van Lewin shinned along a limb and dropped inside the yard. The gate cannot be opened from the outside, and while Manion was climbing the tree to get inside he heard Van Lewin shout: "You're too late."

Manion, by the aid of the tree, got back into the yard and saw Van Lewin lying on the ground. His mouth was slightly burned and the smell of carbolic acid was on his breath. A small vial that had contained the poison was on the ground.

Van Lewin was taken to the Homeopathic hospital in the patrol wagon and a doctor was called to attend the girl. Carrie Sheridan told the police the man hit the girl at least twice with a piano stool. At the hospital prompt measures were taken to save Van Lewin and at midnight it was said that he had a chance to recover, although there was danger of collapse.

Van Lewin served in the regular army in Cuba and afterward in the Philippines. It is thought by his friends that a soldier's life in the tropic affected the young man's mind. He is about 27 years old.

FIRES GUN AT WIFE.

Blacksmith Refuses to Believe House Was Robbed of $350 and Tries to Kill Woman.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Because, as he claims, his wife stole $350 from his trunk, Al. Bricker, a blacksmith of Hurricane, took a shotgun from the wall and fired at Mrs. Bricker as she fled from the house. Her dress was riddled with shot, but she was only slightly injured.

Bricker was arrested, charged with attempted murder, and is now in jail. Mrs. Bricker fainted after the arrest of her husband and has since been unconscious. Bricker alleges that his wife stole the money and then told him that the house had been burglarized.

MISS SARAH TRUAX WILL PLAY IN "PRINCE OF INDIA"

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—At a conference of theatrical managers today, arrangements were completed for an original presentation at the Colonial theater, soon after the first of the year, of a dramatization of General Lew Wallace's "Prince of India." More than 500 persons, including a Turkish army of 200 and a Roman army of like number, will be employed in the production. The cast will include Sarah Truax and William Beach.

Pays $3 for Each Girl He Hugged.

SHARON, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Joseph Orneski, a Slav, likes American girls but finds them expensive. Joseph tried to hug a young woman on South Dock street last night and Policeman Dalton reprimanded him, but the girl refused to prosecute. Soon after screams were heard in the same vicinity and Orneski was found to have hugged two more girls. He was taken to the lockup and fined $3 for each girl he hugged.

DIVINE SARA IS WITH US AGAIN

Noted French Actress Reaches New York and Is Held Up by a Custom Inspector.

PLAYS IN CHICAGO TONIGHT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Herald Building, Herald Square. NEW YORK, Nov. 19.

Mme. Sara Bernhardt and her company, who play tomorrow night in Chicago, arrived this afternoon on the Touraine, of the French line. Within a few hours after their arrival, the French actress and her company transferred with part of their baggage to a special train of the New York Central railroad.

Mme. Bernhardt immediately upon landing, was "held up" by the customs officials, and the event caused no little excitement among her company and the crowd which had gathered at the shore end of the pier to see her land. It was due to a mistake on the part of some of those who were conducting her to her carriage, and arose from the fact that her jewelry case did not bear the necessary inspection stamp.

After some delay an inspector opened the bag and stamped it and Mme. Bernhardt was escorted to her carriage and driven to the Hotel Astor for a short rest before taking the special train for Chicago.

Mme. Bernhardt received newspaper reporters in a room on the promenade deck of the steamship. William P. Connor, who with Sam S. and Lee Shubert, are managing her American tour, and Channing Pollock were present. She wore a white silk blouse with a very long front, a black and a long Persian lamb coat, with sleeves of mink. Around her neck was a long sable stole.

"Certainly I am glad to be back," she said. "This is my sixth visit. Is it really my last? Yes, it is. I am sorry it is so, but it is not my fault."

Asked about her recent South American tour, Mme. Bernhardt expressed her admiration of audiences in that part of the world.

"Brazilians are charming always," she said. "They have a reputation for being connoisseurs. In the Argentine Republic it is much the same. The country, too, has improved immensely in the last few years."

When asked how she had enjoyed the voyage she dropped her head on one arm and closed her eyes. "I slept," she said.

"I am not playing 'L'Aiglon' and 'Hamlet' this time. In fact, during my tour I shall play no male parts except the title role in 'Bohemos,' which is quite a little piece. Yes, I should like to produce a new play before going back to France, but where is the play? I should like really to produce 'La Samaritaine' here, but it would not be possible."

The train which is taking Mme. Bernhardt and her company to Chicago is scheduled to make the run in 18 hours. "La Sorciere" is billed for tomorrow night. Her American tour will cover 30 weeks, and she will travel as far as Mexico.

JAPANESE ARE PLEASED.

Marquis Ito Is Being Congratulated for Bringing Korea Under Japanese Influence.

TOKYO, Nov. 19.—11 a. m.—The Japanese press is jubilant over the successful conclusion of the new convention with Korea, whereby Japan's suzerainty is formally and firmly established over the Hermit Kingdom.

The speedy success of the negotiations is attributed to the confidence that Marquis Ito has inspired in the emperor of Korea and his ministers. Henceforth all the foreign relations of Korea will be managed at Tokyo.

Asking Big Price for Turkeys.

WASHINGTON, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The farmers of Washington and Greene counties where a majority of the turkeys for the Western Pennsylvania market come from, are holding the fowls for higher price and are refusing to sell at present. Pittsburgh commission men here yesterday report that it is almost impossible to secure turkeys at reasonable prices in the two counties. Turkeys are reported as plentiful, but the dressed variety cannot be secured for less than 15 cents a pound.

McClintock Co.

Oriental Carpets and Rugs

We have just opened an unusually fine lot of Persian Carpets, including many rare specimens of Kirmans, Serapi, Michabad, Khorassan, Afghan and Bokara weaves—

We purchase and sell these carpets on a purely commercial basis—without the addition of a fictitious value for supposed romantic history and pedigree—Nowhere in the country can you buy Oriental Rugs and Carpets to better advantage—or at more favorable prices than right here—This week we offer a number of very handsome

Hall and Stair Runners at Special Prices

Persian Runners, 3.1x14.1	$45
Antique Mossoul, 3.2x14.7	$55
Camel's Hair Runners, 3.6x17.3	$45
Camel's Hair Runners, 3.2x14	$35
Antique Mossoul, 2.11x12	$35
Antique Mossoul, 2.11x11	$20
Antique Iran, 3.5x17.5	$55
Antique Persian, 3x13.1	$30
Antique Mossoul, 3x12.11	$30

OLIVER McCLINTOCK CO.

219 Fifth Ave.

For Habitual and Obstinate Constipation.

APENTA

The Best Natural Purgative Water

ORDINARY DOSE, A Wineglassful Before Breakfast.

The good effects of Apenta Water are maintained by smaller and steadily diminishing doses, repeated for successive days.

ALSO

SPARKLING APENTA,

IN SPLITS ONLY,

NATURAL APENTA CARBONATED,

A Refreshing and Pleasant Aperient for Morning Use.

DRINK WHILE EFFERVESCENT.

Sole Exporters: THE APOLLINARIS CO., Ld., London.

Fort Pitt Hotel

Penn Ave. and Tenth St.

The Restaurants are serving the best of foods at moderate charges.

The surroundings are pleasing and the music is of the best.

The Business Man's Lunch, A la Carte, and the Table d'Hote Dinner at 75c in the Men's Cafe are very popular.

You will enjoy your Thanksgiving dinner and save yourself much trouble by dining in our restaurants on that day.

A visit to this hotel will please you.

C. A. BLANCHARD, Manager.

Trustee's Foreclosure Sale!

Of the real estate, rights of way and corporate franchises of the

Shousetown, Clinton & Frankfort Railroad Company.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas Number Two of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. 532, October term, 1905, in equity, made the 15th day of November, 1905, the Safe Deposit and Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, trustee, under the mortgage made by the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad Company to secure the holdings of its bonds, which said mortgage is of record in the recorder's office in and for the County of Allegheny in Mortgage Book vol. 319, page 1, will sell

At Public Sale

—in the—

Rotunda of the Court House,

—In the—

City of Pittsburgh,

—On the—

16th Day of December, 1905,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

all the following described property:

"All the severally described property, real personal and mixed, the same now being and being located in the counties of Allegheny, Washington and Beaver, in the state of Pennsylvania, to-wit: All and several the railroad of said party of the first part, beginning on the line of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad, at or near the southerly end of the iron viaduct across Flaherty's run in Crescent township, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania; thence southwesterly through the townships of Crescent, Moon and Findley in said Allegheny county, and the townships of Robinson and Hanover in Washington county, and the township of Hanover in Beaver county, to the village of Frankfort, in said Beaver county. The length of railroad between the termini above described being about 15 miles, with all the appurtenances and equipments, rights, privileges and franchises unto the said railroad company belonging or in any wise pertaining, and the extensions and changes of location, income, tolls, rents, issues and profits thereof, including roadway, tracks, rails and roadbed, and all property in fee simple, side-tracks, switches, bridges, viaducts, stations, depots, machine shops, telegraph wires, ties, rolling stock and all other building structures, docks, wharfs and sand and gravel pits, deposits of material, and all other things of whatever kind or nature, real, personal or mixed, now or hereafter belonging to or used or designed to be used for or in connection with said railroad, together with all the locomotives, tenders, freight cars, passenger cars, and all other kinds of cars, and all other kinds of rolling stock or equipment of any kind or nature used for any purpose whatsoever, and all the material for the use of said railroad, including as well all property, real, personal and mixed, of every kind and nature, which is now owned or which shall hereafter at any time in any manner acquired or owned by said railroad company, or used by said company, or possessed by it as its own or in connection with its line of railroad, or the working of any portion thereof, and the reversions and remainders thereof."

That said real estate and rights of way are more particularly and at length described as follows:

1. All that piece or parcel of land situate in the village of Shousetown, Crescent Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and bounded on the northwest by the boundary line of lands formerly of Peter Shouse, now or late owned by the heirs of Michael McNamee, on the northwest by Front street, on the southeast by Work and Front streets and the Ohio River, being all that piece of land marked and designated in the plan of said village of Shousetown as the "Boat Yard," which said plan of said village is recorded in the Recorder's office of said county, in Plan Book, Vol. 1, part 1, page 101.

2. Also that other lot or piece of ground situate in Crescent Township on the Ohio River and Flaherty's Run in the county and state aforesaid and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone near the river above the mouth of Flaherty's Run; thence up the river south thirty-two degrees east fourteen and five-tenths perches (south 32 degrees east 14.5 perches) to a stone; thence by the tract of Samuel Kennedy south thirty-seven degrees west thirty-two perches (south 37 degrees west 32 perches) to a post; thence by same south seventy-seven degrees west fourteen perches to a post (south 77 degrees west 14 perches); thence by P. & L. E. R. R. north forty-nine degrees west twenty-two and one-half perches (north 49 degrees west 22½ perches) to a post adjoining John McNamee; thence north sixty-eight degrees east nine and four-tenths perches (north 68 degrees east 9.4 perches) to a post; thence north fifty-eight degrees east forty perches (north 58 degrees east 40 perches) to the place of beginning, containing five acres and ninety perches.

3. Also that other tract of land situate in the same township, county and state, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a post on the dividing line between Samuel Kenedy and Joseph Harper, said post being nine (9) feet southwardly from a sugar maple tree on the slope of the Ohio River bank; thence north thirty-two degrees west three hundred and twenty-two feet (north 32 degrees west 322 feet) to a stone; thence south seventy-six degrees west three hundred and thirty feet (south 76 degrees west 330 feet) to a stump, being a corner between land of Samuel Kennedy and Nathan Porter; thence along the dividing line between Samuel Kennedy and said Porter north forty-seven degrees east twenty-seven perches (north 47 degrees east 27 perches) to the Ohio River; thence along up the Ohio River in a southeasterly direction twenty-eight and one-half perches (28.5 perches) to the dividing line between Samuel Kennedy and Joseph Harper; thence along said dividing line south fifty and one-fourth degrees west (south 50¼ degrees west) to the place of beginning, containing — acre, more or less, and being the river front of the lands of the said Kennedy first by the same conveyed to said company by Joseph B. Williams et ux. by deed dated January 6, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 451, page 608.

4. All that certain tract or parcel of ground situate in Crescent Township, Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a linn tree on the division line between the lands of Samuel Kennedy and lands now or late of N. Porter; thence by said division line north seventy-seven degrees east eighty three feet (north 77 degrees east 83 feet) more or less, to the right of way line of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad; thence by said right of way line south fifty-two and one-fourth degrees east two hundred and ninety-five (south 52¼ degrees east 295 feet) more or less to lands of — Harper; thence by the same south fifty and one-fourth degrees west ninety-six feet (south 50¼ degrees west 96 feet) more or less to a lane, and thence by the same north forty-eight degrees west four hundred and ninety-two feet (north 48 degrees west 492 feet) more or less, to another lane leading from the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad; thence by the same south sixty-three and one-half degrees west seventy-two feet (south 63½ degrees west 72 feet) more or less, to lands of John Hamilton and Francis Eberly; thence by the same north forty-eight degrees west one hundred and twenty-eight feet (north 48 degrees west 128 feet) more or less, to the linn tree, and place of beginning, containing one and six one-hundredths (1.06) of an acre, be the same more or less. Being same conveyed to said company by Samuel Kennedy et ux. by deed dated June 9, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 452, page 251.

5. All that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Moon township, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, being bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad with the division line between the lands of said Scott and Nancy Jane Wilson; thence by said division line south 2 degrees east sixteen (16) feet to a point fifteen (15) feet at right angles from said center line; thence south 67 degrees 20 minutes west one hundred and twenty-three and one-fourth (123¼) feet to a point; thence south 53 degrees 00 minutes west one hundred and forty-five and seven-tenths (145.7) feet to a point; thence south 49½ degrees west seventy-six and nine-tenths (76.9) feet to a point; thence south 47½ degrees west eighty-eight and a half (88½) feet to lands of Robert Hood; thence by the same north 8½ degrees west one and eight-tenths (1.8) feet to a point; thence by the same north 7 degrees east, crossing said railroad, one hundred and eleven and four-tenths (111.4) feet to lands of Jacob Metz; thence by the same north 51 degrees east one hundred and twenty-four and three-fourths (124¾) feet to a point; thence by the same north 59½ degrees east one hundred and fifty and eight-tenths (150.8) feet to a point; thence by the same north 81¼ degrees east ninety-nine (99) feet to a point; thence by the same north 71 degrees east forty-eight and nine-tenths (48.9) feet to lands of said Nancy Jane Wilson, and thence by the same south 2 degrees east eighty-three (83) feet to the center line of said railroad, the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty perches, or three-fourths of an acre, strict measure. Being same conveyed to said company by deed of John Scott, dated December 7th, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 159.

6. All that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Moon Township, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, being bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at the intersection of the center line of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad with the division line between the lands of said Scott and Samuel S. Meanor; thence by said division line north 81 degrees 10 minutes west one hundred and forty-eight and nine-tenths (148.9) feet to a point near Flaherty's Run; thence north 43 degrees 40 minutes east seven hundred and seventy-one and seven-tenths (771.7) feet to a point; thence north 12 degrees 45 minutes west one hundred and sixty-two (162) feet to a point in Township Road; thence by said Township Road north 23 degrees 40 minutes east six hundred and eighty-two (682) feet to the division line between the lands of said Scott and Thomas Elliott; thence by said division line south 85 degrees 20 minutes east sixty-nine (69) feet to a point; thence south 3 degrees 40 minutes west ninety (90) feet to a point thirty (30) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 4 degrees 20 minutes east two hundred and ninety-one and a half (291½) feet to a point; thence south 14 degrees 50 minutes west one hundred and forty-six (146) feet to a point; thence south 26 degrees 24 minutes west three hundred and thirty-six (336) feet to a point fifty (50) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 45 degrees 23 minutes west two hundred and fifty-eight (258) feet to a point forty (40) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 56 degrees 5 minutes west two hundred and twenty-eight (228) feet to a point thirty (30) feet at right angles from main track of said railroad; thence south 47 degrees west one hundred and twenty-four and seven-tenths (124.7) feet to a point; thence south 33 degrees 50 minutes west one hundred and twenty-four and seven-tenths (124.7) feet to a point; thence south 27 degrees 15 minutes west twenty-four and a half (24½) feet to lands of Samuel S. Meanor, and thence by the same north 81 degrees 10 minutes west thirty-one and six-tenths (31.6) feet to the center line of main track of said railroad, the place of beginning, containing six and ninety-eight hundredths (6.98) acres, strict measure; being the same conveyed to said company by deed dated December 10, 1883, recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 162.

7. Also all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Township of Crescent, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Being a strip of land 185 feet in width, 85 feet thereof being on the northeast or river side, and 100 feet thereof being on the southwest or hill side of the center line of the northbound track of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company's railroad on its revised location, viz: as of date of April 28, 1892, and extending this width from other lands of said Shousetown, Clinton & Frankfort Railroad Company and of Samuel Kennedy on the southeast to line of lands of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad as owned by it on April 28, 1892 (formerly John McNamee) on the northwest, excepting out of the same the right of way acquired by said Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company prior to April 28, 1892 from Nathan Porter et ux.

Being the same conveyed to said Company by deed of Nathan Porter et ux., recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 809, page 564.

8. All the following described property, viz.: Beginning at a linn tree on the division line between the lands of the said McKelvy and Francis Eberly; thence by said division line south forty-seven and one-fourth degrees west four hundred and eighty-nine feet, more or less (S. 47¼ degrees W. 489 feet, more or less), to the center of the Township road; thence by the center of said Township road north thirty-eight and three-fourth degrees east four hundred and ninety feet, more or less (N. 38¾ degrees E. 490 feet, more or less), to lands formerly of Porter; thence by the same south forty-nine and a half degrees east seventy-two feet, more or less, to the aforesaid linn tree, the place of beginning, containing seventy-two perches, more or less: being a triangular shaped piece of land situated in the Township of Crescent, County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, being the same Henry McKelvey et ux., by deed dated January 2, 1884, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 474, page 403, conveyed to said company.

9. Rights of way described in the following deeds to the defendant company, recorded in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county, viz.:

Deed of Elizabeth J. Thomson, dated October 4, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 243.

George Duve et ux., dated August 20, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 245.

William Tomlinson et ux., dated August 31, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 246.

Robert Hood, et ux., dated August 17, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 249.

Nancy Jane Wilson, dated August 30, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 263.

John A. Martin, dated November 16, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 462, page 256.

James Dickson et ux., dated July 17, 1883, recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 441, page 687.

Samuel S. Meanor, dated February 20, 1884, an drecorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 161.

Rights of way as acquired in condemnation proceedings at Numbers 15, 16, 17, 18, 188 and 189 of December Term, 1883, Court of Common Pleas No. 1 of Allegheny County.

10. And also all other rights of way acquired by said defendant corporation in Allegheny county by deed, condemnation proceedings or otherwise howsoever, and all other real estate now owned in fee simple by it, and situate within the said County of Allegheny.

TERMS OF SALE:

The purchaser shall at the time the property is sold to him pay to the trustee 10 per cent of his bid and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the court. Reference may be had to the said decree for the terms upon which the said bonds of the Shousetown, Clinton and Frankfort Railroad Company may be used in payment of any accepted bid.

For any further information that may be desired, inquiry may be made to the undersigned,

The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, Trustee,

Corner of Wood Street and Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to

Patterson, Sterrett & Acheson,

1228 Frick Building,

and

Charles W. Jones,

315 Frick Building,

Attorneys.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes

Secure Relief

The man who multiplies his troubles by changing from tailor to tailor, can end them by wearing Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes—the result of fifty-one years' bench study of tailoring problems.

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL

It Stands for 51 Years of Knowing How

The Stein-Bloch Co. Wholesale Tailors

Write for "Smartness," an education in correct dress, which also explains the wonderful Wool Test and tells you where Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are sold in your city.

THE STEIN-BLOCH CO.

Wholesale Tailors,

150-52 Fifth Ave., New York.

Tailor Shops, Rochester, N. Y.

PURE REFINED PARAFFINE
Don't tie the top of your jelly and preserve jars in the old fashioned way. Seal them by the new, quick, absolutely sure way—by a thin coating of Pure Refined Paraffine. Has no taste or odor. Is air tight and acid proof. Easily applied. Useful in a dozen other ways about the house. Full directions with each cake.
Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

DEBS GOES AFTER OLD-LINE UNIONS

Committee of Industrial Workers of the World Start Trouble at Machinists' Meeting.

WANT TO ARGUE DIFFERENCES

Scores of delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention spent Sunday seeing Greater Pittsburgh. Street car rides were taken to the mills and through the industrial sections of the valleys. A few stayed in the city to attend the mass meetings of the machinists in Old City hall and the teamsters in Moorehead hall.

The close of the machinists' meeting was marked by a dispute between President O'Connell and a committee representing the Industrial Workers of the World, Eugene Debs' organization to further the labor cause by Socialistic ideas. President O'Connell challenged the men to prove that they were not in the employ of the capitalists to disrupt labor unions and was met with the charge that the old-line labor unions were officered by dishonest men. Last night a card was sent out by the Industrial Workers challenging O'Connell to a debate, and making a number of charges against officers of labor unions.

The meetings of machinists was attended by about 1,000 men. International President O'Connell presided. President Gompers made the principal address, arguing for an eight-hour work day. He claimed that manufacturers opposed a nine-hour day because it could not be worked with any other combination of hours. He said it was easier to secure eight hours, because three turns could be worked without interference. The other speakers were John G. Lennon, treasurer of the A. F. of L., and John J. Cramer, who was the first national president of the machinists.

About 500 teamsters attended the meeting in Moorehead hall. Cornelius P. Shea, international president, made an address. Frank W. Poulson presided. Other addresses were made by Emmett Flood of Chicago and H. J. Welderker of Philadelphia, delegates to the convention. The teamsters are arranging for a mass meeting of all men employed in the teaming industry some night during the week.

The meeting under the auspices of the Second Presbyterian church in the Alvin theater yesterday afternoon was attended by a number of delegates. An address was made by the Rev. Charles Steltze, head of the department of labor of the Presbyterian church, the Rev. S. Edward Young made a short address on "Conscience," but did not touch on the labor problem.

Dr. Young, in his sermon, said:

"There was a time when you heard that you had conscience and then a day when you realized you had conscience and the hour came or will come for you to realize that conscience has you. One of the surest proofs that the American republic is yet anchored to the Almighty is that conscience fund kept in Washington, to which anonymous contributions are ever being secretly made by those whom conscience, that eternal, unbribable detective, persuades to disgorge ill-gotten gains or give in gold to make amends for secret wrongs. Some recent revelations lead us to suspect that, should all who ought unload their burdens there, it would be time for the keepers of the fund to tear down their barns and build greater.

"My only hope for the perfect adjustment of disputes between capital and labor resides in the education of private, social and public conscience. If I shall say here anything morally true, I shall have, as I say it, an ally in everybody's breast—conscience. Can I make appeal to you along the old lines of religious authority? To some of you I could—to some the appeal would idly fall; but speaking in terms of conscience I cannot fail. You and your other friends separate, will all part by and by—conscience will stay with you forever; therefore make your peace with it. Put up here a pair of scales. Place in one side all the world's place in the other duty, and conscience will declare the duty side overbalances the world, nor can you think of duty being on one side and God on the other. Why? God and duty and conscience are one."

Pittsburgh Pastors at Dedication.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The Methodist Episcopal church at Follansbee, W. Va., was dedicated this afternoon. The Rev. Dr. Terbush of Allegheny, presiding elder of the Washington district, preached the sermon and had charge of the dedicatory exercises. The Rev. D. R. Newton of Pittsburgh conducted the financial appeal and raised $1,000. The new church cost $3,000. The Rev. C. C. Hull is pastor. The Rev. T. S. Rowland of Jewett, O., has been called to the Third Presbyterian church of Steubenville.

The Death Roll.

James H. Reilly.

James H. Reilly, aged 91, died at his home in Crafton yesterday. Mr. Reilly was born in County Mayo, Ireland, and came to Pittsburgh with his parents when 15 years of age. After living here for several years he went to Wisconsin, and in 1852 he went to Black Hawk, Col., where he engaged in gold mining. He stayed in the west until five years ago, when he came to Crafton. He was a member of the St. Philips Roman Catholic church of Crafton, and is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Margaret Dunn, at whose home he died, and two sons, Hugh Reilly of Denver and John J. Reilly of Los Angeles.

Mrs. Catherine Eliza Siemon.

Mrs. Catherine Eliza Siemon, aged 68, died yesterday at her home in Noble avenue, Crafton. Mrs. Siemon was born in Germany and came to this country when a girl, settling in Pittsburgh. She has lived in Crafton for the last four years. She was a member of the First German Lutheran church of Pittsburgh, and is survived by her husband and the following children: Mrs. William S. Kaiser, Mrs. C. H. Borgerding, Miss Ada E. and Sydney J. M. Siemon, all of Crafton.

Mrs. William M. Tucker.

Mrs. Sarah Tucker, aged 66, wife of William M. Tucker, died yesterday morning at Washington, Pa. Her husband is a leading business man. Mrs. Tucker was a lifelong member of the Presbyterian church. Besides her husband, three children survive: Weir Tucker and Mrs. Herbert Allison of Washington, and William S. Tucker of South Franklin township. One sister, Margaret Weir, of Washington, is living.

Thomas Hefferson.

Thomas Hefferson died at 8 o'clock last evening at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Pittell, 1514 Colwell street, of a complication of diseases. Deceased was 66 years old, born in Ireland, emigrating to this country in 1866. He is survived by three daughters, Mrs. C. A. Pittell, Mrs. W. W. Crenhen and Miss Lizzie Hefferson, and one sister, Mrs. P. Brisley of Newfiekel, Pa.

Obituary Notes.

George H. Higgins, one of the best-known lawyers in Western Pennsylvania, died yesterday at Erie, Pa.

Mrs. Susan Valentine, aged 54, wife of Solomon Valentine, died at her home in Locust street, McKeesport, last night. She is survived by her husband and several children.

Mrs. Jennie Ruth, aged 45, wife of George Ruth, died yesterday at her home in Swissvale. Mrs. Ruth was a member of St. John's Lutheran church, and is survived by her husband and seven brothers.

John C. Ackerman, aged 38, of Spring alley, Sharpsburg, died last night. Mr. Ackerman was a heater at the Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s plant and a member of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church. He is survived by his parents, three brothers and five sisters.

Healthy South Side.

In last Saturday evening's papers seventeen cases of typhoid fever were reported to the bureau of health by physicians from all over the city, but none of them at all was from the South Side.

Many South Side doctors are opening offices down town or moving to the East End for good business reasons.

In regard to all of which an official of the Monongahela Water Company says "Comment is unnecessary."

"Whom shall I constitute as my executor or trustee?" A little booklet recently issued by the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh may help you to a wise and satisfactory solution of this grave problem. It will be mailed free upon request.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

MORGAN DISSECTS SPEECH OF KNOX

Alabama Senator Gives His Ideas on Proposed Rate Legislation.

HE STATES HIS OBJECTIONS

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 19.

Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama, the most outspoken member of congress, believes he has discovered a serious defect in the latest proposal by the administration for the solution of the problem of federal regulation of railroad rates. This proposal was made by Senator Knox of Pennsylvania in a speech delivered at Pittsburgh November 3. Senator Knox's ideas have been accepted by the administration, and will be embodied in the annual message which Mr. Roosevelt will send to congress December 5. It is a compromise, and the administration's admirers are proclaiming that the railroad rate fight is as good as won.

"Have you examined the speech of Mr. Knox at Pittsburgh November 3, in which he vindicates the President's policy as to railroad rate legislation?" Senator Morgan was asked today.

"Yes, I have examined it with some care, as I do everything that is said on public questions by that ingenious senator," replied Senator Morgan, "but I am in doubt whether his purpose is to vindicate the President's policy, or to induce him to change it, or to satisfy the railroads that nothing of practical importance to them or the people can ever result from its enactment into a law of congress. His argument is well adapted to either purpose.

Defends President's View.

"Mr. Knox states the President's view, as he sees it, and then proceeds to defend it, or rather to reconcile it to the railroads. That is a very friendly and soft statement of the President's belief which Mr. Knox undertakes to make, and he then proceeds to show how such platitudes can be worked into the shape of a law that will produce no results that are troublesome to the railroads or practically beneficial to the people.

"It seems to be a plea to the President to consider his zeal for stringent and summary rate legislation against the railroads until new courts with new combination of powers, which he proposes to create, can consider the situation and delay final action while the inquiry into their powers is being settled by constitutional courts.

"It seems to be a motion for a general continuance of the real controversy, predicated on a proposed law for its solution, which he presents for consideration. He proposes to throw the controversy into a 'quasi court,' with equity powers, in which trial by jury is dispensed with, and any final decree will be postponed to a more convenient season. If Mr. Knox is not directing his course to that point, I confess that I cannot intelligently follow him.

Mr. Morgan's Objection.

"As a Democrat and an American, my most earnest objection to this law is that it destroys the right of trial by jury in suits, or on complaints, that involve the question of the justice and reasonableness of railroad rates. Mr. Knox proposes to give the interstate commerce commission the jurisdiction and powers of a chancery court, in which a jury is not a necessary part of the court. The proposed law of Mr. Knox should be acceptable to the railroads, as it would save them from the harassment of trials by juries. It will never be satisfactory to the people, nor can it withstand their just and determined opposition.

"In trying to follow the argument of Mr. Knox to his conclusions I am unable to see that he concurs with any official pronouncement of the President as to rate-making, by the direct act of congress, or through a commission.

"The President asserts the right of congress to initiate and fix freight rates for interstate railroads and that such a statute is in legal effect a conclusive declaration of the reasonableness of such rates until it is otherwise declared in a controversy before a court of competent jurisdiction. Thus he gives to the courts the power to set aside a rate fixed even by congress, or by a commission, as a reasonable rate, and to substitute a different rate in its place.

"The President, in unofficial utterances, seems to limit this power of congress, or of a commission, to a maximum rate, instead of a special rate; and the burden of the argument of the learned senator seems to be to disprove the legal correctness of the President's position in both respects as to the power of congress to fix a rate before the railroads have prescribed one."

Board of Trade to Banquet.

Tomorrow evening the McKees Rocks Merchants' association, which was recently formed into a board of trade for the purpose of aiding in the development of the borough, will hold its annual banquet in Fraternal hall. The association is enlarging its membership, which formerly only included merchants, by taking in all business men of the town.

THE THREE RIVERS

The stage of water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 5.5 feet, and the river was stationary.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—River 11 feet and stationary. Departures were: Courier, Marysville and City of Louisville, Louisville.

LOUISVILLE—River stationary. In canal, 5 feet; on falls, 2.8; below locks, 9.8. Raining.

WARREN—River 2 feet and stationary.

GREENSBORO—River 7 feet 2 inches and stationary. Elite down, Monday; Columbia, up.

OIL CITY—River 2 feet 4 inches and falling.

GALLIPOLIS—River 5 feet 6 inches and stationary.

MT. PLEASANT—River 5 feet 6 inches and stationary. Down, Greenland.

STEUBENVILLE—River 6 feet 3 inches and falling. Clear and cool. Up, Ben Hur, 7 a. m.

WHEELING—River 6 feet 2 inches and stationary. Departed, Ben Hur and Kanawha, for Pittsburgh.

PARKERSBURG—River 7 feet and stationary.

MARIETTA—River 6.2, falling. Clearing and cool. Keystone State, up.

DIED.

BURR—On Saturday, November 18, 1905, at 10 p. m., WILLIAM BURR.

Funeral from the residence of Miss Alice Crider, at Perrysville, Pa., on Tuesday, November 21, at 10:30 a. m. Friends respectfully invited to attend.

DAILEY—On Saturday, November 18, 1905, at 4:30 p. m., GEORGE ELWOOD, son of Michael and Margaretta Dailey (nee Gesler), aged 6 years, 4 months and 25 days.

Funeral services at parents' residence, 398 Jackson street, Allegheny, on Tuesday, November 21, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private later.

DAVIES—Entered into rest, at his residence in Philadelphia, on Thursday, November 16, 1905, HOWELL DAVIES, in his 93d year.

Funeral from the chapel of H. Samson, Sixth avenue, this morning at 9 o'clock. Interment in Allegheny cemetery.

FERGUSON—Suddenly, on Saturday, November 18, 1905, at 8 p. m., of paralysis, ROBERT FERGUSON, in his 74th year.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 516 Kelly avenue, Wilkinsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, November 21, 1905, at 10 a. m. Interment private later in Homewood cemetery.

[Washington (Pa.) and Beaver (Pa.) papers please copy.]

HARRIS—On Thursday, November 16, 1905, at Granite City, Ill., ANNIE, wife of William Harris and daughter of George and Mary Jenkins.

Interment will take place from the home of her sister, Mrs. Evan R. Williams, 345 Lawn street, Oakland, on Monday at 2:30 p. m.

HAWKSWORTH—Suddenly, on Sunday, November 19, 1905, at 5:30 p. m., GEORGE H. HAWKSWORTH, in his 66th year.

Notice of funeral later.

(Altoona papers please copy.)

LOHREY—On Sunday, Nov. 19, 1905, at 11:20 a. m., BERTHA MAYBURY, wife of C. H. Lohrey, aged 22 years.

Funeral services at the late residence, 2243 East street, Allegheny, Wednesday at 1 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

(Cincinnati papers please copy.)

McELHINNEY—On Saturday, November 18, 1905, at 1 a. m., at Washington, D. C., ELLEN J., wife of the Rev. Dr. J. J. McElhinney.

Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. David Aiken, Anderson avenue, on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

McCORKLE—Suddenly, on Friday, November 17, 1905, at 7:30 a. m., MILTON H., husband of Mollie McCorkle (nee Patterson), aged 42 years.

Funeral services at the residence of his mother, Mary A. McCorkle, Castle Shannon, Pa., this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

[Mt. Pleasant (Pa.) papers please copy.]

McGIRR—On Sunday, November 19, 1905, at 2:45 p. m., at the family residence, Chatsworth avenue, near Mobile street, Hazelwood, JOHN J. McGIRR, in his 51st year.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MARTIN—At her residence, 1328 Washington avenue, Allegheny, on Sunday, Nov. 19, 1905, at 9 p. m., Mrs. ELIZABETH MARTIN, aged 69 years.

Funeral services at Emanuel church, North and Allegheny avenues, Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m. Interment private.

DIED.

RIPPEY—On Saturday morning, November 18, 1905, at 7:30 a. m., Mrs. MARY JANE, widow of Hugh Rippey.

Funeral services at her late residence, 1124 Main street, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, on Tuesday, November 21, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

(Philadelphia papers please copy.)

ROGERS—Suddenly, on Saturday, November 18, 1905, at 2:55 p. m., SAMUEL A. ROGERS, in his 49th year.

Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. Abbett, 919 Fulton street, Allegheny, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

SHLELEIN—On Friday, November 17, 1905, at 1:15 p. m., Mrs. ANNIE SHLELEIN.

Funeral services at her late residence, 1712 Marquis street, Allegheny, on Monday, November 20, 1905, at 2 p. m. Ladies Aid society of St. Paul's Lutheran church and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SIEMON—Entered into rest on Friday, November 17, 1905, at 10:30 p. m., CATHERINE ELIZA, beloved wife of Adam Siemon.

Funeral services at her late residence, Noble avenue, Crafton, on Monday, November 20, at 2 p. m. Interment later.

TEGELMEIER—On Sunday, November 19, 1905, at 2 p. m., HARRY AUGUST, son of August and Alice Tegelmeier, aged 2 years, 8 months and 19 days.

Funeral services at his parents' residence, 1319 Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

TORRENS—On Saturday morning, November 18, 1905, at 12:25 o'clock, FINLEY TORRENS, in his 88th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, 450 South Rebecca street, East End, Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

Do You Know
That there is great danger in an ordinary sore throat——
That Diphtheria and Quinsy start with sore throat——
That thousands of neglected cases have resulted in long sieges of illness and many times in death——
You Should Know
that there is a quick and positive cure for sore throat——
Hamlins Wizard Oil used as a gargle and externally, according to directions, will cure you.
Don't wait for disease to get a good hold——Be ready to check it in its infancy——Keep on hand a bottle of Wizard Oil——
HAMLINS——Take no other——
Price, 50c. and $1.00.
FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY
All Druggists.

TEETH Extracted Painless
We Give Veg-o-zon Safe as Sleep
Just the thing for nervous people.

Best Teeth $8.00 a Set
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work, $5.
New York Dentists,
Over 12 years in same place.
Corner Sixth and Liberty Streets.
Open nights till 9. Sundays 10 to 3.

You Know
That heart trouble is liable to prove fatal at any minute. If your heart is weak you have fainting, smothering, weak and hungry spells, shortness of breath when walking or going up stairs; heart is irregular, flutters or palpitates; have pains around the heart, in side and under shoulders, cannot sleep on left side; or have difficulty in breathing when lying down.
Then don't delay. Commence taking
Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure
This heart and blood tonic will cure you if taken in time.
"The time is when you notice any of the above symptoms.
"I am glad I was persuaded to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I suffered greatly from shortness of breath, palpitation, smothering spells, and pain around the heart. I took six bottles and was entirely cured, had no symptoms since."
JOHN K. TODD, P. M., Uniopois, O.
The first bottle will benefit, if not, the druggist will return your money.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
2007 Fifth Avenue.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

HAIR HEALTH Warranted to Renew youthful color and beauty to GRAY HAIR. Use only Hay's Hair Health. Most satisfactory Hair grower and dressing. Stops dandruff, hair falling and scalp diseases. Covers BALD spots. Don't stain skin or linen.
Large 50 Cent bottles, at leading druggists.

To Cure All Skin Diseases Use
Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream, or Magical Beautifier.
It Purifies and Beautifies the Skin.
FOR SALE AT DRUGGISTS.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure bad, foul stomach and constipation and so help to cure nearly every disease of man. They regulate, tone up and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

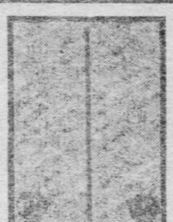
$1.95 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.
5,000 pairs to choose from.
FAMILY SHOE STORE,
407—Smithfield Street—407

JACKSONS
It's a Fact, Sir!
YES, SIR, it is an absolute fact that hundreds of the best dressed men in Pittsburgh are willing to hold up their right hand and swear that they never experienced full satisfaction with their clothes until they commenced buying Jackson clothes.
A man can buy his clothes here and get the best that's to be had without any injury to his pocketbook. $15, $18 or $20 will buy good looking, well tailored suits that any man would be proud to wear. Correct in cut, excellent fabric and guaranteed in every way.
We fit the body, please the eye and suit the purse and then say

"Match Us If You Can and Money Back On Demand."
JACKSONS 954 AND 956 Liberty St. Above Smithfield.

THE THANKSGIVING NUMBER of The INDEX is as choice as any turkey and as toothsome as a plum pudding—and only 5c the copy. Advance orders are large—get in your order now. There will be only one edition. The INDEX is only $2.00 the year—the biggest 200 cents' worth you will ever get. ¶Besides commissions to agents, it will distribute $7000.00 in premiums for subscriptions. INQUIRE AT ONCE of The INDEX.
531 Wood Street
Contest Department

Some of the Premiums: McCreery & Company, $1,250.00; Kaufmann Bros., $1,000.00; Rosenbaum Company, $500.00; Horne-Stewart Co., $250.00; Trip to Jamaica for Two; Mason & Hamlin Grand and Angelus—both of Hamilton Company; Scholarships of Pittsburgh Conservatory of Music, the Martin School and Berlitz School of Languages, and $750.00 in cash.
If a Tie, Premium Divided

Monday and Tuesday only we will sell the Reading Lamp shown, complete with white shade, chimney, mantle and tubing, for only
95c
This Two-Light Chandelier, mottled copper finish, complete with burners and globe for
$1.00

Monarch Light Supply Co.
710 PENN AVENUE

WOULDN'T it be a good idea to come straight to this office—now—while you think of it—and insure all your belongings against fire?
NATIONAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
ARROTT BUILDING, PITTSBURGH.

PLAYING CARDS. DIN, THE NEW FUNNY GAME
FLINCH—THE ACME OF PARLOR GAMES.
WE HANDLE ALL THE POPULAR GAMES
J. G. LAUER'S TOY HOUSE 620 LIBERTY, NEXT OLIVER AVENUE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPARTMENTS

If in doubt where to buy
jewelry
visit J. P. Steinmann,
24 Fifth St., near Penn Ave.
Wedding Rings.

For pleasing results use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet.
Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

A Western policy means reasonable cost and prompt, equitable settlement after the fire—
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
501-5 Arrott Building

MUNDORFF'S EYE GLASSES
22 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

B. & B.
Rather early to talk Christmas, but there's a strong undercurrent favoring early preparation that's making some departments quite busy.
We never had so many choice appropriate things.
The mammoth Toy Bazar is open.

broadcloths
Never was a season like this for Broadcloths.
This store never made such determined effort to meet every requirement.
Right now at a price range from 75c to $3.00 a yard we have for selection 55 Blues, 49 Browns, 32 Reds, 42 Tans and Castors, 21 Helios, 19 Greys, 5 Creams and 12 Blacks.
And you'll find that they're the right shades, and quality for the respective prices that gives this Broadcloth section a standing of its own that no one can consistently question.

Table of 56-inch Worsteds and Mannish Tweeds—Tan, Brown, Grey, Green, Blue Mixtures, $1.00 a yard.
What we want to call your special attention to is the large variety of Greys in the different shades, weaves and weights among them, and the great merit for the money—suitable for separate skirts, shirtwaist suits or the fashionable long-coat suits.

Just received and put on sale a new importation of Printed French Challies, light and dark grounds, with polka dots, neat figures, Dresden, Rose and Persian Printings—beautiful things. 50c
Table of odd styles and pieces French Challies, 35c
Printed Challies, 25c to 75c, including finest Silk stripes.
Plain colored all-wool Challies, 35c to 75c.

Got our Christmas boxes in early so those who wanted to select Waist and Suit patterns for gifts could have them placed in boxes and put away till wanted.

linen sale
Thanksgiving business always big, but never anything like this.
Prices, and the kind of Linens for the prices the attraction.
70-inch All-Linen Cream Table Damask, 60c a yard—note the quality.
68-inch heavy Full Bleached Irish Table Linen, 85c a yard—weight and texture beyond usual.
72-inch heavy double Damask, $1.25 a yard—fine rich goods.
Lot of Pattern Table Cloths, all linen—full bleached, 68 by 68-inch, $1.50—68 by 84-inch, $1.75—68 by 104-inch, $2.00—these are decidedly impressive values.
Some finer Pattern Table Cloths, price fixed in the interest of increased business—2 by 2 yards, $5.25—2 by 2½ yards, $6.50—2 by 3 yards, $10.25 to 4½ yards long, $15.50.
Napkins to match, ⅝ size, $5.75 a dozen, ¾ size, $8.25 a dozen.
Long Pattern Table Cloths, 4, 4½, 5 and 5½ yards, $4.00 to $21.75 each.
Napkins you want to see—21-inch All-Linen, $1.50 a dozen—23-inch better grade, $2.00 a dozen.
Napkins, $1.00 to $25.00 a dozen.
Decorative Linens—15-inch hand-scalloped and embroidered Center pieces, $1.00 each.
20-inch French Cluny Lace Center Pieces, $1.50.
Full assortment of Doylies and Centers to match.
Lace and Embroidered Lunch Cloths.
Linens of all kinds for all purposes.
The best—then a price that does the convincing.

first importation
Embroidered Batiste Robes—White, Light Blue, Light Pink, Navy Blue, Brown—combinations of solid and eyelet embroidery—$9.00 to $25.00.

Other items of interest in same section.
$1.50 Ivory Cotton Maltese Lace All-Overs for Waists, 50c
7-inch $1.25 Flouncings to match, 25c
Lot of 3 and 4-inch 40 and 50-cent Ivory Edges and double-edge bands, 15c
50-cent Butter color Applique Flouncings, 8 inches deep, 15c.
$2.00 White and Butter Color Applique and Alencon 45-inch Lace Nets for gowns and waists, $1.25

curtains to come for
Ten patterns Fancy White Swiss Curtains, 3 yards long, 45 inches wide, with hemstitched ruffle—heretofore $1.25—$1.00 a pair.
More patterns $2.50 Lace Curtains, $1.85 a pair
—They're Wire Nets, making this a most unusual and important proposition.
Sale of $6.50 White Irish Pointe Lace Curtains, $5.00 a pair.

New stock Shop of the Crafters and Arts and Crafts Furniture just received—Chairs, Tables, Book Fixtures, Celiarettes, etc.

Some unusual new Candlesticks in the Drapery Department—Antique designs.

Walk through the Picture section, second floor, and see the large variety of unusually choice new things.

Betsy Ross, Martha Washington, Peggy Shippen and Colonial Dames Rag Rugs, 30 by 60 inches, $1.85.

Ten thousand yards better Flannelettes, 8⅓c
—good, soft, fleecy fabrics, well woven and pretty.
Choice woven Stripes, Plaids, neat and medium checks.
Some Bourette Checks among them.

BOGGS & BUHL,
ALLEGHENY.

AMUSEMENTS.

BELASCO THEATER TONIGHT AT 8. SATURDAY MAT. at 2.
Mr. David Belasco Presents Mrs.
LESLIE CARTER IN "ZAZA"
NEXT WEEK | Mat. Wed., Thursday, Saty. Prices 25c to $1.50. Popular price Mat. Wed., 25c to $1.00
JEFFERSON DE ANGELIS in FANTANA
SEAT SALE THURSDAY.

Alvin Special Price Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. Best Res'd Seats 25c & 50c.
THIS WEEK
FRANK DESHON IN THE
OFFICE BOY
Next Week—"His Last Dollar."

GAYETY MATINEES DAILY.
VANITY FAIR
25c, 50c, 75c—GALLERY, 15c.
Next Week—CITY SPORTS.

NIXON— Only Mat. Sat.
Charles Frohman presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in her greatest success, "SUNDAY."
Best balcony seats 50c, 75c, $1. Gallery 25c.
Next Week, McINTYRE & HEATH.

AMUSEMENTS.

CARNEGIE HALL, PITTSBURGH.
BURTON HOLMES
TRAVELOGUES
PASSION PLAY TUESDAY EVENING AT 8.
Prices $1 to 25c at Mellor's.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS Academy
"THE HOME OF BURLESQUE"
BATTLING NELSON
With Fay Foster Burlesquers.

EMPIRE THEATER. Up Town, Collins Ave. Reached by All Car Lines.
This Week—Joseph Santley, the Boy Actor, in "A RUNAWAY BOY."
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Week—The House of Mystery.

Grand CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE 1:30 TO 10:45 P.M.
MADAME EUGENIE MANTELLI
15 BEST VAUDEVILLE ACTS.

STOCK MARKET STANDS TEST OF A DEFICIT IN RESERVES

Wall Street Meets the Rate of 25 Per Cent for Call Money With Remarkable Success—Bulk of Stock in Strong Hands.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The stock market last week was subjected to the unusually severe test provided by a large deficit in reserves and the resultant rate of 25 per cent for call money. It is everywhere conceded that this test was met with remarkable success. The reasons were manifold. Perhaps the most important of these lay in the fact that the bulk of stocks has long been held in strong hands, in Wall street parlance, either by individuals of large means or by pools whose resources are almost limitless and by whom provision against extreme fluctuation in call money had been made through extensive time loans maturing later in the season. Again, the exceptional rates at once attracted to this center funds in great volume from interior cities and from Canada and Europe, and with their coming rates receded and the local money lending institutions were relieved of a large share of their burden.

The European funds were obtained through sales of finance bills, and the liberal offerings of these bills served to depress the foreign exchange market to a point below the quotations prevailing when imports of gold were made earlier in the season. Knowledge of this fact in itself imparted confidence, for it indicated, to all appearances, a source of reserve replenishment. The possibility of deposits of government funds also went far to lessen the shock attending the depletion of surplus reserves and the technical position of the stock market, as a result of extensive short sales, made for firmness. Fully as potent as these various factors was the course pursued by certain of the most powerful banking institutions of the financial district. By them it was considered that the liquidation of the previous week, added to that which took place on Monday, under the full effect of the unfavorable bank return, had been so nearly corrective of the speculative situation that it would, under the circumstances, serve no useful purpose to force further liquidation, and might even work harm in other directions.

This decision, which must find its justification in the course of speculation from this time on, undoubtedly served to allay apprehension among those having in charge the market welfare of many securities and promoted the recoveries and subsequent advances in these issues. In general there was apparent the conviction that a deficit of nearly $2,500,000 and 25 per cent money represented practically the culmination of money disturbances, and that however slowly this should proceed, improvement might be reasonably expected thereafter.

PRODUCE MEN HAVE GOOD AND BUSY WEEK

Strong Demand for All Kinds of Supplies, With Few Changes in Prices.

Saturday closed a very busy week in the local markets. Trade was very good during the entire week and the demand for supplies of all kinds was very strong. There were few changes in prices of any importance. The supply of Irish potatoes was much heavier than during the previous week, and if the heavy receipts keep up there is a possible chance of a reduction of a few cents until the demand is strong enough to catch up with the supply. The jobbers have slightly reduced their prices on Irish potatoes in carload lots. This is probably due to the fact much of the shipments is in common box cars and liable to get frozen. The sale of sweet potatoes is very good.

Each day brings a larger supply of chickens. It has been several months since so many of them have been in the market, and the best fowls can be bought at very moderate prices. The supply of turkeys is also good, and medium prices will likely rule at Thanksgiving time.

The only change in the provision market during the past week was the reduction in price of a few grades of hams. Heavy hams and skinned hams were both reduced. New York shoulders, cut and skinned, were advanced.

The cheese market continues steady, with little change in prices.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts.

Receipts Saturday were: Pennsylvania lines, 38 cars hay, 17 cars corn, 17 cars oats, 2 cars rye, 1 car feed and 1 car straw. Baltimore & Ohio, 4 cars hay, 1 car corn, 4 cars oats and 1 car feed. Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, 4 cars hay and 1 car rye.

The market was very steady all week, with a tendency toward higher prices on oats and hay toward the end. The arrivals of oats are limited and are quickly picked up at top prices. Better grades of timothy, clover and timothy mixed are firm; lower grades are not as easily disposed of. Receipts of corn have been heavy, but so far the market has taken all arrivals. Straw is very scarce. No change in the price of feed.

No. 1 timothy	$18.00@18.25
No. 2	$17.00@17.50
No. 1 clover	$15.75@16.25
No. 2 clover	$9.75@10.25
No. 1 mixed	$16.75@17.25
No. 2 mixed	$8.25@9.75
Straw, oat	$7.50@8.00
do wheat	$7.50@8.00
do rye	$9.25@9.75
No. 2 white oats	$5.75@6.25
No. 3 white oats	$5.25@5.50
No. 4 oats	$3.50@4.50
No. 1 white middlings	$19.75@20.00
No. 2 middlings	$18.50@19.00
do brown	$17.00@17.50
Bran, ton	$16.75@17.00
Wheat, No. 2 red, new, at mill	.75@80c
Corn—Yellow shelled	63@63½c
High mixed	61½@62c
Yellow ear	64@65c
New yellow ear	59@61c
Mixed ear	62@62½c
No. 2 Michigan rye	.72@73c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small	$8.25@8.35
do mammoth	$8.35@8.45
do crimson	$5.50@6.00
do white	
Dutch	$9.75@11.50
Alsike	$8.00@8.10
Alfalfa	$8.00@8.25
Millet, Western	$1.35@1.50
Southern	$1.95@2.00
Grass, Hungarian	.90c@$1.00
do lawn, lb	.18@18c
do blue, 14-lb bu	$1.50@1.90
do red top, 14-lb bu	$1.10@1.00
Timothy	$1.55@1.65

PRODUCE.

Potatoes	.50@55c
Sweet potatoes, Va., bbls	$1.50@1.75
do Jersey, fancy, bbl	$2.75@3.00
do med., bbl	$1.75@2.00
do fancy, hamper	$1.00@1.25
Onions, bu	.02@90c
do Spanish, crates	$1.50@1.60
do Yellow Danvers, bbls	$2.00@2.25
Silver skins, bbls	$2.75@3.00
Cabbage, domestic, bbl	$1.50@1.75
do G. S	$1.50@1.75
do red	$1.75@2.00
Green peppers, bbl	$1.00@1.25
do bu	.40@50c
Green beans, bu	$1.00@1.50
Wax beans, bu	$1.00@1.50
Celery, Ohio, large bunches	.35@40c
do small bunches	.20@25c
Lettuce, bskt	.35@40c
do doz	.45@60c
do head, bskt	.75@$1.00
do hampers	$1.25@1.50
Spinach, bskt	.50@60c
Rutabagas, bbl	$1.25@1.50
Cranberries, box	$3.00@3.50
do bbls	$12.00@15.00
Eggplant, crt	$3.00@3.50
Garlic, lb	.8@10c
Watercress, doz	.25@35c
Cauliflower, bbls	$1.00@4.50
Carrots, bbls	$1.75@2.00
Cucumbers, Boston, doz	$1.75@2.00
Turnips, bbl	$1.50@1.75
do bu	.50@60c
Beets, bbls	$1.50@1.75
do doz	.25@30c
Squash, marrow-fats, bbl	$1.75@2.00
Hubbard, bbl	$1.50@1.75
Lima beans, qt	.2½@30c
Popcorn, lb	.4@5c
Mint, doz	.50@60c
Parsley, doz	.40@50c
Parsnips, bu	$1.75@2.00
Horseradish	$5.50@6.00

CANNED GOODS

Peaches, sta. pie	$1.65
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00
do California, L. C	$1.80@2.15
do California, F. F	$1.90@2.25
Corn, fancy	$1.10@1.20
do stnd	.80@90c
Cherries, California, white	$2.50@2.75
Lima beans	$1.25@1.45
do soaked	.75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	.65@75c
do 3-lb	.90@$1.00
Stringless beans	$1.10@1.00
Peas, marrowfat	.80@90c
do early June	.75@90c
do soaked	.55@65c
Plums, California	$1.40@1.65
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$3.50@2.75
Pineapples	$1.25@2.50
Raspberries	.85@95c
Gooseberries	.85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.10@1.30
do standard	$1.05@1.10
do gal	$2.50
Succotash, 2-lb cans	$1.10@1.95
Baked beans, cans	.75@85c
tomato sauce	.75@85c
Salmon, doz	.95c@$1.00
do red, 1-lb flats	.95c@$1.00
do pink, 1-lb talls	.81@82.10
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.20@2.40
do 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.30
Mackerel, broiled	$1.50@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$2.80@3.60
do mustards, ¼s	$2.50
do French, ¼s	$6.50@18.50

HIDES.

Heavy green salt steers, over 60 lbs	.13c
Light steers No. 1	.12½c
Cows, all weights	.12½c
Bulls, No. 1, over 60 lbs	.10c
Calf, green salt, No. 1	.13c
do No. 2	.11c

FRUITS.

Apples, bbls, Kings fancy	$3.00@3.50
Other fancy varieties	$4.00@4.50
do choice	$3.00@3.50
do California, box	$3.00@3.25
Lemons, Messinas, fancy	$3.50@5.00
do choice	$4.00@4.50
California	$4.00@4.50
Oranges, Jamaica	$3.00@3.25
Florida	$3.25@3.50
Cocoanuts, bags	$2.25@3.50
do doz	.45@50c
Bananas, 1st	$1.50@2.00
do 2nds	$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, smooth Cayennes	$4.50@5.00
Pears, bu	.75@85c
do Kiefers, hamper	.75@90c
do bbls	$2.50@2.00
Limes, per 100	$2.00@2.50
Dates, stuffed	.10c
Figs, California, box	$1.00
Grapes, 8-lb basket, Concord	.20@25c
Catawbas, 4-lb basket	.14@15c
do Tokay, crates	$2.00@2.25
Malaga, bbl	$5.00@6.50
do fancy	$6.00@7.00
Quinces, bskt	.75c@$1.00
Grape fruit, Florida	$4.50@5.00
Jamaica	$4.00@4.50

PROVISIONS.

Hams, 18 lbs. and up	.10½c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	.10½c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	.11c
10 lbs. and under	.11½c
Skinned	.10½c
Boneless boiled	.17c
California	.7½c
Shoulders, N. Y., cut	.8½c
do skinned	.8½c
Ribs, 10 to 15 lbs	.12½c
do 10 to 12 lbs	.12c
do back strips	.11½c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	.13c
do 10 to 12 lbs	.12½c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	.11½c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	.9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	.9½c
do 16 to 20 lbs	.9½c
do under 16 lbs	.9½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	.10c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	.10½c
do 16 to 20 lbs	.10½c
do under 16 lbs	.10½c
Lard, pure, tierces	.7½c

JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

Potatoes, car lots, fancy, bu	.70@75c
Virginia sweets	$1.00@1.25
Cabbage, G. S., ton	$18.00@20.00
do domestic, ton	$14.00@15.00
Apples, Fancy, bbl	$2.50@3.50
Choice, bbl	$2.50@3.50
Grapes, 8-lb basket	.20@25c
do Concords	.23@25c
do Catawbas	.12½@13c
Onions, bbl	$1.75@1.90
do bu	.60@65c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live hens, heavy	.11@12c
do light	.9@10c
do springers	.11@12c
do roosters	.6@7c
do turkeys	.15@17c
do geese	.12@13c
do ducks	.12@13c
do pigeons, doz	.40@50c
Dressed hens	.14@17c
do springers	.15@17c
do roosters	.11@12c
do turkeys	.21@22c
do Long Island ducklings	.20c
do ducks	.17@18c
do capon, lb	.20@22c
Squab, doz	$3.75@4.00
do No. 2	$2.00@2.25
Ducks, ruddy	$1.25
do red head	$1.75@3.00
do canvas-back	$2.75@3.00
Imit. golden plover, doz	$5.00
do black plover	$1.50
English pheasants, per pair	$3.25
Reed birds, doz	$1.25
Snappers, per lb	.8@9c
Pigeons, pair	.30@35c
Frogs, doz	$2.25@2.50
Rabbits, pair	.40@50c
Squirrel, doz	$2.00@2.25

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter. Prints	.25@27c
Tubs	.25@26c
Ohio cream	.23@24c
Dairy	.17@18c
Cooking	.16½@17c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream, new	.14@14½c
Ohio full cream	.13@14½c
do ¾ cream	.13@13½c
do Pioneer	.14½@15c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	.15@15½c
do block	.14@15c
Eggs, imported	.27@27½c
do Limburger, new	.12@12½c
do 5-lb brick, new	.14@14½c
do Neufchatel, large box	.90c@$1.00
do Shefford, box	.85c
Eggs, selected	.30@27c
do strictly nearby fresh	.28@29c
do southern	.23@.19
do storage	.22@23c

DRIED FRUITS.

Raisins, 1-lb pkgs	.8@9½c
Evap. peaches, 25-lb box	.10@12½c
Evap. apples, 1-lb pkge	.8½@9c
Evap. apricots, 25-lb box, choice	.10@11½c
do fancy	.11@13c
Cleaned currants, 1-lb pkgs	.7½@7¾c
Prunes, Cal., lb	.5@10c

NUTS.

Chestnuts, fancy	.8@10c
do choice	.5@6c
Hickory nuts, bu	$1.75@2.00
Walnuts, lb	.8@9.5c
Shellbarks	$2.00@2.25
English walnuts, lb	.12@13c
Butternuts	$1.25@1.50
Hazel nuts, lb	.11@12c
Almonds, lb	.14@15c
Pecans, lb	.11@12c

NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 16 of the constitution, for the week ended Saturday, November 18:

BANKS.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals	Deposits.	Average Circulation.
Bank of New York, Nat. Bkg. Assn.	$ 16,761,000	$ 2,286,000	$ 1,197,000	$ 14,833,000	$ 1,758,000
Manhattan Company	21,624,000	4,234,000	3,338,000	26,039,000	.....
Merchants National	11,589,900	2,534,500	1,322,000	14,858,300	.....
Mechanics National	19,542,000	2,423,900	1,861,000	18,679,000	529,200
Bank of America	21,977,600	4,689,500	2,164,300	24,278,000	.....
Phoenix National	5,596,000	702,000	306,900	4,805,000	995,100
National City	156,218,300	27,895,000	7,030,100	161,856,400	9,129,200
Chemical National	24,461,300	4,763,100	1,743,500	23,426,600	.....
Merchants Exchange National	5,501,200	970,800	622,200	6,388,800	223,000
Gallatin National	8,279,600	949,700	693,200	8,068,500	985,200
National Butchers and Drovers	2,643,800	518,600	73,800	2,805,500	48,500
Mechanics and Traders	5,427,000	982,000	682,000	6,885,000	.....
Greenwich Bank	4,139,700	884,900	426,400	4,609,200	.....
American Exchange National	28,863,000	3,218,300	1,578,500	30,189,500	4,997,500
National Bank of Commerce	132,971,100	17,783,000	10,611,600	110,673,300	10,741,400
Mercantile National	21,478,800	3,629,900	1,482,700	17,083,400	2,467,900
Pacific	3,303,900	629,800	421,900	3,973,900	.....
Chatham National	5,902,300	638,400	875,400	6,374,400	49,200
Peoples	2,128,800	407,700	340,300	2,795,600	.....
National Bank of North America	13,220,900	1,295,400	1,416,600	10,827,400	1,137,000
Hanover National	48,955,600	5,966,100	5,822,700	56,672,500	1,480,000
Irving National Bank	7,177,900	1,161,400	311,700	8,497,000	243,300
Citizens Central National Bank	28,427,500	3,095,500	1,107,800	28,456,700	1,559,900
Nassau Bank	3,231,900	520,600	345,800	3,378,700	.....
Market and Fulton National	6,979,100	971,000	785,300	6,861,900	30,500
National Shoe and Leather	6,675,500	1,485,900	347,500	8,589,300	198,700
Corn Exchange Bank	59,866,000	5,599,000	4,446,000	57,443,000	.....
Oriental	8,256,500	1,154,800	533,300	8,876,800	.....
Importers and Traders National	23,534,000	3,648,000	1,421,000	26,417,000	47,100
National Park Bank	68,532,000	15,145,000	3,894,000	75,445,000	2,878,500
East River National Bank	1,941,000	255,200	183,100	1,666,000	49,200
Fourth National Bank	17,862,800	2,896,000	1,358,800	18,962,900	50,000
Second National Bank	10,095,000	1,816,000	1,122,000	12,137,000	284,000
First National Bank	92,368,900	15,408,600	2,068,400	78,219,000	9,232,900
New York National Exchange	8,486,000	1,700,800	316,200	8,012,500	686,700
Bowery Bank	3,273,000	825,000	277,000	3,809,000	.....
New York County National	4,625,700	1,093,000	502,900	4,770,200	50,000
German-American	3,942,500	637,000	211,700	3,774,200	.....
Chase National	42,089,400	8,787,700	1,625,800	42,555,400	200,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	3,056,300	2,287,900	549,500	10,744,300	.....
German Exchange Bank	2,182,000	756,000	635,000	2,976,000	.....
Germania Bank	2,247,500	632,200	384,500	2,875,300	.....
Lincoln National Bank	11,954,100	1,311,200	1,800,800	13,684,600	298,100
Garfield National Bank	7,403,400	1,427,600	316,100	7,655,700	49,500

IT MAY BE A NEW FIELD, OR ONLY AN EXTENSION

Lower southwest operators failed to make any discoveries out of the ordinary during the past week. As many wells were completed in all districts as has been the rule for some time, but they were not important as to location and for that reason were of little interest to any but the few directly interested in the locations in which they were completed.

The nearest approach to anything out of the ordinary was in the new development to the southwest of the Yellow creek field in Calhoun county. Development work in that section has now progressed to a point that gives assurance of an extension to the old field or the discovery of a new and distinct pool. During the week the confirmation of one or the other theory was further accentuated by the South Penn Oil Company when it drilled in its No. 3 on the G. W. Silcott farm and got a good producer in the Berea grit. The wells on the Silcott farm are on the north bank of the Little Kanawha river. The previous week the Federal Oil Company drilled in a well on the McConaughy farm on the south bank of the river and secured a good producer, making three in all in the new development.

The completion of the three wells has given a wonderful impetus to development work to the southwest, and in a short time there will be a line of test wells drilling along the entire stretch of intervening territory between the old and the new developments. The untested territory along that line is about two miles in length and a width to be determined by future operations.

The new wells to the southwest start at about 60 barrels a day and in the course of a few weeks settle down to about half that amount and are then steady producers. This was the record of the first well completed and is now more than a month old.

In the older part of the field there is still considerable activity. The late wells are light as compared with the first drilled in the field. Shooting the old producers is quite common, and for a time brings an increase in production. During the week the Carter Oil Company gave its No. 8 on the J. E. Snyder farm a shot and increased its production to 100 barrels a day.

Pleasants county is as active as any of the shallow sand districts in the way of new work of an experimental kind. Over a large part of the county operators are looking for extensions or new pools. In the St. Mary's district some very good producers have been completed within the month. The most of this work has been started and some completed since the market was advanced. The unexpected slump will not cause an abandonment of development work in this county for the reason that the territory can be operated at a less cost than in almost any part of West Virginia.

Near Kidwell, on Pursley creek, Ellsworth district, Tyler county, the Melrose Oil and Gas Company drilled in a test on the W. T. Leazure farm that may lead up to something important. The oil in this test was developed in the Keener formation and the second day after it was drilled into the pay produced 150 barrels. While it takes more than one well to presage a pool, it is admitted that the outlook is somewhat encouraging. Whether or not the new well indicates a new pool, operators are losing no time in getting ready to try out the surrounding territory. The Melrose Oil and Gas Company is starting No. 2 on the same farm and has made a number of locations. To the northwest the Southern Oil Company holds leases on several farms and has made the location for a test on the Boreman farm. When the new work starting and contemplated is near completion it will be interesting to a good many to note the result, as much will depend on future work in that locality.

On Goose creek, Grant district, Ritchie county, the Southern Oil Company, the oil producing end of the Pittsburgh Oil and Gas Company, completed its test on the C. Templeton farm, located in new territory and got a producer good for 25 or 30 barrels a day in the Salt sand. The Southern company holds leases on a large acreage in that section and will begin aggressive development work. For a number of months the Southern, although a large holder of territory, has done very little work in the lower southwest or Southeastern Ohio.

The deep sand districts furnished nothing better than light wells. Operators show no inclination to push development work. The gas companies and one or two of the larger oil companies are active, but the latter are confining their efforts to the old fields. For a time it looked favorable for a revival of operations, but the upward movement in the market had a discouraging effect when it suddenly stopped and fell back. Many of the locations made soon after the advance began have progressed no farther than locations and the work contemplated will be held in abeyance indefinitely.

In the extreme lower southwest, in Putnam county, the natives are starting some experimental work. Ever since the discovery and development of the big Lime pool, near Milton, Cabell county, native talent down that way has been of the opinion that Putnam county was oil-producing territory and they have backed up their convictions by drilling a number of test wells. About the only result up to the present has been the discovery of some very good gas wells in the Salt sand. Operations in the old Milton district, in Cabell, are at a standstill. The interior of the pool has been fully developed and there is no longer any hope of finding an extension.

Operators in the shallow sand district in Southeastern Ohio are keeping up development work to about the same volume as has been the rule for several months. The shallow sand districts in Washington county show the most completions, but the best average in production of the wells completed in Southeastern Ohio are located in the Berea grit development, east of Woodsfield, in Monroe county.

In the new development, south of the Adams pool, in Harrison county, new work is starting and promises to increase if the wells now drilling in advance of developments come in good producers. The new development now has a production of 400 barrels a day and the prospects are very favorable for an increase.

One fair producer and a gasser was the best the development on Wills creek, north of Steubenville, Jefferson county, could do as its week's record.

While there is an increase in development work in the Southwest fields, there is no marked activity in any particular locality. West of Barkerston, in tunnel, Allegheny county, the wells drilling in advance are due in the sand and by the end of the present week more will be known of the prospects for an extension.

North and east of Bakerstown, in Butler county, there is some new work starting in the vicinity of the Crown Petroleum Company's recently completed producer on the Morrow farm. The oil in the Morrow farm well was encountered in 100-foot formation, and contrary to the rule is light amber in color, instead of dark green. This fact makes the well look a little of the freak order. In many of the very old districts in Butler county wells are now drilling where lethargy had prevailed for a long period.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
November 17	93,077	November 16	83,972
Previously	1,340,447	Previously	987,399
Total	1,433,524	Total	1,020,371
Daily average	83,853	Daily average	85,972

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
November 17	93,743	November 18	61,271
Previously	954,153	Previously	895,892
Total	1,047,896	Total	957,163
Daily average	86,658	Daily average	63,722

Foreign Markets Uneasy.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—(Copyright Cable.)—Owing to foreign influence, the bourse showed hesitation throughout the week, and at times real uneasiness. Russian issues naturally stood the brunt of the news from St. Petersburg.

Altogether the market stood rather well in view of other news from abroad, such as the high rates prevailing at the liquidation in London and the fears of a financial crisis in Egypt. There will be no public subscription at Paris to the new Japanese loan, speculative movements are at a low ebb, copper stocks are stronger and Rio Tintos are slightly higher than the preceding week.

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The Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh

335, 337, 339 FOURTH AVENUE

CAPITAL ..... $ 1,500,000
SURPLUS $20,000,000

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STATEMENT.

(Year ending June 30th, 1905.)

Gross receipts	$115,664.45
Operating expenses	60,915.17
Net earnings	$ 54,749.28
Interest charge, taxes, sinking fund, etc	39,645.64
Surplus	$ 15,103.64

Increase of net earnings for quarter ended August 31, 1905, over 40%.

A number of Maine Banks have already secured a portion of this issue. We offer the remaining $200,000 subject to prior sale or advance in price without notice, at 101 and accrued interest.

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Surplus	$760,000

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GAY CHRYSANTHEMUMS NOD FAREWELL TO THE PUBLIC

Closing Day of the Flower Show at Phipps Conservatory Draws Thousands to Schenley Park. Crowds Also Enjoy the Art Gallery

With more than ordinarily pleasant weather for this season of the year and with the art exhibit, the organ recital and the chrysanthemum show as attractions, the crowds which visited Schenley park yesterday surpassed the expectations of park officials. Supt. Burke estimated the number at between 8,000 and 10,000 and it looked to be larger. In steady streams the people poured into the pleasant paths of the park and had it not been for the chilly breezes and bare trees one might have supposed that it was the early spring instead of the middle of November.

At the art gallery the prize winners were the center of attraction, and so numerous were those who desired to see the treasures that the visitors had to form in line, make the circuit of the rooms and pass out on the other side.

At the Phipps conservatory the interest was equally great, as yesterday marked the close of the show for this season. For a week or more past the blooms have been losing their freshness and it was only by patching that Supt. Wright and his assistants kept the flowers presentable for the final showing.

Mr. Edward Napier's organ recital at Carnegie hall attracted crowds from 1 o'clock until the close at 5, and the visitors were delighted.

A noticeable fact about the large crowd was the comparative scarcity of city folks, the people being drawn rather from the surrounding towns. Excursions were run from Steubenville and other places down the river, and the travelers appeared to be well satisfied with their pilgrimage.

"IS THERE A HEAVEN AND IS THERE HELL?"

The Rev. Dr. W. H. W. Rees Declares That Both Exist and Begin Here.

"Is There a Hell? Is There a Heaven?" were the questions answered affirmatively by the Rev. Dr. W. H. W. Rees from the pulpit of the Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal church last evening. He took for his text St. Matthew xxv:46, "These shall go away into everlasting punishment, but the righteous into life eternal," and said in part:

Many people are quick to repel that which is not pleasing to them in religious belief. Scarcely ever do we find those who do not believe in heaven, but there are many who declare their unbelief in a place of future punishment. Heaven and hell are begun here. Heaven is not merely gates of pearl, white robes, sheets of gold, palms of victory. Heaven is holiness, character, likeness to God—something that is within you. Hell is not a lake of fire and brimstone, blackness of darkness, smoke of torment. Hell is sin, unlikeness to God, separation from God.

Sin is the living worm, the lasting fire. Hell may be argued from the law of cause and effect. This law holds no more certainly in the realm of the physical than it does in the realm spiritual. Virtue has its reward; vice, its penalty. The unforgiven soul is its own, and only chamber of tortures, and globes within itself all there is of perdition. Man is building his own hell here. The torment of hell will be twofold: The loss of this present world and the loss of heaven.

Is there a heaven? It is said that John Foster used to walk the aisles of his church by moonlight and by starlight until he wore a path in the solid pavement struggling with the questions of immortality and fashioning those mighty thoughts which Robert Hall said were "like wagons loaded with gold." He used to kneel in charnel houses and pray the dead to give some knowledge of the invisible world; but no voice answered. So we stand beside our dead and long for some message from the spirit land to which they have gone. Jesus only breaks the stillness and says: "In my Father's house are many mansions."

Heaven is called Eden, Canaan, Jerusalem, the Temple, a city, a home, a country, an inheritance. It is a place of purity, a happy place, no tears nor sorrow there; the perfection of our intellectual powers will obtain there. Heaven will be a place of happy reunions. Our dead live in the presence of God, and we shall see them and behold the face of our adorable Lord, and this of itself will constitute heaven.

BURNING OF SERVETUS, THE CRIME OF CALVIN

So Says the Rev. Dr. W. A. Stanton in Discussing Swiss Religious History.

Under the sermon theme, "Geneva—the City of Calvin and Servetus," the Rev. Dr. W. A. Stanton of the Shady Avenue Baptist church told the story of religious intolerance in the early days of that Swiss community.

Dr. Stanton, who recently spent several days in Geneva, told of its beauties and how it had passed through the stages of a Roman town before Christ, becoming the capital of Burgundy in 433 A. D., and in the possession of the Franks a century later. He told of it joining the Swiss confederation in 1518 and that in 1536 it established by law the Reformed religion. Continuing, Dr. Stanton said:

Six years later and for the next 23 years Geneva was under the absolute and despotic control of the great preacher and theologian, John Calvin. The college that he founded in 1559, the church in which he preached, even the same old pulpit and the chair in which he sat, are all there today and regularly used. In that same pulpit John Knox preached for a year or more when it was not wise for him to remain in Scotland. Two centuries after Calvin Geneva became the birthplace of another man who was a great contrast to Calvin. He was Jean Jacques Rousseau, the son of a Geneva watchmaker, the author of "The Social Contract," "Emile" and other writings on political and social economy. In 1763, by the influence of Voltaire and the University of Paris, the hangman of Geneva publicly burned Rousseau's books and condemned him. Now the city has named a beautiful little island in the Rhone, that divides the city into two parts, for this same condemned citizen, made a public park of it and erected there a fine bronze statue of the once hated author.

After giving an account of the life of Calvin and of his leadership in the religious reformation of Europe, Dr. Stanton referred to the burning of Servetus as the great blot upon the fair fame of Calvin. He told how Servetus, a Spanish physician and writer, had fled from France to Geneva for refuge; how he had a right to expect protection from Calvin, who himself had once been a religious refugee; how Calvin deceitfully had him arrested, appeared against him as a witness in the trial for heresy and consented to his death. Dr. Stanton continued:

It is true that Calvin tried to save him from the fagots and have him beheaded, as a death less painful, but that would have been bad enough. What made it all the more shocking was that in a spirit of confidence, seven years before, Servetus had sent to Calvin the manuscript of his writing on the restoration of Christianity, asking his corrections and suggestions. Calvin kept the manuscript and used it against the writer when he had the opportunity. As Servetus stood tied to the stake this same manuscript was cruelly tied to his girdle to perish with him.

In 1481 Roman Catholics burned Joan of Arc as an alleged sorceress, and in 1553 Protestants burned Michael Servetus as an alleged heretic. Now Catholicism confesses its wrong by the canonization of Joan and Protestantism proposes to confess its wrong by a monument of expiation on the spot of the burning. The inscription proposed is this:

"To Michael Servetus, burned for his convictions at Champel (a suburban Genevan hill), October 27, 1553, victim of the religious intolerance of his times." The Protestants and friends of Calvin have erected this expiatory monument to repudiate all coercion in matters of faith, and to proclaim their invincible attachment to the gospel and to liberty.

Smooth it over as we may, the burning of Servetus, no matter what his heresy, was the crime of Calvin and of Geneva. Had the spirit and teachings of Jesus Christ controlled men, neither this Spaniard nor any other man or woman would ever have been put to death for their religious convictions. Crime is no less crime though done in the name of religion.

Lay Church Corner Stone.

ROCHESTER, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The corner stone of the new Methodist Episcopal church at Baden was laid at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The ceremony was in charge of the Rev. J. Carroll, pastor of the congregation. A sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. H. L. Chapman of Pittsburgh, and the Rev. A. M. Reed, pastor of the United Presbyterian church at Conway, spoke. The new church will be brick and will seat 500. It will cost $5,000.

CATCHES THEM RED-HANDED.

Policeman Conley Arrests Two Men in the Act of Holding Up and Robbing Their Victim.

Edward Kearns of Tustin street is being held at Central station as a suspicious person and today an information will be made against him for highway robbery. He was arrested about 4 o'clock yesterday morning by Officer Morgan Conley at Fourth avenue and Cherry alley.

The officer heard cries for police and found Kearns holding Patrick McDonough around the neck while another man was searching him. Conley caught Kearns but his pal got away. McDonough, who lives in Vickroy street, says the two men jumped out on him as he was passing along Fourth avenue. They struck him in the eye with a billy, garroted him and took his watch and chain.

JOHN GABLE OF GROVETON FAILS TO PROVE CHARGE

John Gable of Groveton is said to have imbibed too freely on Saturday night and complained to Officer William Schuler that Robert Ramsey had robbed him of $20 near the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie depot. Officer Schuler arrested both Gable and Ramsey and sent them to the police station, charging the former with drukenness and the latter with being a suspicious person. At the hearing yesterday Gable failed to substantiate his story of the night before and was sentenced to pay $5 or five days to jail, while Ramsey was discharged.

Is Your Hair Sick?

That's too bad! We had noticed it was looking pretty thin and faded of late, but naturally did not like to speak of it. By the way, Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair grower, a perfect hair restorer. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy; and stops falling hair. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Before using Ayer's Hair Vigor I had very thin and very poor hair. But I continued to use the vigor until my hair greatly improved in every way. I have used it off and on for the past ten years."—MRS. M. DRUMMOND, Newark, N. J.

THEOLOGY AND RELIGION ARE BEING CONFUSED

So Declares the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy in His Sunday Lecture on "My Religion."

"My Religion" was the theme of the Sunday lecture delivered yesterday morning in Carnegie Music hall, Allegheny, by the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy, rabbi of the Reformed Congregation Rodeph Shalom. Dr. Levy endeavored to make clear his own position on the question of religion, saying in part:

For ages and ages men have confused the terms of theology and religion, dogma and life, creed and deed, and for many ages men have estimated the character of their fellowbeings by the label on which was inscribed the name of their denomination, so that when one was called by a certain faith, it was presumed that he embodied in his life the highest ideals of that faith. Nothing is more erroneous, nothing could be more saddening than to contrast the mode of life with the terms of creed; nothing is more disappointing to the thoughtful individual than the observation of the perfidies of Pharisaism and thorough-going bigotry.

To a great extent, I believe this double life is due to the confusion existing in men's minds as to the proper spheres of theology and religion, for when men will once understand that it is the life that counts rather than the belief, I am of the opinion that great improvement in the ideals of the human family and in the morals of the individual will be made.

My religion, then, is of a practical order and may be stated as being based upon the acceptance of the Eternal God as my Father and my treatment of my fellow-man as my brother. To work in hope; to accept the past in gratefulness and to strive to add to the good for the future; to be honest in all my dealings and expressions; to worship the truth; to be loyal to my country and my ideals; to seek salvation through character; to treasure the truth of scripture; to seek justice, to love mercy and to walk humbly before God; to live that I may die regretted, and to die that I may live after death—this is my religion.

Pay Tribute to Former Pastor.

Impressive memorial services were conducted yesterday morning in Trinity Lutheran church, Allegheny, in honor of the Rev. John G. Goettman, D. D., who died two weeks ago. The address was delivered by the Rev. Dr. J. M. Schwartz, while the pastor, the Rev. Dr. A. J. Turkle, also spoke. Dr. Goettman was pastor of Trinity congregation from 1863 to 1898, since which time he has been pastor emeritus.

Ex-Congressman in Pulpit.

Thomas E. Miller, a negro ex-congressman from South Carolina and who for 14 years was in the legislature of that state, conducted lay services in Trinity A. M. E. church, Fifth avenue, yesterday morning and evening. He is now president of the State Colored Normal, Industrial, Agricultural and Mechanical college of South Carolina, and spoke in its interests.

Baptist Social Union to Dine.

The Baptist Social union has fixed next Monday evening as the time for holding its annual banquet. The dinner will take place in the Hotel Schenley and invitations bear the announcement that it will be "ladies' night." Among the speakers will be the Rev. Drs. Mabie and Ashmore.

HORSE FELLS WOMAN.

McKees Rocks Woman Is Injured by Fractious Animal at Sixth and Liberty Streets.

Miss Ward Merritt of Dale street, McKees Rocks, was knocked down and injured by a horse driven by Samuel Herzog of Duquesne way at Sixth and Liberty streets, about 5 o'clock last evening.

Herzog was driving a spirited animal, which scared at a street car. In order to save the pedestrians on the sidewalk Herzog turned the animal toward Miss Merritt. She became confused and was unable to move before being struck. Miss Merritt was carried into the Crystal pharmacy, and after being attended by a physician was taken home.

Prepare for Novel Demonstration.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 19.—The porte has not yet replied to the ultimatum of the powers regarding Macedonian reforms, and the embassies here are sending dragomans to Piraeus in preparation for the eventuality of a naval demonstration. It is regarded here as significant that the Russian Black Sea squadron is reported to have left Sebastopol for an unknown destination.

RULERS OF THE WORLD.

Meat-Eating Nations Are the Leaders in Every Branch of Human Achievements.

The ruling nations of the world are meat-eaters and history records that they always have been.

Vegetarians and food cranks may explain this in any way they choose, but the facts remain that the Americans, English, French, Russians and Germans are meat-eating nations, and they are also the most energetic and most progressive.

The principal food of the heroic Boer soldier, known as Biltong, is a sort of dried beef, affording a great deal of nourishment in a highly concentrated form.

The weak races of people are the rice-eating Chinese, Hindoos and Siamese, regarded since the dawn of history as non-progressive, superstitious and inferior physically and mentally to the meat-eating nations who dominate them.

The structure of the teeth plainly indicates that human beings should subsist upon a variety of food, meat, fruit and grains, and it is unhygienic to confine one's diet to any one of those classes to the exclusion of another.

Meat is the most concentrated and most easily digested of foods, but our manner of living is often so unnatural that the digestive organs refuse to properly digest meat, eggs and similar nutritious and wholesome food, but it is not because such food is unwholesome, but the real reason is that the stomach lacks, from disease or weakness, some necessary digestive element; hence arising indigestion and, later on, chronic dyspepsia.

Nervous people should eat plenty of meat, convalescents should make meat the principal food, hard-working people have to do so, and brain-workers and office men should eat, not so much meat, but at least once a day, and to insure its perfect digestion one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets should be taken after each meal, because they supply the peptones, diastaste and fruit acids, lacking in every case of stomach trouble.

Nervous dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, gastritis, sour stomach, gas and acidity are only different names for indigestion, the failure to digest wholesome food, and the use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cures them all because by affording perfect digestion the stomach has a chance to rest and recover its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the real household medicine; it is as safe and pleasant for the stomach ache of the baby as it is for the imperfect digestion of its grand sire.

They are not a cathartic, but a digestive, and no pill habit can ever follow their use; the only habit Stuart's Tablets induce is the habit of good digestion and consequently good health.

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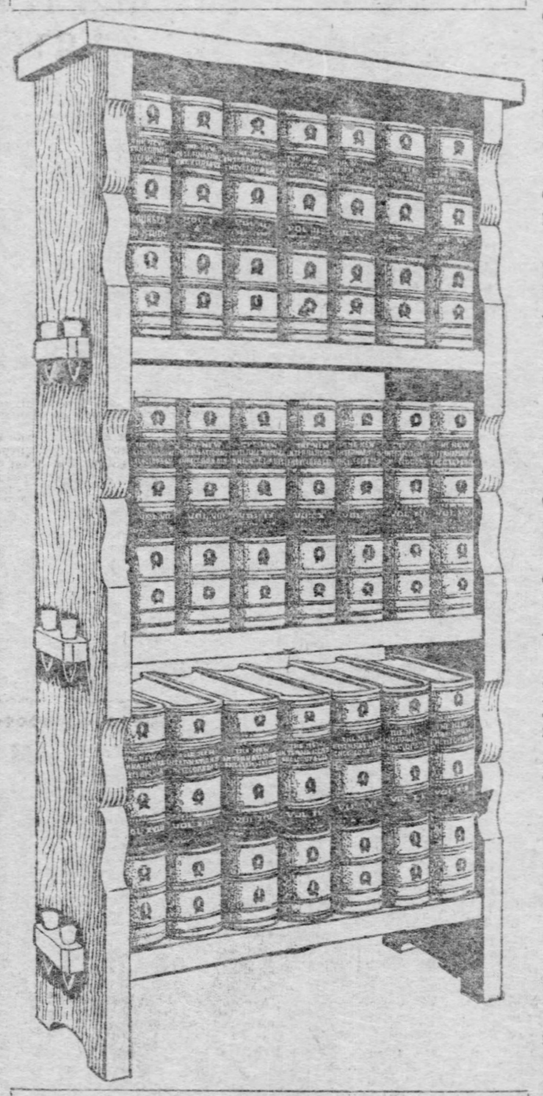

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Pittsburgh Gazette. 11-20-5

Trustee's Foreclosure Sale!

of the real estate, rights and corporate franchises of the

Pittsburgh & New Orleans Coal Co.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas No. 2, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at No. 432, October term, 1905, in equity, made the 15th day of November, 1905, The Safe Deposit and Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, trustee under the mortgage made by the Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company to secure the holders of its bonds, which said mortgage is of record in the Recorder's Office in and for the county of Allegheny in Mortgage Book, Vol. 317, page 46, will sell

At Public Sale

—In the—

Rotunda of the Court House,

—In the—

City of Pittsburgh,

—On the—

16th Day of December, 1905,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

all the following described property.

1. All the coal underlying the farm of Philip H. Stevenson, known as the "Newell Farm," and situate in Moon township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone; thence by lands of Stevenson heirs S. 49¾ degrees W. 22.5 per. to a white oak; thence S. 4½ degrees W. 76.9 per. to a stone; thence S. 85½ degrees W. 30 1-11 per. to a stone; thence S. 4½ degrees W. 51.4 per. to a stone; thence by lands of Levi Stevenson S. 83 degrees W. 148 per. to a stone; thence by lands of Mrs. Gaunce N. 5½ degrees E. 275 per. to a stone near a run, and thence by lands of Robert McBride S. 56¾ degrees E. 216.1 per. to the place of beginning, containing two hundred and thirty acres, two roods and eighteen perches, strict measure.

Excepting and reserving, however, the coal underlying so much of said farm as lies southeast of the Hookstown road, and supposed to be about one and one-half acres of coal.

Together with the free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said farm at such points and in such manner as may be most proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal conveyed to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, with privilege of carrying and removing through or over said premises other coal belonging to said company, its successors or assigns, at any time, and to construct and maintain through or over said coal or premises suitable railroads for any of the before mentioned purposes.

2. All that certain tract or piece of land situate in the Township of Findley, County and State aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post adjoining lands of John McCallister; thence by lands of William A. Springer S. 22 degrees, 56 minutes W. 800 feet to a post; thence by same S. 22 degrees W. 500 feet to a post; thence by same S. 24 degrees 53 minutes W. 500 feet to a post; thence by same S. 25 degrees 44 minutes W. 200 feet to a post; thence by same S. 22 degrees 50 minutes W. 234 feet to the line of land of Harper heirs; thence by last mentioned line N. 73 degrees 40 minutes W. 650 feet to a post; thence by land of John Ferguson and Mrs. A. Onstott N. 75 degrees 50 minutes W. 1,418 feet to a white oak on line of William Giffin; thence by said Giffin line N. 11 degrees 23 minutes E. 2,565 feet to a post; thence by lands of John McCallister S. 62 degrees 14 minutes E. 960 feet to a post; thence by same S. 62 degrees 32 minutes E. 200 feet to a post; thence by same S. 63 degrees 56 minutes E. 200 feet to a post; thence by the same S. 64 degrees 6 minutes E. 1,100 feet to a post, and thence by the same S. 70 degrees 15 minutes E. 168 feet to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty-nine and twenty-six-hundredths acres.

Executing and reserving therefrom that portion thereof conveyed to William Giffin by deed of Joseph B. Williams and wife, dated December 28th, A. D. 1883, containing about 22 acres.

3. All the coal underlying that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, said coal being bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the line dividing the land of William Giffin and what is known as the "Harper Farm," at the distance of 340 feet from the corner on the line of the "Onstott Farm;" thence by said division line north 16 degrees 50 minutes east 692 feet; thence north 38 degrees 25 minutes west 95.3 feet; thence north 8 degrees 26 minutes east 89 feet; thence north 29 degrees 11 minutes east 241.2 feet; thence North 10 degrees 50 minutes east 198 feet; thence north 89 degrees 04 minutes west 46 feet; thence south 79 degrees 46 minutes west 146 feet; thence south 61 degrees 16 minutes west; 145 feet; thence south 85 degrees 08 minutes west 230 feet; thence north 15 degrees 42 minutes west 254 feet; thence north 35 degrees 13 minutes west 123.9 feet; thence south 61 degrees 25 minutes west 631 feet; thence north 83 degrees 30 minutes east 148.5 feet; thence south 11 degrees 44 minutes west 174.4 feet; thence south 43 degrees 45 minutes east 153.4 feet; thence south 18 degrees 33 minutes west 148.2 feet; thence south 14 degrees 42 minutes west 241.2 feet; thence south 45 degrees 02 minutes west 170 feet; thence south 11 degrees 44 minutes west 326 feet; thence south 75 degrees 08 minutes east 265 feet; thence north 36 degrees 15 minutes east 182 feet; thence north 16 degrees 33 minutes east 196 feet; thence south 88 degrees 37 minutes east 118.5 feet; thence south 62 degrees 29 minutes east 160.6 feet to the place of beginning, containing 17.9 acres.

Together with all the rights and privileges that may be deemed necessary by the said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Co., their heirs and assigns, for the purpose of mining, draining, ventilating and taking away said coal.

4. All that certain tract of coal having 25 feet of covering over it in and under that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, being the farm adjoining Clinton, and which is called the "Old Peter Teel" farm, containing 114 acres, the said coal underlying said farm being bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point 5.52 perches from the west end of the line running between the lands of John Twyford and the above mentioned "Peter Teel" farm and running South 68 degrees west ...; thence by the crop line of said coal south 57 degrees 20 minutes west 4.56 per. to a point; thence south 15 degrees 45 minutes west 10.98 per. to a point; south 47 degrees 20 minutes west 11.72 per. to a point; south 87 degrees 10 minutes west 11.4 per. to a point; north 51 degrees 45 minutes west 8.41 per. to a point; north 61¾ degrees west 10.43 per. to a point; south 83 degrees 40 minutes west 20.58 per. to a point; thence south 83 degrees 15 minutes west 7.13 per. to a point; thence south 46 degrees 40 minutes west 3.59 per. to a point; south 13 degrees 10 minutes west 22.28 per. to a point, south 27 degrees 45 minutes west 16.46 per. to a point; thence north 81 degrees 20 minutes west 12.84 per. to a point, north 15 degrees west 7.60 per. to a point, north 83 degrees 40 minutes west 12.53 per. to a point; thence north 35 degrees west 26.68 per. to a point; thence north 11 degrees 40 minutes west 19.80 per. to a post, north 2 degrees 10 minutes east 16.40 per. to a point, north 9 degrees 25 minutes east 16.56 per. to a point, north 29 degrees east 4.84 per. to a point; north 6 degrees 40 minutes west 14.80 per. to a point, north 28 degrees 55 minutes west 14.96 per. to a point, south 88 degrees 10 minutes west 7.30 per. to a point, south 50 degrees 50 minutes west 12.28 per. to a point, south 20 degrees 10 minutes west 10.30 per. to a point on boundary line near Bigham's corner; thence by said boundary line south 24 degrees west 28.20 per. to a point, south 58 degrees 20 minutes east 9.66 per. to a point, south 19 degrees 20 minutes west 15.82 per. to a point, south 8 degrees 15 minutes west 15.88 per. to a point at or near a public road; thence by said road south 29 degrees 45 minutes east 8.80 per. to a point; thence north 50 degrees 15 minutes east 4 per. to a point, south 29 degrees 45 minutes east 4 per. to a point, south 60 degrees 15 minutes west 4 per. to a point, south 29 degrees 45 minutes east 79 per. to a point; thence by land of John Twyford south 62 degrees 15 minutes east 26 per. to a point; thence by Twyford's lands north 17 degrees east 82 per. to a point, south 75 degrees 25 minutes east 10 per. to a point, north 3 degrees east 46.75 per. to a point, north 37 degrees 15 minutes west 5.52 per. to a point at the place of beginning, containing 32 acres and 132 perches.

5. All the coal underlying the following described tract of land situate in Findley township, County and State aforesaid and having 25 feet of covering on it, to-wit: Beginning at a hickory on the Pittsburgh and Clinton roads; thence south 41 degrees east 12.2 per. to a post; thence south 55¾ degrees east 27 per. to a post; thence north 73¾ degrees east 8 per. to a post; thence south 80½ degrees east 12 per. to a post; thence by land of John Twyford south 5 degrees east 35 per. and 17 links to a stone; thence south 14¾ degrees east 67 per. and 16 links to a post; thence by land of S. Burns south 46¾ degrees west 27 per. and 14 links to a post; thence by land of John Stevenson north 54 degrees west 58 1-10 per. to a post; thence north 9½ degrees west 68 per. to a post; thence north 4½ degrees west 28 per. to a post, and thence north 5½ degrees east 37.8 per. to a hickory, the place of beginning, containing of surface 51 acres and 40 91-100 perches; of coal 32 acres and 18-100 of an acre.

Together with the full and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

6. All the coal underlying the following described piece of land and having 25 feet of covering on it, situate in Findley township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a post in the center of the Clinton and Valley Church road, on the line of land of J. S. Burns; thence by land of Samuel McCullough south 65 degrees west 51.9 perches; thence by land of same north 25 degrees west 48 perches to a post on the line of Adam McCullough; thence by last mentioned line south 83 degrees east 64 perches to the Clinton road; thence along said road south 3 degrees east 9¼ perches to a post in the center of road, and thence along the same south 40 degrees east 3¼ perches to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under such land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

7. All the coal that has 25 feet of covering on it in and under all that certain tract of land situate in Findley township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at corner on or near Valley Church road; thence south 40 degrees east 21 perches to a post; thence south 71 degrees east 12 perches to a post; thence south 9 degrees east 20.2 perches to a post; thence south 27½ degrees east 29 perches to a post; thence by land of Thomas Burns south 48 degrees west 15.4 perches; thence by land of George Burns north 42 degrees west 33 perches; thence north 20 degrees east 23 perches; thence north 43 degrees west 92.9 perches; thence by land of Philip Wyke north 47 degrees east 37 perches; thence by land of John L. Stevenson south 25 degrees east 48 perches, and thence north 65 degrees east 51.5 perches to the place of beginning, containing 50 acres 95 perches of surface, 13 acres and 74 perches of "cut outs," and 37 acres and 24 perches of coal.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company, its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

8. All the coal having 25 feet of covering on it in the following described piece or tract of land, situate in Findley township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stump; thence by land of Samuel McCullough south 49 degrees west 78.44 perches to a post; thence by land of George Burns south 43 degrees east 70.9 perches to a post; thence south 54 degrees west 53.7 perches to a white oak; thence by lands of other persons south 24 degrees west 59.4 perches to white oak; thence south 31½ degrees west 31.7 perches to a white oak; thence south 49¾ degrees east 202.3 perches to a post; thence north 6½ degrees east 140.2 perches to a post; thence north 84½ degrees west 47.7 perches to white oak; thence north 53 degrees east 112 perches to a hickory; thence 18½ perches to a post on road; thence south 40 degrees east 227 feet to a post; thence north 52 degrees east 91 perches to a post; thence north 37 degrees west 102 perches to a post; thence north 25 degrees west 12.5 perches to a post; and thence south 70 degrees west 14 perches to a post; and thence north 62½ degrees west 70.45 perches to a stump the place of beginning, containing of surface 291 acres and 93 perches, of "cut outs" 73 acres and 7 perches, area of coal land with 25 feet of covering on it 215 acres 46 perches.

Together with free and uninterrupted right of way into, upon and under said land at such points and in such manner as may be proper and necessary for the purpose of digging, mining and carrying away said coal, hereby waiving all damages arising therefrom; together with the privilege of mining and removing through said described premises other coal belonging to said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company its successors and assigns, or which it may hereafter acquire.

9. All the right, title and dower interest of Susan Burns of, into and out of any and all the above tracts of land, being the same conveyed to said company by deed of Joseph B. Williams et ux., dated January 2, 1884, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 477, page 394.

And also all the coal underlying that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Findley township, Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania, said coal being bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the line between the Onstott and Harper farms; thence south twenty-six degrees and fifty minutes west (S. 26 degrees 50 minutes W.) two hundred and twenty-seven and five-tenths feet (227.5 feet); thence south ten degrees and twenty-three minutes east (S. 10 degrees 23 minutes E.) two hundred and twenty-one and five-tenths feet; thence south fifty degrees and forty-five minutes west (S. 50 degrees 45 minutes W.) two hundred and fifty-three feet (253 feet); thence south twenty-six degrees and fifty-five minutes west (S. 26 degrees 55 minutes W.) two hundred and twenty-one feet (221 feet); thence south forty degrees and fifteen minutes east (S. 40 degrees 15 minutes E.) eighty-two and five-tenths feet (82.5 feet); thence south eighty-five degrees thirty-five minutes east (S. 85 degrees 35 minutes E.) two hundred and forty-four and five-tenths feet (244.5 feet); thence south seventeen degrees and forty-nine minutes east (S. 17 degrees 49 minuts E.) one hundred and thirty-two feet (132 feet); thence south fourteen degrees and thirty-seven minutes west (S. 14 degrees 37 minutes W.) two hundred and ninety-one feet (291 feet); thence south twenty-nine degrees and thirty-nine minutes east (S. 29 degrees 39 minutes E.) two hundred and forty feet (240 feet) to Ferguson's line; thence along said line north sixteen degrees and forty-nine minutes east (N. 16 degrees 49 minutes E.) one hundred and eighty-nine and three-tenths feet (189.3 feet); thence along said land north seventy-four degrees and fifty-four minutes west (N. 74 degrees 54 minutes W.) five hundred and five (505) feet to place of beginning, containing twelve and seventeen-hundredths acres (12.17 A.), being the same that was conveyed to W. Kirkpatrick by William Burns et ux., by deed dated August 1, 1883, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 480, page 305, and to the said company by deed dated January 1, 1884, and recorded in Deed Book, Vol. 488, page 156.

Together with all and singular the improvements, ways, waters, water-courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, and the reversions and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest property, claim and demand whatsoever of the said parties of the first part in law, equity or otherwise howsoever of, in and to the same and every part thereof.

Together with all the corporate rights and franchises and personal property of said Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company.

TERMS OF SALE:

The purchaser shall at the time the property is sold to him pay to the trustee ten per cent of his bid, and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the Court.

Reference may be had to the said decree for the terms upon which the said bonds of the Pittsburgh and New Orleans Coal Company may be used in payment of any accepted bid.

For any further information that may be desired, inquiry may be made to the undersigned.

The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh,
Trustee,

Corner of Wood Street and Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., or to

Patterson, Sterrett & Acheson,
1228 Frick Building.
and
Charles W. Jones,
315 Frick Building.
Attorneys.

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SPORTING GOSSIP

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1905.—PAGES 9 TO 12.

PROFESSIONAL SPORTING BY JOHN H. GRUBER.

FOOTBALL, BASEBALL, BOWLING--GENERAL SPORTS

COLLEGE AND NON-PROFESSIONAL SPORTING BY RICHARD R. GUY.

W. BANBURY OF THE W. U. P. FOOTBALL TEAM

SOME AFTERMATH OF BIG FOOTBALL GAMES

Tooker's goal from the 43-yard line against Yale was beautiful to behold, especially to the Princeton cohorts. Old timers recalled a field goal kicked by Al Sharpe of Yale, also from the 43-yard mark, in the game won by Poe's famous goal, while others recalled an even longer drive by Herschberger of Chicago several years ago; but neither of these drives was any better, if as good, as this performance of Tooker's, which will be remembered by every man who saw it.

Capt. Cooney was everywhere in Saturday's game. Even with an overwhelming score hanging over him he did not yield. He begged his men to fight to the last ditch. He told them that the honor of old Princeton was at stake and that with the short time remaining there was still a chance to score at least once; and so when Princeton kicked the ball off again the Tigers were ready for another setto regardless of aching limbs and broken hearts.

After Yale had scored its 23 poonts another Yale song was in order, and here it is to the air of "Rufus Rastus Johnson Brown":

Princeton, Tiger, Nassau Hall,
What y'er gwine to do when you get the ball?
What y'er gwine to do when you get the ball?
What y'er gwine to gain?
You can't come a-runnin' into Ell's lane,
First downs, you know, are a coming pretty slow;
You can't rush the ball, because you can't strike a blow:
Princeton, Tiger, Nassau Hall,
What y'er gwine to do when you get the ball?

Capt. Vanderboom of Wisconsin, his left arm in a sling, was on the side lines at Michigan, a pitiable figure. When his team trotted out on the field with little Wrabeltz in his place he broke down and cried. It was the first time he has been out of a championship contest since he became a cardinal half back. He wanted to be as near the men as possible to do what good he could by his presence and give them encouragement.

Harvard used a new tackleback formation in her offensive work, and it looked like a strong play, provided the line in front of it had speed. But the line was slow and ragged both offensively and defensively. On every play the Dartmouth forwards, who were almost as heavy as Harvard's, got the jump on the Crimson, thus frequently stopping the Harvard plays or breaking up their interference.

White was the weakest spot in the Harvard line, both when he played left guard and center. Peirce was much more effective at left guard. Squires was again weak on the defense, allowing a number of plays to get through and outside of him. Brill was not nearly up to his game, especially in the second half. Leary and Harrison played well, and Knowlton, who was at right and for the first time in a game, made a very creditable showing, being especially good on the offense.

Penalties were administered right and left by the officials for rough tactics at Cornell, and Davis, right guard for Columbia, was ruled off the field for slugging.

Yost's men had an attack as irresistible as ever, and the work of Longman, Curtis, Tom Hammond and Graham was of a high grade. The game was the first to tell just how much Fred Heston is missed. His loss plainly has left a big hole in the Michigan team, as there was no one to reel off those runs for touchdowns the way "Willie" was wont to do.

But if the game showed how much Heston is missed, it also showed how great Pindlay is and that his runs against Minnesota two weeks ago were not flukes. He repeatedly got past Rheinschild and Harry Hammond, and had Barlow ever failed in his back field tactics there would have perhaps been another story to tell.

Michigan's attack showed nothing that will startle the football world. The attacks of Tom Hammond, Curtis and Longman netted big gains because they smashed into the line like battering rams and because Michigan's line usually outcharged the Badgers and got the jump on them.

Association football has found favor almost everywhere except at Yale and Michigan, where the old style, being successful, is still popular.

The defeated but not disgraced list of football teams is gradually assuming very respectable dimensions.

HARVARD VS. YALE.

Brown Captain Compares the Crimson and Elis.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 19.—Capt. G. A. Russ of the Brown university football eleven, writes the Yale News, comparing Yale and Harvard, both of whom Brown has played:

"Taking up the work of the two teams on the defense, I should say that without doubt Harvard is the stronger. The Harvard line is especially strong just where Yale is weak, in the center. Harvard's line is composed of heavy, powerful men, who outweigh the Yale players, although they are not so speedy and are slower starting. Yale has a noticeable advantage in her ends, who have greater ability in tackling, breaking up interference and in diagnosing trick plays. Harvard's ends are certainly not in the same class as Yale's. It is hard to say which team has the better secondary defense. On the while, I consider Harvard slightly superior.

"Comparing the offense of the elevens, the Yale back field was the fastest that Brown has met this season, and showed the best team work. But right here it is scarcely so effective as that of Harvard, because Harvard has a stronger line, which affords the backs a feeling of greater security. The co-operation of the line and back field is also more marked.

"In opening up holes for the runner the colleges are about equal. Harvard's plays start slowly, but have tremendous weight and power behind them, and when once under way are exceedingly difficult to stop.

"Hutchinson seemed to me to be a better quarterback than either Starr or Newhall, and I like the way in which he ran the team and took the situation. Burr runs unquestionably out-kick any man Yale had, but Yale's ends get down faster under punts and are sure to nail their man. On the whole it is very hard to state definitely which of the two teams is the stronger.

"It will be a slow, grueling contest between speed and weight, and the strain on the players will be severe. Just as in 1901, Yale will have to overcome Cyril Reid's powerful tandem formation with three men behind the line, and, so far as I see, the only way in which she will be able to do so is through her speed."

SELECTIONS FOR ALL SCHOOL FOOTBALL TEAM FROM THE LEADING PREP SCHOOLS OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

Kiski and Shadyside Men Have Call Because They Are the Strongest on Local Field.

HARRY WILSON FOR CAPTAIN

The interscholastic football season has closed, Shadyside and Pittsburgh High school playing the final championship game Saturday. Kiski's superb team again won the championship, with Shadyside second and Pittsburgh High school third. The season was not productive of many star performers. There was a scarcity of linemen that could be ranked above the medium. Shadyside had the best center trio, while Kiski showed the best tackles. All three schools had a fair back field. Pittsburgh High school had a light team and individually it did not compare with its two rivals.

If one were to pick an all-school eleven he would have much difficulty in closing ends, because there were no first-class men. Lally, the Shadyside right end, did the most consistent work, his tackling being about the best of any end men of the three teams. He is strong on the defense and again has that faculty of getting fumbles.

Dunc. Worrell, the High school captain who played half back, might be put on the other end, because of his speed and offense ability. His tackling was fair, his best work being in the game Saturday against Shadyside. This was the game that counted most. With Worrell on an end he could be used much with the ball, thus helping the backfield men and making it possible to work a larger variety of plays.

The tackle positions would be well taken care of by McCreight of Kiski and Herron of Shadyside. McCreight is heavy and strong, and can carry the ball. He formerly played half back, but this season was moved into the line where Kiski used him a great deal for attacks on tackles and end runs. Herron is a good man on the offense as well as on the defense, as was shown in Saturday's game. He can plough through the line for good gains. He is always cool.

The team would be strong in guards with Kumler, the Kiski captain and right tackle, who could be placed at left guard. Kumler is a giant and his strength would be of great value on the defense and in taking the ball for plunges. Kumler is the best punter of the lot, and he could be called back for a punt or for an attempt at goal from the field.

Martin of Shadyside is a strong guard. He had little trouble all season with his opponents, and there would be no question of his claim for a position on the team.

Fred McCutcheon of Shadyside was easily the best center of the season. He outplayed his man in the Kiski game, but was unable to get into the High school game because of an injury. Uptegraff, who played the position Saturday, did very well, but he is not as strong as McCutcheon, who is six feet three and weighs about 190.

For quarterback Harry Wilson of Kiski is the most reliable man, and is entitled to the place. His generalship is above the ordinary, and he can run back punts and take the ball himself for runs around the ends or through the line. He never took aerial flights. He played an excellent game in the first half in the Shadyside game, but in the second period his program was marred by so much advice from other players on the team. It seemed there were nine captains that day. Babst of Shadyside can do good work, but he is unreliable at times. Patterson, the Pittsburgh High school man, is another quarter who gives promise of developing into a fast player, but he lacks experience.

McGregor of Kiski was about the best half of the season. He is always in the game, fast and aggressive. He is exceptionally strong on the defense and can beat the ends down the field on punts. He is the best hurdler of recent years on local school teams. Blake of Shadyside is a good half, but he is not as fast a man as McGregor.

Billy Wharton, the Shadyside left half, is one of the few "finds" of the season. He is small, but fast and strong and is hard to stop when carrying the ball. His tackling in the open field is sure and hard. Another good thing in his favor is his ability to follow the interference. In some respects he runs too straight.

McCoy of Shadyside, because of his line plunges and hurdling, has no close rival for full back. He is not very active, but when he puts his weight against the line something moves. Shadyside used him in at least half the plays, and he was the best gainer on the team. Orr of the High school is a good man, but his attack is not as good as McCoy's.

For captain, Wilson would be the man, because of his strategy and ability to execute the mechanical parts of the game.

This team, while it is supposed to represent the strength of the leading schools, would be a strong aggregation, but not a world beater.

Player.	Position.	School.
Worrell	L. E.	Pittsburgh High School
McCreight	L. T.	Kiski
Kumler	L. G.	Kiski
McCutcheon	C.	Shadyside
Martin	R. G.	Shadyside
Herron	R. T.	Shadyside
Lally	R. E.	Shadyside
Wilson	Q. B.	Kiski
McGregor	L. H.	Kiski
Wharton	R. H.	Shadyside
McCoy	F. B.	Shadyside

HARRY WILSON, THE KISKI CAPTAIN

BATTLING NELSON SAYS HE IS NOT ENGAGED

Battling Nelson is in Pittsburgh. He arrived last night and will be here all week, filling an engagement at a local theater. At every performance he will do a sparring stunt with his sparring partner, Bobbie Lundie. Nelson came in from Detroit, where he was a week. He is in fine trim despite the fact that he is recovering from a severe cold.

"Nothing new in the fighting line," said Nelson last night. "Billy Nolan, my manager, is in New York, but I expect him home tomorrow, and then I will learn more about the proposed bout with Terry McGovern. I am willing to meet McGovern in a six-round fight at Philadelphia if the inducements are large enough. There is some talk of our meeting near New York."

Nelson denied being engaged to a California girl. "That was one that Nolan put over on me," said the Battler. "He knew about my little love affair, and immediately had our engagement published. However, I think she is the best girl in the world, and you need not be surprised to hear me say that we will be married, but not just now," declared he.

YALE'S GREAT ELEVEN.

Dr. McCracken, Who Officiated in Saturday's Game, Tells His Version of It.

By Dr. Josiah C. McCracken.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—(Special.)—Each fall many football victories are won on the gridiron, but few of them are won from teams which make a more stubborn fight than did the Princeton team on Saturday. It was a hard fought game throughout, a game won by the stronger team by straight football tactics.

No fluke of any kind marred the result of the game. Yale won because she had the better team work, and played it all the time. Yale's back field never failed to help carry along the runner with the ball for every possible foot. Her linesmen when brought out of the line advanced the ball with much precision. They held their feet well and were jammed along by the men assisting them. Tripp seemed to be Yale's most effective line plunger. He held his feet well and frequently tore through Princeton's line for substantial gains. Veeder and Morse make a strong pair of backs. They are quick and hard to down without some yards to their advantage. Morse was called upon to carry the ball the more frequently and seldom failed to gain his distance.

Shevlin was in every play with all the dash and spirit characteristic of his playing. When receiving the ball on the kick-off he tore straight up the field with speed and force for many yards' gain. On the defense he played a strong game and denied Princeton of many yards around his end. Hutchinson, although supposed to be only a substitute quarter, ran his team well and used good judgment in the choice of the plays used. He is deety and a good dodger in an open field. His hurdling in the open field was one of the spectacular features of the game.

Knox, who has been playing on the scrub for the past three weeks, and who has been making consistent long runs against the varsity, was put in as halfback during the last part of the game. He maintained his reputation as a ground gainer and won for himself much praise as a fleety half back.

Yale's defense was not sure at all times. Frequently Princeton's backs would tear through for good gains. The left side was the weakness and just outside of left tackle many of Princeton's gains were made. Wish Cooney and McCormick as battering rams Princeton was able to carry the ball several times for consistent gains, but never at a time when Yale's goal was in danger. In punting Yale excelled, although her work along this line was not up to the standard of some of her previous teams.

It was a clean game manfully fought and won and just as manfully lost. It was a great day for Yale. She won because she had the stronger team, but the followers of the Princeton team need not feel too deeply the defeat, for their team fought a good battle.

The End of Brutality.

The coaches came at Teddy's call and promised to amend
Our glorious game of football; all brutality must end.
For a man to gouge another, they said, was most unfair.
Nor did they call it strictly Hoyle to yank each other's hair.
The laymen all applauded while the fans gave their assent,
And a murmur of approval throughout the nation went.
It looked as if all mankind had blossomed out again, then
Penn slugged Harvard and Harvard biffed Penn.

Bill Reid went back to Cambridge after hearing prexy's spiel,
And showed the boys at Harvard how to play the game genteel.
He declared 'a how 'twas vulgah to soak and soil the face,
Alleging that the soaker was thus rendered vile and base.
He taught them that no longer must the tackle ever try
To eliminate a rival by poking out his eye.
Other coaches took the cue and were making progress, when
Penn soaked Harvard and Harvard banged Penn.

There are times when all reforms are ripe to win the day,
When cleaner methods seem about to sweep the dirt away.
The critic takes his pen in hand and adds his little mite,
The varsen and the teacher jumps in for what seems right.
A halfback cannot punch a guard until he's dyed him red
Without bringing condemnation upon his luckless head.
Such brutal acts are obsolete; the game seemed rescued, when
Penn punched Harvard and Harvard poked Penn.

The motto, "Love your brother man," was put to test again
Not far from where it got its start from good old William Penn.
The giants from up Boston way, all decked in crimson hues,
Essayed with honest motives to give quaker town the blues.
But honest motives don't advance the ball so very far;
For victory's sake some men will take a conscience with a scar.
And so it came about that there were sing and paulings, when
Penn whaled Harvard and Harvard clawed Penn.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

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MANAGER OF PREP. SCHOOL TEAM

WILLIAM MATCHENERS.

A Pittsburgh Boy, Who Managed the Mercersburg Academy Football Team This Season.

ALTOONA SOUGHT KELLY OF THE ST. PAUL CLUB

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 1.—(Special.)—Charles Carpenter of Altoona, while here last week when the national commission was in session, attempted to sign Manager Kelly of St. Paul to guide the destinies of the Altoona club, and at the same time presented a side of the outlaw situation quite different from one given by President Murphy of the Chicago club, who was lately within the preserves of the outcasts and signed Jimmy Sebring for three years.

Shortly before the close of the season Manager Kelly received an offer by long-distance telephone from Altoona to St. Paul to come to Pennsylvania and talk terms. Later he received a letter offering big inducements, but Mr. Carpenter put the capsheaf on the case. He offered Kelly $3,500 for five months' service as manager and player and guaranteed to place the money in bank at once.

He further told Kelly to gather a team which would average $2,500 a man for the season. This offer rather astounded Kelly.

Mr. Carpenter put the case of the outlaws this way:

"Baseball men all say that our league is losing money. All right, suppose we are; but what would you or your players care if the money for salaries was placed in bank at the start of the season or now, if necessary, and all other obligations to you guaranteed in any way that you saw fit?

"Maybe we are losing money, but our offers to players are bona-fide, and if we are losers it is nobody's trouble but our own. We intend to do business just the same, and maybe we secure returns indirectly from the league of which the public and the major league men know nothing."

Carpenter's statement was a liberal one; but Kelly side-stepped it.

ANOTHER PITTSBURGH RIBBON

W. P. Snyder's Pair Are Placed First on Closing Day of New York Horse Show.

Another blue ribbon came to Pittsburgh on the closing day of the New York horse show. W. P. Snyder's Wilpen Beauty and Wilpen Belle won in the pair horse class, 15 hands 2 inches to 16 hands. Second to them were James H. Moore's Harold H. and Lord Roberts. Ed. Jordan's Lord Burleigh and Lord Belfast were placed third.

Wilpen Belle and Wilpen Beauty also got second on the closing day in the tandem class, not under 15 hands 2 inches. The blue went to Vanderbilt's The Youngster and Rustling Silk.

On the closing day Harkaway Hunt was placed third in the class for hunt teams of three. The horses were Harkaway, Lucanis and Rapidan. They were ridden by F. M. Lowry, M. F. H.; H. L. Collins and Percy E. Donner. First went to Cameron Run Hunt.

Duffy's Record Is Wiped Out.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—Through the action of the Amateur Athletic union record committee, Arthur P. Duffy has been practically wiped off the athletic map, as far as any of his competitive performances are concerned. The government body Saturday authorized James E. Sullivan, secretary of the union and publisher of the record book, to eliminate every mark of distinction and championship performance with which Duffy has been credited.

Fast Team Is Formed.

The Eighteenth regiment will have a basketball team which will rank among the leading teams in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio. It expects to open its season Wednesday evening, November 29, in the armory drill room, corner Forbes street and Craft avenue. The following teams should communicate with the manager: Rochester, Lester Mills, Irwin, East Liverpool, Johnstown, Windber, Freedom, Altoona, East Palestine and Evans City.

TRI-STATE WILL FIGHT THE BLACKLIST RULE

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The cat is out of the bag. The mission of Charles F. Carpenter of Altoona to Cincinnati was for no other purpose than to secure the services of M. J. Kelley, now at law with the national commission, to manage and captain the Altoona club next season. He is said to have secured an agreement with Kelley to join Altoona in the event that the former St. Paul manager wins in his fight against the commission. The Altoona management is determined to have a winner and is credited with offering Kelley a fabulous salary.

The Gazette correspondent has it on the highest authority that the attorneys acting for Rayden and Owens, the "blacklisted" baseball players of the York club, will in the near future haile the Messrs. Herrmann, Johnson and Pulliam into the United States courts in a manner similar to that taken by Kelley, with a view of ascertaining whether baseball law, as laid down by the national commission, will hold good under the legal searchlight. They will rely on a number of decisions, made by the courts in the past, which declared worthless the contracts containing reserve clauses by which players may be held from year to year, while if the club gets fit, it can dispense with the services of the player on 10 days' notice.

Both players, so the report goes, have consulted attorneys, who have advised them that they have good claims in an action for damages against the commission, and that the courts will order the names of the players stricken from the roll of dishonor in carrying out the decision by the Dauphin county courts in the case of the Baltimore club against Hayden and White.

SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Big Indoor Matches to Be Held in the Month of February.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—How St. Louis swimmers stand in a national competition will be decided at a big meeting to be held in the N. Y. A. C. tank from February 19 to 25, when the United States indoor championship contests will be held.

Invitations will be sent to Swimming Inspector Alex. Mifferty of the N. Y. A. C. this week, requesting the entry of his aquatic team, including Marquard, Schwarz, Dr. Sheldon, Otto Schwarz, Goessling, Evans and others, including the water polo team.

Game Ends in Fight.

The Mt. Washington A. C. played the Suburban A. C. yesterday to a standstill on the latter's grounds. Suburban stopped from the blow of the whistle to the finish. The game ended in a fight three minutes before the second half ended. Mt. Washington would like to play Suburban A. C. on neutral grounds for $100.

New Zealand Kickers Win.

EDINBURGH, Nov. 19.—A Rugby game between teams representing Scotland and New Zealand took place here yesterday. The score at the end of the first half was: Scotland, 7; New Zealand, 6. The final score was: Scotland, 7; New Zealand, 12.

Killed in Fight With Foreigners.

LEWISTOWN, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—George Bush, [illegible] of Burnham, was shot through [illegible] and instantly killed by an [illegible] the Logan Iron and Steel [illegible] who was in charge of [illegible] ating furnace, and som[illegible] ao had been drinking, late[illegible] met five foreigners and got [illegible] an altercation over a bottle. A [illegible] was fined and Bush dropped dead. Four foreigners were arrested.

BOWLING SCHEDULE; AMATEUR AVERAGES

The bowling schedule for tonight follows:

Pittsburgh section—Great Eastern vs. Hazelwood, on Great Eastern alleys.

Allegheny section—Millvale vs. Federal, on Serlin's (Millvale) alleys.

Monongahela Valley section—McKeesport vs. Colonial, at McKeesport.

Drug league—Allegheny vs. Gilmore, on Wylie avenue alleys.

Liberty Valley league—Shadyside vs. Schenley, on Penn avenue alleys.

Diocesan league—St. Anthony vs. St. Charles; St. Henry vs. St. Joseph.

Lumbermen's league—On the Club alleys.

The averages of the players in the Amateur league follow:

	High.	Av.		High.	Av.
Denny	209	192	Scholl	169	140
Lee	202	182	Anderson	142	140
Schwartz	177	174	Mugelle	158	139
De Vore	197	174	Birch	163	138
McTighe	196	173	Shaner	162	136
Beecher	208	172	Ifert	168	136
Newcomer	211	167	Stuerner	136	135
H. Bert	211	165	Richter	150	135
Boyle	196	164	Piper	140	134
Vannes	212	162	Hooper	153	134
Boehler	206	161	Diven	143	132
Nielson	188	160	Clark	158	132
Matt	204	160	Nolan	160	130
Bergending	181	157	Coll	154	130
Ambrosini	158	157	Homer	140	130
W. Bert	148	155	Rau	138	130
W. Stienel	213	153	Hausman	157	127
P. Grub	179	152	Weil	155	126
Roesser	177	149	Ensberger	154	126
Fisher	157	147	Leininger	136	125
Driesch	183	147	Rath	133	121
Fylo	159	147	Natchez	154	114
Fosnight	187	146	J. Poerstel	111	107
C. Poerstel	178	143	Schmidtbauer	127	103
Dolan	175	142	Edgar	96	96
W. Stienel	200	143	Madigan	79	78
Buch	153	142			

Rolled for Championship.

IRWIN, Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The Keystone and Tuxedo bowling clubs last night played the first of a series of five for the local championship. Scores:

Keystone—				Tuxedos—			
Sullivan	158	152	142	Hill	156	168	109
Gray	176	140	156	Wright	150	150	162
Hawkins	138	170	168	Riley	146	149	140
Quinlan	127	134	126	Sullivan	179	146	167
Henry	163	200	177	Garber	154	119	112
Totals	762	796	769	Totals	785	732	689

John Cully Is Too Noisy.

John Cully, who came from West Homestead to have a good time on the South Side, selected a saloon at South Twenty-sixth and Carson streets for the objective point of his fun. He became too loud finally and was elected from the saloon, only to run into the arms of a policeman who arrested him. He paid $8 40 yesterday morning.

Place Nellie McCoy in Sanitarium.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Nellie McCoy, the actress, who was taken to Bellevue hospital Friday, suffering from nervous breakdown, was today taken to a sanitarium at Astoria, L. I. Dr. Gregory of Bellevue hospital said complete rest and removal from the scenes of her work would result in Miss McCoy's recovery.

Reform Association to Meet.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—The annual convention of the Lawrence county branch of the National Reform association will meet Thursday and Friday of this week at New Wilmington.

SMITH IS CAPTAIN OF W. AND J. NINE

WASHINGTON, PA., Nov. 19.—(Special.)—A new captain has been selected for the Washington and Jefferson college baseball team. Winston T. Smith of Mannington, W. Va., has been unanimously elected to the position to succeed James Erlser, who has left college. Erlser was chosen captain of the varsity team at the close of the baseball season last year, but declared ineligible on account of being an irregular student. Erlser later made up enough extra work to become regular, but shortly after entering school this year left college to assume a lucrative position with a local engineering firm. His departure from school left the vacancy filled by Smith's election yesterday.

Smith had no opposition for the captaincy of the varsity team. His election to the place meets with general approval and he will take charge of the candidates in the preliminary practice in March. Smith played first base on the varsity team last year and made an enviable record both as a fielder and batter. He was one of the strongest men with the stick on last year's varsity. Smith is a member of the sophomore class.

As a result of the game here yesterday with California Normal, the Washington and Jefferson backfield is to be given a severe shaking up. The splendid gains made by the Normal team in the second half against the Washington and Jefferson players was due more to the poor playing of the red and black backfield than anything else. When the ends and tackles would break up the strong Normal interference the backfield players seemed unable to get the man with the ball.

Fire Destroys Lighting Plant.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 19.—The plant of the Steelton Electric Light Company was destroyed by fire last night, involving a loss of $80,000 on which there was no insurance. The town of Steelton and adjacent territory, which depended on the company for light, is in darkness tonight. The fire is believed to have originated from a spark from a torch in the frame storeroom.

Schumann-Heink Show Closed.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 19.—The season of the Love's Lottery Company, of which Madame Schumann-Heink was the star, was closed here last night. Madame Schumann-Heink was unable to sing at the performance last night and her physician advised her to refrain from using her voice in opera for the time being.

"Pleasure a business and business a pleasure."—Aaron Burr.

IT'S OUR BUSINESS

To provide for your pleasure the clearest and richest

Ale and Porter

Your pleasure will be greatly increased if you'll make it your business to insist upon having the fine ALE and PORTER made by the following breweries:

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Iron City — Phoenix

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On Draught And Bottled for Family Use.

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On Election Day, the American people showed that it wanted to run its own government, and not be bossed.

When working for the common good, all things are possible, as you know by the results of the elections in various cities and by reading Russell's "Soldiers of the Common Good" in Everybody's for Christmas.

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$1.50 a year

Special representatives wanted for Everybody's Magazine in towns where there are no dealers.

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OUR ADS ARE TRUTHFUL.

IN THE LITTLE WINDOW.

SCREW PITCH GAUGE.

It is very compact and contains the following pitches: 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11½, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60.

Price 50c.

IN THE OUTSIDE SHOW CASE.

OUR NEW EUREKA MANTLE,

made for us by the Welsbach Company.

Requires less gas, gives better light and lasts longer than any imitation mantle.

Price 10c.

GAS TUBING.

Our "C. L." cloth-inserted tubing is more durable than the cotton covered or common white.

Price 6c per foot.

ALARM CLOCKS

Strenuous Long Alarm. 32-Hour Movement.

Price $1.00.

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Price $12.50.

12-gauge Barrel, 30-Inch.

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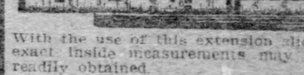

With the use of this extension slide, exact inside measurements may be readily obtained.

Price, 4-ft., 35c.

STANLEY'S MITRE BOX

Mr. Jones, of Stanley Rule and Level Co., will Demonstrate the new Stanley Mitre Box at our store Saturday, November 25, from 6:30 to 10 p. m. All are welcome.

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 25, 6:30 to 10 P. M. Only.

HANDY ELECTRICAL DICTIONARY

a practical hand-book of reference, containing definitions of every used electrical term or phrase.

Price 17c.

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TURKEY!

For this week only we will sell a Carving Knife and Fork made by Meriden Cutlery Co., of Connecticut.

These are high-grade American-made genuine stag handles, patent guard and rest carvers.

No better knife blade made at any price.

Not seconds.

Not cheap imported goods.

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Write us for Typewriter Inspection Circular or Contract. We can save you money. Also Dealers in second-hand Typewriters. Rentals at from $2.50 to $4 per month. P. S. Webster Carbons and Ribbons.

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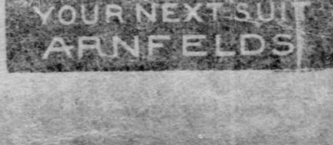

For 21 Years at 229 FIFTH AVENUE.

YOUR NEXT SUIT ARNFELDS

DEFENDS FAITH AS CHRISTIAN

Pastor of Unitarian Church Makes Reply to Charge of Being Non-Evangelical.

TAKE GOSPEL BUT NOT CREED

In answer to charges recently made that the Unitarian church was not Christian or evangelical, and for that reason not entitled to representation at the sessions of the Federation of Churches, the Rev. L. Walter Mason, pastor of the First Unitarian church, replied yesterday morning under the sermon theme: "Are We Evangelical?" He said in part:

When the Unitarians were excluded from the inter-church conference on federation, I made no reference to the incident. And it is not my purpose to enter any protest now; my only protest is against the misrepresentation of our faith by those who now seek publicly to justify that act. All the more responsible utterances generally concede that Unitarians are Christians. But we are excluded; we are told, because we are not evangelical. And our question is this morning, Is that ground well taken? Are we, or are we not evangelical? Of course, that involves that we define what is meant by evangelical. You know that the word comes from "evangelon," which is translated gospel in our New Testament, the meaning being "glad tidings or good news." It is the name given in the New Testament to the four accounts of the life and sayings and doings of Jesus. It is equivalent to the word gospel, as applied to the first four books of the New Testament and distinguishes them from the Book of Acts and the Epistles.

Then the evangelical people, if the word means anything, are those people who draw the inspiration of their faith from the gospels. That is precisely what the Unitarians do; not only they, but other Christians are beginning to do it to such an extent that the more conservative and orthodox are beginning to cry out in complaint. Dr. Charles C. Hall, president of the Union Theological seminary, in a recent book, points out plainly that it is a departure from, or ignoring of the teachings of the apostles that is breaking down orthodoxy. That it is the shifting of the emphasis over to the teaching of Jesus that is making the church heterodox. In his book, "The Universal Elements of the Christian Religion," which the Homiletic Review calls, "one of the greatest religious books of the year," he says:

"The unsatisfactoriness of the present teaching, which leaves us only Jesus of Nazareth, is becoming more apparent from day to day. The trend of contemporary opinion is very largely in one direction; namely, to define the essence of Christianity as consisting merely of the teachings and example of Jesus as recorded in the first three gospels in distinction from that which is the person of Christ as the eternal word, manifesting the Father, and the work of Christ as the suffering and triumphant Savior of the world as set forth in the fourth gospel and in the Apostolic Epistles."

Gospel Rather Than Epistles.

This tendency which Dr. Hall points out in the orthodox church of our time to depart from the apostolic teachings concerning Christ, to what Christ himself said and what the historical seemed to be; this shifting of the position by the orthodox church which Dr. Hall deplores, is precisely the heresy of Unitarian church. The heresy of following Jesus, the heresy of drawing our chief religious inspirations from the gospels, rather than from the epistles.

I make no protest whatever at being called a heretic. And when, as we have seen in the papers this past week, zealous but narrow-minded churchmen declare: "That whatever else Unitarians are, they are not Christian," I must simply answer that according to their definition of Christianity, I am not. But when it is said that we do not believe in Jesus, that we are not evangelical, that is, that we do not draw our religious inspiration from the gospels, then it is my bounden duty to protest that our accusers are ignorant of our faith, or if not ignorant, they desire to misrepresent it. In either case we have no right to be silent.

Gladly would I clasp the hand of every man, no difference what his theology, who is laboring to help mankind to bring in the reign of righteousness and love. But never shall I seek it if I do so I must dissimulate, or conceal any part of my own faith. So while I make no protest at being ruled out on the score of being non-orthodox, I do affirm that no other church draws more from the gospels or believes more implicitly in the teachings of Jesus than the Unitarian. That it is in this very fact that our heresy chiefly consists; as President Hall has truly shown, when we ignore the theology of the epistles we have no foundation for the doctrines of the creeds. There are no other books in the world so destructive of the creeds as the gospels. The creeds say that Christ is equal to the Father, in the gospels we find that Jesus says: "My Father is greater than I." The creeds say "That Christ is omnipotent," but he says: "Of myself I can do nothing." The creeds say "That Christ is omniscient;" he says, "Of that day and that hour knoweth no man, neither the Son, but the Father." The creeds say that Christ was one with the Father, in a different sense from that in which his disciples were one with each other and one with God. But he prays that his disciples may "Be one, even as He and the Father are One."

Truly Dr. Hall is right. It is a dangerous thing for orthodoxy to emphasize the teaching of the gospel. The Christian theologian is beginning to see that the young prophet in detailing the deep things of the spirit is decidedly iconoclastic, that to follow him is to give over the creed-made temples to the bats and owls. That is not a new discovery, however. Orthodox Judaism saw it in Him while He was still living, and to save their temple they killed Him; and now a worthy representative of one of the most progressive schools of orthodox Christians urges (in substance, if not in words), not to lay too much emphasis on what Jesus said, but to think rather of what His followers said about Him. This, I submit, is our heresy; we are not epistolical, but gospel, evangelical Christians. I am not saying we are wiser or better than they. Dr. Hall says it is a narrower view. Perhaps it is; I am merely stating facts. Our church draws chiefly from the gospels for its great watch-words: "The Fatherhood of God, the Brotherhood of Man, the Leadership of Jesus;" "the truth shall make you free" and "Love to God and love to man."

Are Not Orthodox.

If we are ruled out on the ground of not believing in the orthodox creeds the point is well taken, and I make no complaint; but when it is said that we are not evangelical, that is, if it means anything, that we do not accept the gospels and believe in the teachings of Jesus, then I affirm that it is exactly because we do accept the gospels and believe so fully in the teachings of Jesus that we cannot believe the creeds.

We make no pretense of having but one teacher and guide. You well know that we do not ignore the epistles of Paul. While we do not care much for his rabbinical theology in them, we are thrilled by him when he reasons of righteousness, temperance, judgment and love. We rejoice in the brave missionary and hero preacher of righteousness. Neither do we forget or disparage the great and honored religious teachers and leaders outside of Jewish and Christian history. Socrates, Marcus Aurelius, Zoroaster, Confucius and Buddha, all these were great leaders sent by God for the betterment of the world. And yet, beside all these noble characters of the world's history, I believe that Jesus is the greatest. Not the ideal Christ of Greek philosophy, or Christian theology, but the historic Jesus as we catch glimpses of Him through the synoptic gospels. Not the Christ of the Nicene creed; not that terrible Christ of Angelo's "Last Judgment," pursuing His enemies with His thunderbolts down to the lowest hell, but the human Jesus born of Joseph and Mary.

The theologian may mourn for the passing away of the scholastic theology, but it can never return. Something must take its place. And can it be anything better than this which he deplores—a new revelation of the historic Jesus, a new Christ-life to men? It would transform the church, it would win mankind. No one desires to resist that life any more than they desire to resist the beauty of the flowers, or the light of day. The theological Christ is passing away; but for the real Christ who lived and taught in Galilee; the Christ of the sermon on the mount and the golden rule and the matchless parables; the Christ who loved His fellowmen so tenderly, alike the rich and the poor, the good and bad, who spent His life going about doing good; the Christ who was faithful in all duty, faithful even unto death; the Christ who had such matchless power to impress Himself on others, communicating to them His spirit and making them feel the beauty of holiness, the nearness of God and the divineness of humanity; the Christ who has been the inspiration of so much of the world's best beneficence, heroic deeds and loftiest consecration in all the ages since He trod the earth—to believe in that Christ is a faith as far reaching and as radical as truth, and as deep as the heart's love, and as high as the aspiration of the human soul.

Unless we are told that we are not orthodox let us frankly, though sadly, acknowledge it to be true. And should someone whose zeal, betraying his judgment, proclaim that we are not Christian, it is useless to enter into discussion with him. We simply say we are not Christian according to your measurement of Christianity. But when anyone charges that we do not accept the gospels or believe in Jesus, then we must reply that, on the contrary, we believe in them so fully, so implicitly, that it has wholly overthrown our belief in the creeds.

The vicarious redeemer of the creeds is not needed to save us from a God of vengeance when once Jesus has really taught us that God is a heavenly Father more ready to give good gifts to His children than any earthly father to his earthly children.

If You Want Really
Consult the real estate page of today's Gazette.

CHOOSE BAD TIME TO MEND PIPES

Revival at Nixon Theater Is Interrupted by Industry of Couple of Workmen.

AUDITORIUM IS CROWDED

Some water pipes were out of order in the Nixon theater yesterday and city employes were sent to fix them. Objections to this could hardly be made had the time they chose for their operations been more opportune. Evidently the industrious city employes forget all about the big religious revival which the Christian church has been conducting for several Sundays past. The result of their labors rudely interrupted the services.

The Rev. Dr. John G. Slayter, pastor of the East End Christian church, had just started his discourse when from somewhere under the floor came sounds of a disturbing nature. It was unmistakably the clanging of hammer on iron. Dr. Slayter was about the only one in the theater who refused to be disturbed. He kept right on preaching vigorously, but the main body of the audience fidgeted nervously. Someone went downstairs to investigate. He found two men working hard on the pipes. They were told they were disturbing the meeting, but their only answer was that they would be "through in a minute," and they were. They were working for the city, they said.

Theater Was Crowded.

The theater was filled as far as the fire regulations would permit, and the overflow crowd was housed in the old Third Presbyterian church. The Rev. W. R. Warren, secretary of the simultaneous revival committee of the church, presided at the theater. Evangelist W. F. Shearer, A. K. Brooks, W. F. Lintt, Edgar D. Jones and W. J. Wright took part in the services.

Dr. Slayter preached a masterly sermon, dwelling on church union and paying particular attention to the interdenominational conference on federation now being held in New York. The Christian church (Disciples of Christ) has always stood for church union. At the close of Dr. Slayter's address he was loudly applauded, it being the first time during the meetings that applause has been heard. The Netz sisters quartet delighted their hearers.

At the Third church the Rev. O. H. Philips of Braddock presided and the Rev. Dr. Charles Reign Scoville of Chicago preached. The Netz sisters also sang at the church. Evangelist Singers A. K. Brooks and W. F. Lintt sang solos at both the theater and the church.

The revival will be concluded next Sunday when the great union communion will be celebrated in the theater and the two churches. Dr. Slayter, who took his text from John iii:16, said in part:

Dr. Slayter's Sermon.

The world that God is declared to love is the world of men. Had He not loved us such care would not have been taken to make the earth beautiful. God's love is further shown by the visit He paid our race when He became incarnate in the flesh of Jesus the Christ. A visit from a president of the United States is always a great honor; how much more, then, a visit from God? So intense was His love that He gave His Son in whom He was manifest, to die for the world. Why does God thus love our race? Not because of our moral attainments, for morally man has nothing of which to boast. The best of men are good only when compared with an imperfect standard; compared with perfection all are imperfect. Hardly because of man's intellectual attainments. Man intellectually has done wonders; but his highest achievements are but child's play in comparison with what the angels behold as the work of God day by day.

A great purpose has ever acted as an inspiration to man; by a great purpose ordinary men have many times been transformed into heroes. The mighty purpose God desires His church to possess is of such magnitude that it should arouse every ounce of energy and every power possessed by the Christian world. Our government in its care for human life has established lifesaving stations wherever there is unusual danger by water. The crews of those lifesaving stations keep watch day and night for opportunities to save those in danger of drowning. God's church is His great life-saving institution. Each congregation is a station and is commissioned to use this gospel of the love of God and the dignity of man for the saving of, first, those near at hand, and second, those in the remotest parts of the earth.

No Monopoly in Gospel.

The Disciples of Christ claim no monopoly upon this gospel. Other communions are just as loyal to it and just as earnest in its proclamation as we. Neither do we claim any superiority in zeal in the salvation of the entire race; for others are just as zealous, some possibly more so. But concerning this great mission God has intrusted to His church we have a plea that is of the utmost importance. There is no doubt but that the gospel of Jesus could have long since been preached to the whole creation if the proper condition had prevailed in the church itself.

The great plea of the Disciples of Christ is based upon that which is essential to the accomplishment of the church's mission. The Disciples of Christ are striving to bring about the union of God's church. Jesus teaches that the world can only be saved by a united church. Nineteen centuries of experience has but exemplified that teaching. During the first century, when the church was united, great progress was made. Never since divisions crept into the church has a like progress been made. The greatest sin of the church of God today is that perpetuating divisions and thus hindering the salvation of the world. There is no question but that a united church could evangelize the world in this generation. The Disciples plead for union, not for its sentimental value, nor for its spectacular beauty, but for the accomplishment of that for which Jesus died and prayed, "That the world may believe."

This distinctive plea pounding the Disciples of Christ to world-wide evangelism; for the union for which we plead is not union for union's sake, but union for the sake of saving the world. As our development goes on we must and will play a much larger part in the accomplishment of this purpose for which Jesus desired, the union of His people.

Lott's Hearing Is Postponed.

Charles Lott, who was arrested Saturday morning while trying to prevent the employes of Jones & Laughlin from razing the house of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Sarah Lott, at South Twenty-sixth and Sidney streets, was not given a hearing. Special Officer Charles Brennahan of the Jones & Laughlin company, who made the arrest, failed to appear against the man, so the hearing was postponed until this morning.

IF YOU HAD A NECK
As Long as This Fellow, and had
SORE THROAT
ALL THE WAY DOWN
TONSILINE
WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.
25c and 50c. All Druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO., Canton, O.

HAND SAPOLIO
It insures an enjoyable, invigorating bath; makes every pore respond, removes dead skin.
ENERGIZES THE WHOLE BODY
starts the circulation and leaves a glow equal to a Turkish bath.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

Lois Shoe For Women
Formerly Sold by W. B. Loveless Co.
Lois Shoe Co., 824 Penn Ave.

An Industrial Exhibition

The 227 pages of advertising in McClure's for November contain 422 different business announcements, divided into 72 general classifications. This is an industrial exhibition the like of which has never been offered in any magazine. It is a buyers' guide, peculiarly beneficial to the readers of McClure's Magazine, because no goods are offered to them which the editors of McClure's cannot and do not indorse.

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Coca-Cola
At all Seasons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c. a Bottle.

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE
(FORMERLY GUSKY'S)
Largest Co-Operative Store in America.
Market St., Third and Fourth Aves.

WANTED.

Male Help.

ANY intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

ATTENTION—YOUNG MEN WANTED—Good positions open for salesmen, various lines, best pay; opportunity for beginners. Other positions ready. SCHOENER, 206 Federal st., Allegheny. Second floor.

BILL CLERK, used to typewriter, for large hardware company.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST.

BILL CLERK, wholesale grocery house; neat writer. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

BLACKSMITH for contractor
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

BOOKKEEPER and salesman, for a good position, $25 per week, in city.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man between 28-33 years; $100 per month. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

BRICKLAYERS WANTED—Union; $60,000 brick to lay. $4.50 to $5.60 for 8 hours. Apply J. M. Forle, new High School Building, Steubenville, O.

BRIGHT young men to learn trades.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST

BUTCHER; also meat cutter. M. & M. Agency, 24½ Fifth st.

CAR BUILDERS and axle turners; steady work; no labor trouble. Apply Western Steel Car & Foundry Company, Anniston, Ala.

CARPENTER foreman; also carpenters; in city.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

CASH BOYS WANTED—
Must be 14 years old. Apply Monday at Transfer Desk, Main Floor, West.
JOSEPH HORNE CO.

CLERK in freight department, railroad. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

CLERK—Good at figures, neat penman; $60 per month. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

COMPOSITORS—Apply to W. H. Wright, 922 Farmers Bank building.

CORRESPONDENT—For local cereal company. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

CYLINDER PRESS feeder. H. J. Heinz Company, 1062 Main st., Allegheny.

DRIVERS—Milk, hardware, delivery, grocery and delivery wagon drivers.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST.

ENGINEER, firemen and pump runners. M. & M., 24½ Fifth st.

FIRST-CLASS mechanical, also electrical draughtsmen; Pittsburgh companies.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

FOUNDRY FOREMEN (2), also moulders.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

JEWELRY, grocery, hardware salesmen.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST.

LATHERS of Pittsburgh district union or non-union to attend mass meeting and smoker to be held Wednesday evening, November 22, at 555 Smithfield st.

LINOTYPE operator for night work, at once. Apply at Homestead Press.

M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. FOR A PERMANENT POSITION TRY THE M. & M. MANUFACTURERS & M. & M. MERCHANTS' AGENCY, M. & M. AGENCY, 2134 FIFTH STREET. M. & M. THEY SUCCEED WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M. M. & M.

MACHINIST at once, in and out of city; good, steady employment.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

MACHINIST, carpenters, mill men.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST.

MAN for lunch counter. 207-209 Federal st., Allegheny.

MASTER MECHANIC—For a tin plate mill; must be a good all-around mechanic; able to work himself and familiar with tin plate works machinery; reply in writing. F 30, The Gazette.

MECHANICAL, also electrical draughtsmen, tracers, at once; Pittsburgh companies.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

MEN and boys wanted to earn $5 day, after two months' instruction, position guaranteed. Special tuition half price for few days only. CLUNE BROS.' CO. PLUMBING SCHOOL, New York, Cincinnati, O., St. Louis, Mo. (Free catalogue.)

MEN—30 men for shop work. M. & M. Agency, 24½ Fifth st.

No. 1 NON-UNION electrotypers and finishers. Wages $22 to $24 per week. Open shop. Position permanent for thoroughly competent, reliable, sober men. One of largest printing and publishing houses in New York city. Address fully, with reference, last employer. Lock Box 1159, New York city.

NON-UNION compositors, $21 per week; catalogue, job, stone and monotype men. Open shop. Permanent positions; one of largest publishing houses in New York city; chance of a lifetime; only sober, competent men of good character wanted. Address fully, giving reference; last employer; Lock Box 1159, New York city.

PIPE-COVERERS—10; union men only. Johns-Manville Co., 220 First ave.

PIPE fitters, also helpers; low pressure.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

PORTER wanted at Hotel Anderson.

PRESSMEN WANTED—No. 1 non-union pressmen; $25 to $30 per week. Open shop. Position permanent for sober, competent men. Largest house in New York city. Address fully, giving reference, last employer. Lock Box 1159, New York city.

PRIVATE secretary for man of wealth; good correspondent. The Commercial Clearing House, 189 Wood st. up

ROUGH carpenters at once; in city.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

SALESMAN—Seventy-five per month and expenses. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

SALESMAN—Shoes, men's furnishings, stocks, bonds, soap, paint, varnish. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

SHAFT SINKERS and drill runners, $2.75 per day. Also muckers, $2.25 per day. Eight hours. Steady work. Apply A. C. Boeson, care Pittsburgh-Buffalo Company, Canonsburg, Pa.

STOCKMAKERS—Hand stockmakers; steady work all winter; good stock. Apply Wilson, Townsend & Wylie, Pittsburgh.

STENOGRAPHER—Ninety dollars per month. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man to learn business; good chance. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

STENOGRAPHER with legal experience for large corporation, at once.
MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

STOREROOM man for hotel. M. & M. Agency, 24½ Fifth st.

THREE active educated men of business; weekly pay or salary guaranteed. Call 10 to 12, Dodd, Mead & Co., 311 Ferguson block.

TIMEKEEPER for steel company; experience not necessary. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

TRACERS—Young men from college; good chance for advancement.
STAR, 120 SIXTH ST.

TWENTY union coal miners for Michigan state; steady work; coal runs from 4 to 6 feet high; must have union cards; fare advanced. Keystone Bureau, 1124 Penn ave.

WANTED—Recruits for the U. S. Marine Corps; able-bodied, unmarried men between 21 and 35; good character; must speak, read and write English; citizens of the United States, or those who have legally declared their intention to become such; marines serve at sea on men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at naval stations in the United States. Apply room 414, Postoffice building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—Four layers-out for structural steel work; apply at once. John Eichleay, Jr. Co., 37 S. 20th st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

YOUNG MAN to assist on books; neat penman. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

YOUNG MAN to learn stained glass business. THE COMMERCIAL CLEARING HOUSE, 432 Wood st.

Female Help.

GIRL wanted; white girl to nurse and assist in light housework; experience and reference necessary. 221 South Euclid ave., near Penn.

GIRL—For housework; two in family; $5.00. 207 W. Ohio.

GIRL, 18, for housework; private family. Apply 816 Rebecca st., Wilkinsburg, Pa.

JOIN the new class in ART Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2 p. m. THE WORLD UNIVERSITY, 423 Wood st.

Agents.

AGENTS—Good agents make big money selling "Lightning Cleaner;" sells everywhere. New Kensington Manufacturing Company, 512 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh.

Male and Female Help.

ATLAS BUREAU supplies help. 'Phone 822 Court, 643 Smithfield st.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker's, 641 Smithfield st. 'Phone 330.

Situations—Male and Female.

AN ACCOUNTANT would like work on books evenings; fine penman; best of references; Allegheny preferred. Address F. 26, The Gazette.

GERMAN, Swedish country girls a specialty. Mrs. Ford, 207 W. Ohio.

GIRL—German, wants place; good cook, laundress; references. 207 West Ohio.

MAN and WIFE, German, butler and cook, want places; best references. 207 W. Ohio.

SITUATION WANTED.

BY GOOD RELIABLE MAN AS SUPERINTENDENT OF A BUILDING, SALARIED SALESMAN, COLLECTOR OR OTHER LIKE EMPLOYMENT; THOROUGHLY SOBER AND TRUSTWORTHY. WIDE AND VARIED EXPERIENCE. WILL MAKE GOOD IF GIVEN OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS H 86, THE GAZETTE.

SITUATION—Stenographer, aged 24, wishes situation; four years' experience; salary $15; formerly employed in Philadelphia in railroad office; highest reference. Address Y 126, The Gazette.

SITUATION wanted by good man as bartender, experienced; furnish best of reference. Address T 42, The Gazette.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL.
Personally conducted by Marshall H. Reno, for nearly 30 years engaged in reporting officially in the Allegheny county and United States courts, and as official reporter of legislative, convention, religious and political proceedings.
Sessions daily and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.
Post-graduate course.
539 WOOD ST.

LEARN bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, engineering, electricity, draughting, telegraphy and English branches at CATON TECHNICAL SCHOOL, Allegheny, opposite postoffice. A thoroughly modern school. Day and evening sessions constantly. Large catalogue free.

ELLSWORTH BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Stenography, bookkeeping, common branches. Positions guaranteed all graduates. Three months $25.00. Week's trial before paying. Night sessions, three months, $10.00. Call, write or telephone, 459 Smithfield st., (opposite Kaufmann's).

FRENCH instruction. Privately and in classes. BERLITZ SCHOOL, Nixon building.

Houses.

WANTED TO BUY
FOR CASH

House of 5 rooms, brick, reception-hall, with modern conveniences. Cost about $7,500 to $10,000. Shadyside district. Must be a real estate broker. Refer information. Means business, and have the cash to put up for same. Address stating particulars C 46, The Gazette.

Business Opportunities.

HAVE BUYER for butter and egg store; all business confidential. What have you to offer? Communicate with
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY, 309 Times Bldg.

WANTED—To buy drug store; Pennsylvania or West Virginia. Address G, Box 115, East End, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Patents.

H. C. EVERT & CO., Patent Attorneys, 305 Smithfield st., opposite postoffice.

Financial.

FORM letters prepared, booklets, prospectuses written. Mining and industrial work a specialty. New England "Ad." Bureau, 618 Bijou building.

Oil Production.

ED. WITTISH, 424 Fifth AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, buys settled Pennsylvania oil productions. Call Saturdays or Mondays.

Farms.

WE have buyers for good farms; if you want to sell communicate with us at once.
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY, 309 Times Bldg.

FOR RENT.—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD ST., 421—Large newly furnished front room, with bay window, suitable for two persons; all modern conveniences; pleasant location, near library.

ATWOOD ST., 421—Two or three rooms for light housekeeping.

BELLEFIELD AVE., cor Fillmore—Furnished rooms, one connecting with bath; all modern conveniences; breakfast if desired.

BIDDLE AVE., 404, Wilkinsburg—Finely furnished room with private family; very reasonable terms to gentleman of refinement; all conveniences.

CENTER ST., 1401, Wilkinsburg—Two furnished rooms, very light, second floor; gas, bath, furnace heat; to refined couple for housekeeping or for gentlemen; fine view.

CLEVELAND AVE., 115, Avalon—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences; 5 minutes to street cars; gentlemen only; board if desired.

COAL ST., 609, Wilkinsburg—Wanted, young lady roommate in well-kept front room; reasonable rent; near boarding; reference required.

CRAFTON—Nicely furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen; all conveniences and board if desired. Address C 27, The Gazette.

ELLSWORTH AVE., 36, Bellevue—Two second-story front rooms furnished; all conveniences; suitable for two gentlemen.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, near station and handy to street cars. 418 Todd st., Wilkinsburg.

HOT buttered muffins for breakfast. "Just a little different." Saratoga Lunch, 229 Oliver ave.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 7612—Large well-furnished front room on first floor; modern conveniences; gentleman preferred.

GARLAND AVE., 347, Oakland—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; good neighborhood; handy to cars. Bell 'phone 1162-K Shenley. Gentlemen only.

GRANT AVE., Bellevue—Two splendid rooms for housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished. 'Phone 180-J, Bellevue.

GREEN ST., 200, Wilkinsburg—Nicely furnished room for one or two gentlemen; all modern conveniences.

INQUIRE 280 WICK ST., COR. DINWIDDIE—One newly furnished room for gentleman; near two car lines.

KENNETT SQUARE, 2215, near Craft ave., Oakland.—Neatly furnished rooms; light housekeeping if desired.

KITTANNING ST., 92, Sharpsburg—Furnished room, suitable for lady; cheap.

LINCOLN, cor. Thomas—Furnished rooms with or without board, at reduced rates; good locality and modern conveniences.

NORTH BRADY ST., 713—Furnished housekeeping; three rooms en suite.

ORCHARD ST., 416, Avalon—Two furnished rooms, light housekeeping; gas, bath; terms to suit; near cars. 404 L Bellevue 'phone.

SPRAGUE AVE., 58, Bellevue—Furnished room on second floor; all conveniences; gentleman preferred.

TRENTON AVE., 1015, Wilkinsburg—Well-furnished room, modern conveniences; reasonable rent; gentlemen preferred; convenient to station.

FOR RENT.—FURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

WALNUT ST., 1113, Wilkinsburg—Large, cheery front room, suitable for two gentlemen; modern conveniences; near three car lines; pleasant location.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5512—Well-furnished rooms, one a front; all modern conveniences; private family; convenient location; gentlemen only.

CENTER AVE., 5953—Near Highland; nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

COLLINS AVE., 509—Furnished room, two gentlemen; close to P. R. R. station and North Highland car line; bath and gas.

DITHRIDGE ST., NORTH 202—Third floor furnished room, all conveniences.

EUCLID AVE., cor. Friendship—Large pleasant furnished room; all conveniences; near cars and station.

GERRIT ST., 915, E. E.—Fine home; private family; furnished room; one or two gentlemen; morning and evening meals if desired; rates very reasonable.

HARVARD ST., 5304, near Highland ave.—Well furnished front room; second floor; use of bath, gas, conveniently located. Gentlemen only. Bell 2627-J Highland.

HERMITAGE ST., 7304—Furnished front room, well heated and lighted; modern corner house; private family; ladies or married couple preferred. 'Phone 2250 W. Highland.

HERMITAGE ST., 7304—Two neatly furnished rooms, second floor, one a front room; modern conveniences; reasonable rent; gentlemen only; call evenings.

KELLEY ST., 7808, corner Braddock ave.—Large front room nicely furnished; latest improvements; private family; gentlemen only.

MARGARETTA ST., 5002, near Highland—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, with use of kitchen for housekeeping; all modern conveniences; very reasonable.

N. EUCLID AVE., 821, E. E.—Refined gentleman in private family.

NORTH CRAIG, 225, between Bayard and Center—All conveniences; electric light.

RODMAN ST., 6030—Quiet and clean, nicely furnished rooms; private family; 5 minutes to East Liberty station; $10.

SHADY AVE., 269—Bedroom on first floor, parlor, suitable for one or two gentlemen; near East Liberty station.

SHADY AVE., 434—Very large second floor room; board, suitable for couple; select neighborhood.

WALNUT ST., 6106—Furnished second-story room, all conveniences; suitable for a gentleman; references exchanged.

WALNUT ST., 5425—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping; gases and bath.

Allegheny.

ARLINGTON AVE., 610, Allegheny—Large well-furnished room, housekeeping if desired; conveniences; 10 minutes' walk to market; $2.50 week.

BEAVER ST., corner Woodland ave., Allegheny—Furnished first floor front room, gas, water; gentlemen; board; private family, moderate terms.

FAYETTE ST., 1232, Allegheny—Elegantly furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; telephone; beautiful location, two minutes from Western ave. cars.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 8 minutes from city hall. Herman, Emerson place, corner Wilson ave., Allegheny.

FULTON ST., 117, Allegheny—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; good locality; 20 minutes to city.

IRWIN AVE., 1212, Allegheny—Nicely furnished room with all conveniences, near North ave.; good location; board near by.

LINCOLN AVE., 834—Suite of nice rooms, suitable for housekeeping; in good locality; every convenience. Also furnished parlors and other rooms. Automobile house.

NEATLY furnished room by young man in private family, about 15 minutes from downtown. Address D 27, The Gazette.

NORTH AVE., EAST, 16, Allegheny—Nicely furnished single or double parlors, for two or four gentlemen, all conveniences; moderate prices.

NORTH AVE., 705, Allegheny—Near car line, nicely furnished rooms; gas, bath and phone service, will furnish for light housekeeping.

OBSERVATORY AVE., 360, Allegheny—Nice furnished room.

OHIO ST., EAST, 717, Allegheny—Nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences, gentlemen; 5 minutes' walk to market; moderate prices.

PAGE ST., 1523, Allegheny—Two or four furnished or unfurnished rooms, separate or together; all conveniences; good locality; moderate prices.

PALO ALTO ST., near North ave.—Nicely furnished rooms, with modern conveniences, strictly private family; references required. Address H 56, The Gazette.

PALO ALTO ST., 1238, Allegheny—Nicely furnished; private family.

PRICES right. Saratoga Lunch, 229 Oliver ave. "Just a little different."

RACE ST., 1215, Allegheny—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences, central location; gentlemen only.

RIVER AVE., 14—Furnished room, light housekeeping, gas and water.

SANDUSKY ST., 1235, Allegheny—Second story, 4 rooms and bath; rent $20; one square above North ave. Owner in building from 9 a. m. till 5 p. m.

SUPERIOR AVE., 21, Allegheny—One nicely furnished room; all conveniences, in private family; gentlemen, boarding near; reasonable price; Avalon cars.

SUPERIOR AVE., 1, Allegheny—One nicely furnished room, all conveniences; near cars; also unfurnished rooms.

SUPERIOR AVE., 11, Allegheny—Two nicely furnished rooms, modern conveniences, hardwood floors, convenient to city; gentlemen; terms reasonable.

TAYLOR AVE., 505, Allegheny—Newly furnished rooms; conveniences; gentlemen preferred; references required; 10 minutes from market; good locality; terms reasonable.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

BOUQUET ST., 227, below Forbes—Nicely furnished front rooms, with or without board; outside meaters accommodated; near Carnegie library.

CRAIG ST., 406, South, third house from Forbes, furnished rooms and board. Private family; all conveniences.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3217, Oakland, off Craft ave.—Three furnished rooms, 2d floor; all conveniences.

NORTH CRAIG ST., 219, near Center—Well furnished front room; second floor; all conveniences; with board; pleasant location. Mrs. Petrikin.

REBECCA AVE., 423, Wilkinsburg—Front room, completely furnished, for one or two gentlemen; near electric and steam cars.

PITT ST., 401, Wilkinsburg, Pa.—Large second-floor front room; three blocks from station; one block from car line; also good table boarding.

SUNNY Side Oyster Shop, 341 Oliver ave. Only fresh shell oysters. Fry, stew or half-shell. Fresh daily.

THE SWEARINGEN.
Craft avenue, below Forbes; beautiful rooms; first-class board; 10 minutes' ride to city; every convenience. Bell 2673 Schenley. F. & A. 544 Park.

TO LET—Nicely furnished second and third floor front room. Newly papered; all conveniences; good board. Price moderate; 855 Oakland ave.

TRENTON AVE., 1115, Wilkinsburg—Three newly furnished rooms; single or en suite; modern conveniences; meals if desired. Near Penn ave. cars; 6 minutes to station.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5514—New house and newly furnished rooms, first-class table board. Bell 3135 ring J. Highland. Inquire 3901 Alder st.

ALDER ST., 5531, E. E.—Two fine furnished rooms, all modern improvements with private family; references.

CENTER AVE., 4035—Lovely rooms with first-class meals at reasonable rates; good chance for students.

COLLEGE AVE., 630—Desirable second floor rooms; first-class board; every convenience. Bell 'phone.

MARCHAND ST.—Large front room, well furnished; also another furnished room, with good boarding. Bell 2279 W. Highland; gentlemen preferred. M 46, The Gazette.

MONTICELLO ST., 7404—Large, newly furnished room, second floor; breakfast if desired; gentlemen or ladies employed; reasonable.

NEGLEY AVE., 620, South—Well furnished rooms, with or without board; outside meaters accommodated.

OAKLAND CLUB—Corner Center and Negley, large front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen; first-class accommodations; Millard room, etc. 'Phone 678 Highland; references. Strictly bachelor apartments.

OAKLAND AVE., 355—For Rent—Nicely furnished second and third floor front room; newly papered; good table board; all conveniences; price moderate.

SHADY AVE., 435—Handsome large rooms in modern house, with every convenience; beautiful location; first-class table.

SOUTH HIGHLAND AVE., 539—Desirable room and board for two; references.

"THE RURAL."
Rural ave., 5713—Gentlemen roommate wanted; first-class table; meaters accommodated at reasonable rates. Bell 'Phone 1446 L Highland.

WALNUT ST., 5365, second door from South Highland—Furnished rooms; all facilities.

Allegheny.

ANDERSON ST., 907—Wanted roomers and boarders; nicely furnished rooms with first-class board; best meal in the city; gasses; bath and every convenience.

CHESTNUT ST., 858, Allegheny—Furnished rooms, with board, for railroaders, street car men and others; reasonable. Emil Ley.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

Allegheny.

SANDUSKY ST., 816, Allegheny—Boarders and meelers, all conveniences. Meal tickets at special rates for this week.

UNION AVE., 903, Allegheny—Large furnished parlor, all conveniences. Also first-class board, moderate; 5 minutes' walk from library.

W. OHIO ST., 207—Very large room and board for four men; every convenience, baths, stationary wash stands; room home comforts.

FOR RENT.—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

HOWARD ST., 42, Bellevue—Apartment, 4 unfurnished rooms, bath, hall, porches, second story Victoria bldg.

DAWSON AVE., 23, Bellevue—

12,516 LINES MORE OF CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Printed in The Gazette during the past seventeen days over corresponding period last year. This big gain was caused by the advertisers getting returns.

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Horses and Vehicles.

HORSES HORSES HORSES
W. J. THUBRON

Dealer in high-class horses, coach and driving teams, station wagon horses, driving and road horses, and gaited saddle horses; 50 head always on hand, and every horse guaranteed as represented. Stables at Asher Horse & Mule Co., River Ave. and Darrah St., Allegheny, Pa.

Telephones { P. & A., 133 North. Bell, 133 Cedar.

AUCTION SALE
$100,000
WAGONS,
BUGGIES,
SLEIGHS,
HARNESS, ETC.
AT 1924 EAST STREET,
ALLEGHENY.
(Take Madison Avenue and East Street Car from Fifth avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.)
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY,
NOVEMBER 22, 23, 24, 1905.
Sale commences at 10 o'clock each morning.
J. A. McKELVY,
AUCTIONEER.

Business Opportunities.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY offered a discreet and honest party to join advertiser in a cash business deal that will net a profit of $25,000 each within the coming month; advertiser holds position of trust with large New York corporation and will exchange references; only parties meaning business and able to raise at least $2,500 cash immediately need answer; kindly state age and business experience. Address Harvey G. Wallace, Box 105, 617 Sixth ave., New York city.

STORES, HOTELS, SALOONS, ETC.

QUICKLY SOLD for cash through our agency. No charge unless sale is effected. We have some improved city real estate to exchange for stocks of merchandise. If you want to make quick deals and without publicity, see us. E. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D.,
(Business Established 1893.)
1107 Arrott Bldg. Fourth ave. and Wood st.

INCORPORATE YOUR BUSINESS.
Limited Liability. Perpetual Existence.
Corporate Purposes Unlimited.
Write for FREE BOOKLET.
UNIVERSAL INCORPORATING CO.,
Keystone Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WE make a specialty of selling stores, saloons and hotels and business opportunities of all kinds; business strictly confidential; communicate with us if you are thinking of buying or selling.
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY, 300 Times Bldg.

IF YOU want to get into business or sell your business, see
A. M. JOHNSON & CO.,
419 Farmers Bldg.
Bell 1213 Grant. P. & A. 2596 Main.

IF you want help in selling or buying a good business or in selling or renting your real estate, farms, land, acreage. See
STEWART & MITCHELL, 805 Wylie ave.

FOR SALE—Grocery in good town; good business and good reason for selling; price $3,500. Box B 80, The Gazette.

INVEST $1 per week for 25 weeks or $25 cash and clear $500. Solar Furnace Co., 501 Empire building.

CASH business, clearing $1,800 annually; price $5,000, or East End real estate in exchange. Inquire G 56, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—Bakery; price $400 if sold in a week. Address J 27, The Gazette.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

GAS AND STEAM ENGINES in all sizes and for all purposes. We make a specialty of private lighting and pumping outfits; also complete power equipment for general purposes.
Call and see our special electric gas engine in operation under full load. Send for our second-hand list.
TRANTER MFG. CO.,
196 Water st.

75-H. P. POWER PLANT COMPLETE, CONSISTING OF—
12x30" Cooper Corliss
60"x14' boiler.
10½x24x24" Worthington Pump.
Webster feed water heater.
Fine condition, and can still be seen connected up as formerly operated; low price for quick sale.
WICKES BROTHERS,
45th St. and Allen'y Ry.
BOTH 'PHONES. PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
105-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

GAS ENGINES.
Gas and gasoline engines from 2 to 75 H. P. Gas engine repairs given prompt attention; general machine building. 'Phone 2960 Court. 500 Diamond Bank building, Pittsburgh, Pa.
CHAMPION GAS ENGINE CO.

VERTICAL GAS ENGINES.
High grade multiple cylinder, direct connected or belt, electric lighting plants a specialty; lights one-fifth regular cost.
BOLLINGER BROS., 135 First ave.

FOOS GAS ENGINES.
Strictly high-grade, for all power purposes. Over 200 in use in Allegheny county.
FOOS GAS ENGINE CO., 125 First ave.

[illegible]—New and second-hand. Have us do your repairing. BRIGGS MACHINERY CO., 228 Second ave.

Patents.

FOR SALE—United States, Canada and Great Britain patents that will control the rubber hose trade, around all industries; improvements pending. L. T. Foreman, Omaha, Neb.

Safes.

SAFES almost given away. W. PRAGER, 119 Market st.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Fancy second-hand garments; ladies' and gents' (private house). 1341 Webster ave., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—Small white houseboat, near 7th st. bridge.

PERSONALS.

CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF GARMENTS, LADIES AND GENTS. WRITE J. WALD, 1341 WEBSTER AVE., PITTSBURGH.

PERSONAL—Ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing bought; highest prices paid. Gassel, 2229 Fifth ave. Bell 'phone 939 J. Grant.

$500 REWARD for better work. John Brautigam, shoemaker, Gayety building, Duquesne way.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

M'DOUGALL, Craig and Forbes, Pittsburgh; 57 Federal st., Allegheny. Every afternoon and evening; 10 lessons, $5; six private, $5; society, stage, clog, buck and wing and fancy dancing, $5 and $10 a dance.

JAS. P. BROOKS' dancing academy, Call's College auditorium, 204 Sixth st. Beginners Monday and Friday evenings; ten lessons, $3.

LOST.

LOST—Last Monday, a lady's small size plain gold ring, probably in one of the large department stores, in the coat or jacket-suit department. Finder please notify Lock Box 1613 and receive liberal reward.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

INTERNATIONAL DETECTIVE AGENCY—623 Bessemer bldg. Bell 'Phone 2017 Court.

PERKINS' UNION DETECTIVE AGENCY—231 Fourth ave. Telephones—Private exchange.

BERRY DETECTIVE SERVICE,
423 Fifth ave. Bell telephone Grant 648.

ACCOUNTANTS—STENOGRAPHERS.

SLOAN TYPEWRITING BUREAU.
MIMEOGRAPHING. 309 Fourth ave.

FOUND.

FOUND—Cheapest place to have wringers repaired. 1307 Federal st., Allegheny.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS remaining at the Pittsburgh postoffice, Monday, November 20, 1905. When calling for advertised letters please mention above date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Mrs. Abel, Miss Nannie Ader, Mrs. Adley (For.); Mrs. Hilda Allen (D. L.); Mrs. I. Alpern, Miss Louise Alvord, Miss Ethel M. Amberson (For.); Mrs. Peter Anderson, Mrs. Rosella Atkinson.

B—Mrs. Amanda Banks, Mrs. Lillie Barr, Mrs. R. M. Barton, Miss Jane Bates (2); Miss Mildred Bantes, Miss Ivey Beagley, Mrs. Eva Burnside, Miss Behrhorst, Miss Della Beehartz, Miss Violet Bell, Mrs. Charles P. Berger, Mrs. Birch, Mrs. Ed Bird, Miss Lizzie Bird, Mrs. W. C. S. Bishop, Miss Lilah Blough, Mrs. Abbie Blue, Mrs. L. Borderging, Mrs. N. N. Boohan (For.); Mrs. Chas. Brant, Grace Brodell, Cleo Bradford, Miss C. Brown, Mrs. Chas. Brown, Kate Brown, Mrs. Laura F. Brown, Mrs. Louis A. Brown, Rose Brown, Mrs. I. Bryant, Mrs. M. Bullock, Mrs. L. M. Burgert, Kathleen Burke, Fannie Burns., Mrs. Lizzie Burns.

C—Mrs. H. B. Calderwood, Mrs. Cornelia M. Campbell, Nellie Campbell, Mrs. J. W. Carnahan, Mrs. Cealler Catlin, Mrs. Julia Collins, Mrs. Louisa Colman, Jennie Cook, Mrs. Frank B. Cooper, Miss A. Coreley (For.); Mrs. Alice Creedie, Mrs. Mollie Craford, Mrs. Catherine Cross.

D—Kate Dandridge, Mrs. Daniels, Mrs. Fannie Daniels, Mrs. Fannie E. Dawson, Mrs. W. Davis, Mrs. John Davis, Mrs. G. W. Day, Rosa Demarco (2); Mrs. Jno. M. Dermott, Mrs. Lizzie Dewalt, Julia T. Doolin, Mrs. M. Douglass, Mrs. Rachael Downey.

E—Elizabeth Eaton, Mrs. J. Edwards, Mrs. Matilda Eicher, Sallie E. Elam, Lydia Ellinger, A. W. Emmett, Miss B. Erben, Ethel Evans.

F—Louisa Fallmarsch, Caroline Felty, Mrs. H. M. Figley (D. L.); Beatrice Fleming, Mrs. Geo. W. Fassett, Mrs. Dennis Franklin, Lily Franklin, Mary S. Forawley (D. L.)

G—Mrs. Ellen Gallagher, Laura Gallagher, Maggie Gallagher (D. L.); Tillie Gemmill, Mrs. Marie Gillespie, Mrs. Sam'l Gibson, Mamie Gianot, Maggie Gobler, Marie Golden, Miss M. E. Gould, Mrs. Lorenzo Graves, Mrs. Mrs. Annie Gray, Mrs. Maud L. Gray, Mrs. Grant, Eva Greene (2), Lillian Grass, Barbara Griffin, Mame Griffin, Mrs. Margt. Griffiths, Helen Gugler.

H—Elizabeth Hade, Mrs. J. Winthrop Hagerman, Jennie Haines, Bessie Hale, Kate Hameright, Mrs. Mary J. Hamilton, Mrs. Carrie Harden, Mrs. L. C. Harper, Tillie Harper, Mrs. J. J. Harter, Mrs. Perticce Hawk, Mrs. Louis B. Hayden, Mrs. Wm. Hecker, Mrs. W. H. Heckmann, Mrs. Clyde Hensly, Mrs. Lulu Henly, Mrs. Ida Hervey, Mrs. M. L. Hinsdale, Mrs. Hodgekiss, Miss C. M. Howard (For.); Blanche C. Hughes, Mamie C. Hughes, Jessie Hugus, Minnie Hunt, Tracy Hurly, Mrs. Daisy Hutter, Mrs. J. Hurwit, Mrs. G. Hutchin.

J—Mrs. Ella Jackson, Mrs. Kelly Jackson, Blanche Jacobs, Mrs. Wm. James, Mrs. Will Jamieson, Mrs. Jess Jencks, Mrs. C. B. Jennings, Mary Jennings, Della Johnson, Minnie Johnson, Mrs. M. Joker, Mary Jones.

K—Mrs. F. Kauffman, Mrs. C. A. Kavanaugh, Mrs. Jas. M. Kennedy, L. Kennedy Bell King (D. L.), Esther Kramer (2), Anne Krewz, Mrs. Ruth Kuser.

L—Carry Lacy, Mrs. Willie Lane, Mrs. F. Lange, Elizabeth Lauck, Irene Layton (2), Irene Lee, Ruth Lee, Elize Lents, Mrs. M. Lester, Mrs. David B. Levy, Mrs. Link, Mrs. Margt. Linton, Mrs. A. P. Logan (For), Mrs. Evans Logan, Mrs. Marianne M. Lohr, Miss Longwell, Mrs. Laura Love, Marcelyne Lucas, Anna Lunn, Mrs. J. S. Lyon.

M—Mrs. Bertha Mackey, Mrs. Jas. Manning, Fannie Marcus, Mrs. H. F. Marsh, Mrs. M. Marshall, Mattie Mason, Sarah Mathews, Alice Mayer, Laura May, Miss L. L. Meclinger, Mrs. Anna L. Mellon, Mrs. Mayers, Mrs. Jennie Mickeney, Emma Miller, Mrs. R. B. Miller, Cornelius Miller, Mrs. M. C. Miller, Mrs. Lula Mine, Mrs. Mattie A. Minick, Mrs. Katherine Moll, Katie Malloy (For.), Miss Mooney, Essie Moore, Ollie Montross, Mrs. N. H. Morgan, Mrs. Alice Morris, Mrs. Lillian Mull, Gladys Myers, Mrs. C. H. MacLillie, Mrs. Eliza McCleery, H. Beatrice McClomell, Sadie McCormick, Mrs. R. S. McCoy, Mary McDaniel (D. L.), Miss Maggie McDonough, Helen McFeeley, Rose McGreeney, Annie McGuire, Mamie McKeever, Mrs. Mamie McKeown.

N—Stella Narrance, Anna Mary Negley, Mary Neill, Mrs. Ida Nelson, Mrs. Laura Nesbitts, Hattie Neutyling, Bessie E. Newcome, Mrs. Karol Nozos.

O—Edna O'Brien, Mary O'Conor, Mrs. W. W. O'Neill, Mrs. C. D. S. Oyer.

P—Mrs. Mary Powlaski, Katherine Patterson, Miss I. Patton, Laura E. Perrine, Mrs. Mary Pitts, Mrs. Margt. Plunkett, Mrs. H. Pollock, Sallie Powers, Mrs. Rebecca Prive, Elizabeth Prosser.

Q—Marcella Quigley.

R—Flo Ray, Mrs. A. Reed, Lulu Rees, Nettie E. Rhoun, Mrs. Clyde Rhodes, Mrs. Margt. Riddle, Elnora W. Riggs, Mrs. Agnes C. Robinson, Ethel Robinson, Ida Rockenstein, Mrs. Grace S. Rodgers, Martha Root, Mrs. A. R. Ross, Bessie Rost.

S—Mrs. L. Sacacks, Mrs. Joe Sambs, Minnie Samter, Mrs. M. E. Sawyer, Mrs. Pearl Schannon, Mary Schenski, Mary M. Schenk, Anna M. Schoppel, Mrs. Helen Schubert, Mrs. T. Schwalbach, Annie Schwendiman, Mrs. Grant Scott, Amanda Seanor, Mrs. R. L. Seton, Mrs. Kate Seyfert, Mrs. O. E. Shields, Mrs. M. Shane, Emily J. Sitz (D. L.), Bella Skinner (2), Mrs. T. L. Slater, Annie S. Smith, Ella Smith, Mrs. Fannie Smith, Kate Smith, Lizzie Smith, Mrs. M. Smith, Mrs. Mattie Smith, Zella Smith, Mrs. Lena Snoop, Mrs. Mary E. Saunders, Ethel Spencer, Emma A. Still, Miss C. M. Stein, Tillie Stein, Mary E. Stevenson, Mrs. Mattie Stewart, Delia Suttles.

T—Miss M. G. Turner, Ellen Thesesa, Miss Thomas, Mrs. Ella P. Thomas, Mrs. Gertrude Thomas, Miss M. Thomas, Mrs. F. Thompson, Mildred Thompson, Mrs. Mary Thomson, Mrs. Ester Traners, Amayia Tucker (2), Mabel Tivyman.

U—Pearl Ulian.

V—Madame Van Rooten.

W—Laura Wade, Miss Wahrus, Mrs. Anna Walters, Katherine H. Ward, Marie Weaer, Mrs. Florence Weaver, Cora Wells, Mrs. Julia Wells, Margaret Werth, Mrs. Bruce West, Mrs. Maro Wheeler, Mrs. Alma White, Mabel L. Whiting, Mrs. H. B. Williams, Katie Williams, Mrs. Lizzie Williams, Mrs. N. Williams, Edith Wilson, Mrs. Mary Jane Wilson, Gertrude Winters, Mrs. Ida Wise, Mrs. Mitchell, Mary C. Wolf, Flow Wood, Florence E. Woodward, Mrs. Vada Worley, Mrs. Wright.

Y—Gertrude Young.

Z—Julie Zimmerman, Mannie Zuast.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A—Jno. R. Adams, Wm. L. Adams, George Aird, George A. Albrecht, Wm. H. Allen, Frank Amos (3), Charles Ankrona, F. M. Armstrong, John Herbert Armstrong, Wm. Arthur, Arthur Ashton, Caimano Asieri, Benedetto Avollo.

B—Geo. H. Badger, Gifford C. Bakewell, W. K. Baker, Henry Baker, Hermond L. Ball, J. Ballagi, E. F. Bantz, Anton Barkofsky, Alexandro Barkley, Stanislaw Barnhart, A. C. Barrett, Jas. E. Barton, Vincenzo Bartoni, Charlie Barrett, J. G. Bastheim, J. M. Beall (2), James Beal, Leslie Beagle, Frank Bean, Frank T. Becker, Geo. Becker, P. Becker, C. W. Beerio, Joe Bell, Roy Belle, J. H. Bennett, R. W. Bennett, S. Berlinsky, Preston Bearing, Jack Bieber, Salvatore Biliante, T. D. Bird, G. H. Blandlard, William Block, Dr. S. Bloomberg, Mr. Bloomberg, M. D., Edward H. Bolden, S. E. Bonnerville, Jesse Lug. Borgo, Edward H. Bowles, Jno. O. Bowles, R. D. Boyd, Chas. Boyle, H. T. Boyles, Max Bozel, Morris Brachman, F. Xav. Bradley, G. C. Bradley, Giuseppe Brancatisano, J. P. Brennen, F. Bridgefoot, C. C. Britten, Chas. W. Brown, L. W. Brown, Matt Brown, M. S. Brown, Edwin E. Brophy, M. D., A. J. Brophy, Dr. C. S. Bruderwold, Frank Buber, Albert Bun, B. Burns, Dan Burrell, J. Bruze, J. J. Burke.

C—B. C. Cadwalader, William Calso, Theodore Campbell, Giuseppe Carallo, Ed Carey, Dr. C. E. Carroll, Chas. K. Cartwright, Willie Chambers, Charles Chapman, Victor Chapleau, S. M. Chatley, Geo. Chesnfield, C. H. Clapp, A. B. Clark, Mr. Clemens, Milo Cline, Elwood Close, W. J. Cody, W. C. Constable, L. E. Cook, W. Cotron, H. F. Covode, W. J. Crawford, J. H. Cunningham, W. H. Cushman, John Cusick.

D—George B. Damon, S. L. Davis, F. E. Day, L. W. DeHaven, Hiel Devlin, George P. Diemer, Rev. J. H. Dietrich, Giovanni Dimo, F. L. Dillman, Giuseppe Di Lorenzo, Creighton Dilworth, Graydon Dopler, Ed Dorsey, John Thomas Douglass, Edward S. Doyle, H. U. Dunham, Thomas M. Dunlap.

E—Andrew J. Ebaugh, Rev. H. W. Edwards, Broff E. Eismann, Abe Elkan, Al Elliott, C. H. Epps, Carnahan W. Ennis, Robt. M. Enrich, C. H. Evans, David P. Evans, Geo. E. Evans, Robert M. Enrich.

F—G. M. Farmer (2), Ivsl Fenka, Luigi Ferrari, Tony Ferrise, H. P. Ficar, Wm. H. Ficks, Matthew Fields, Francesco Filitta, Birt Findley, H. Fish, Iva Fisher, W. Fitch, C. P. Fitzgerald, J. Flemming, Jno. G. Fogarty, A. C. W. Foster, J. Foster, E. J. Frankenfield, Leonardo Fravelo, T. C. French, Harry Freymeyer, H. E. Fullerton, Jno. Fulton.

G—Wassim Gaccur, L. Gaida, Frank Galano, Wm. Galloway, Frank Gattino, Breglo Gennaro, Wm. Gibson, Rev. Jas. L. Gibson, W. J. Gilmore, Mr. Gipson, C. G. Glazixan, John Glenn, R. Gliapia, O. Gluckler, A. S. Goldstone, Lons Goldberg, John J. Goodwin, J. W. Goodwin, Wm. Gordon, John Gordon, H. R. Grossman, Harry Goulden, Harry Gose, G. E. Grace, L. Granger, Frank Glaneo, P. M. Green, J. Grenlany, W. A. Greetinger, George Grundlof, Arthur E. Prahb, Stanislaw Grude, Robert Gutnaip, F. Szabo Gyula.

H—Paul Hahn, Sam E. Hall, Geo. Hallaner, H. N. Hall, Wilmot G. Hall, F. J. Hanley, M. D. Hanlan, H. Harrington, Geo. Harris, Herman Harris, Max Harris (2), Phil. Harris, Washington Harris, Harry C. Harrison, Wm. Hart, Hart Gillard, Adolf Hausman, W. B. Haverly, B. S. Healy, G. F. Hepburn, C. C. Hemingway, Jos. R. Henderson, C. B. Hensley, William Henson, Cyrus Hile, C. P. Hillman, Robert B. Hill, W. Z. Hill, A. T. Hitchk, H. Hoffman, Harry E. Hogan, J. J. Hogwe, James Hollis, James A. Honey, T. J. Hoskinson (2), Avery Houk, George Howard, Louis H. Hubert, Harve Hudson, John Hughes, L. H. Hughes, M. E. Hughes, Robert Hughes, John W. Hussey, J. L. Hutchinson, M. F. Hutchins, Nathan Hymans.

I—Antonio Iclardi, J. C. Ireland, John A. Irwin, I. C. Isaacs, Mike Ivan, J. Ivey.

J—Ezra Jackson, Charles Jackson, Frank H. Jackson, G. W. Jackson, Dr. Isaac Jackson, Oliver Jackson, T. T. Jackson, Capt. Adam Jacobs, Fred James, H. T. Jamison, Fred Johnson, Harry Johnson, Hughes Johnson, J. G. Johnson, Mr. Jones, Even Jones, H. W. Jones, Jno. Jones, Thos. Jones, Harry Joyce.

K—St. Kahn, Ad Kane, Thos. Kearney, John Keasar, James Kelley, Robt. Kelley, Harry E. Kennedy, Owen Kerny, Chas. Kuhns, P. King, John M. King, W. E. King, C. M. Kinkead, M. J. Kinney, John M. Kitter, C. Klages, Raymund Klimoszewsky, Henry Knori, Chas. Kohler, R. Koley, M. Kanopinsky, Emil Koposeh, Jakob Kralj, Paul Krelsei, John Kulamer.

L—G. LaFleuga, Jabez Lake, W. T. Lamison, Dr. K. F. Lanco, G. D. Langler, Walter Laug, R. H. Langford, Jas. Lawler, J. J. Lawrence, Wm. Leasure, Herman Lederer, Stanislaw Lekuwa, Arthur W. Lewis, Claudy Lewis (3), Howard Lewis, Shield A. Liljenstolpe, Deter Lindsey, Samuel Linford, Frank C. Link, H. F. Linns, Antonio Liparota, Grant Livermore, Charley Loniese, Ray Lockwood, Erasmus Lopane, C. M. Loudon, Vincenzo Lucelo, Angelo Lucordino, Albert F. Lutz.

M—John Mackey (2), W. H. Madden, Bartley Mahoney, E. P. Malatesta, E. D. Maloney, Antonio Mantra, Frank Markewicz, W. K. March, A. Marshall, F. Marshal, Frank Marsh, D. S. Martin, J. Frank Martin, Richard Mashel, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mason, W. S. Mathews, Wm. Maxfield, H. Mehle, Amand Melun, W. S. Mercereau, R. H. Meyers, Chas. Miller, J. F. Miller, John R. Miller, Louis Miller, Morris Miller, Thomas H. Miller, W. B. Miller, Will Minnick, J. P. Minturn, James Minor, C. H. Misle, Mr. Moffatt, Mr. Samuel Monroe, G. P. Moore, Griffin More, H. M. Morey, J. E. Morrison, Sydney B. Morth, B. F. Morton, C. E. Morgan, William Morton, F. R. Moss, S. S. Mosse, W. J. Muller, James Murio, John Murphy, Thos. Murphy, M. Murray, Antonio Muto, Wm. S. Myaott, N. McBride, John McCabe, Jack McCann, Dan'l McCarthy, M. J. McCarty, Hugh McCormick, H. T. McCray, Charles McDaid, Martin McDonany, Robert McElheny, A. J. McGaughey, J. J. McGowan, Chas. J. McGraw, Willie McGregor, Rev. D. H. McKee, John E. McLean, Mr. McMillen (2), E. D. McMillen.

N—A. Nash, Lajos Nagy, George Nason, Juzef Naplokowski, M. Negzynoski, Howard Nelson, W. J. Nelson, C. H. Neumann, Gus O. Newman, N. Nicoline, P. Nolan, John Nouman, A. L. Novers, Mahr Nurnberger, William Nuse, Tom B. Nuttall, Nicolino Nigro.

O—Thos. B. Osborne, J. T. O'Rielly, T. J. H. Oskinson.

P—S. S. Palm, Constantino Pamphill, L. M. Parker, R. C. Parker, G. G. Patterson, A. W. Paulsworth, Guiseppe Paveni, Harry J. Perkins (2), Vincenzo Perone, H. R. Perry, Thilea Peter, W. F. Pfeffer, H. L. Phillips, T. Pickos, G. J. Pipkins, J. W. Piner, H. T. Pilger, Wawrzenic Piekorski, Abram Pillock, Robert R. Porter, O. H. Potts, John Ponars, W. J. Powell, W. A. R. Price, Anton Prochosko.

R—Edward Rahin, Dr. W. D. Rankin, Edward Peagan, Mr. Reed, C. McF. Reed, I. M. Reed, Robt. E. Reed, E. C. Reger, A. R. Rieley, T. P. Reilly, C. K. Reno, Ecaidro Ricoto, G. C. Rice, A. M. Richards, V. S. Richman, Harry Richter, A. Rissely, Elmer L. Roberts, Giles Robinson, M. Robinson, W. A. Robinson, W. Robinson, A. J. Rodkey, H. G. Roeman, Warren Roehe, H. B. Rodgers, Robert G. Rose, Max Rossomme, Edward Rotnour, Henry Rowe, Jas. B. Rowland, Jas. B. Rowland, John Ruben, William Ruch, Charles Rumbier, Salvator Russo.

S—F. P. Salman, Mile Fuzba Saljite, Isaac Sampson, Heinrich Saako, E. W. Sawyer, Joseph Scammell, W. P. Schanfeil, Henri Schmid, Robert Schmid, T. J. Schutzner, John Schultz, J. S. Scott, Walter Scott, John Seaguavis, G. Seagal, Geo. Seamon, Samuel Serwionsky, Louis Serwionsky, C. Shade, Frank J. Shaffer, E. E. Sheets, Mr. Shillingbur, T. E. Shirey, W. C. Short, William Sifflu, George Silverman, Max Simon, H. H. Singer, Thomas Sloan, George Snave, H. R. Snively, Boyd Smith, Chas. H. Smith, Chas. E. Smith, Dick Smith, Edward Smith, Herbert K. Smith, J. Henry Smith, L. B. Smith, Wm. Smith, W. S. Smith, Mr. Sorenson, Rev. Mr

IS BUSY SEASON FOR STAR GAZERS

Amateurs Watch for Leonids While Astronomers Observe the Mysterious Algol.

BIG TELESCOPE INSTALLED

Every star gazer is now looking skyward. The time is due for the showers of November meteors, because the earth is approximately at the point of its orbit's intersection with that of the trail of comet dust known as the Leonids, and to the observing small boy as "shooting stars."

Every clear night in November there are innumerable pairs of eyes fixed on the heavens in the hope of witnessing the phenomenon of the old comet's ghost. Over on the hills of Riverview park in Allegheny, however, is one great optic of almost omnipotent searching qualities compared with man's eyes, and every night when the sky is clear it rears up and looks away out there into space encompassing those mysterious worlds millions of miles away. This is the great lens in the James B. Keeler memorial telescope, which last week was installed in the Allegheny observatory.

As night comes on and the arc lights blink out along the hills and the dazzling rays of Mercury gleam from the southern sky, the residents of upper Allegheny see a peculiar half-crescent of yellow light from the top of Observatory hill.

Puzzles the Casual Observer.

It moves in peculiar fashion, now to the east and now to the west. The half crescent varies in shape. Sometimes it disappears for half an hour and then returns with apparently supernatural suddenness. To the observer who levels a field glass upon this strange object, which seems located half way between the horizon and the zenith, he might think that somebody had succeeded in solving the problem of aerial flight.

In the darkness the walls of the observatory are scarcely visible, but with a good glass the objects surrounding the light and its fantastic shapes are more or less clearly defined. The walls of the dome are seen and the light from a single incandescent lamp shines through an aperture that looks like the figure 8 made by "plugging" a watermelon. Up on a platform a man in a Canadian skating cap can be seen busily engaged around the skeleton framework which constitutes the cylinder of one of the world's largest telescopes.

In the Big Dome.

To the person who is fortunate enough to be invited up in that lofty dome all that would call up thoughts of uncanny things is dispelled. The big dome has been swung around until the large 30-inch mirror has been placed parallel with the northern sky while the walls have been opened, forming what the distant observer may imagine is the fantastic half-crescent. Through the opening all the chilly gales of the Ohio sweep unmercifully and it is not to be wondered that Director Frank Slessinger of the observatory has donned a skating cap and a heavy overcoat while mounting the platform to make his observations.

All the amateur star gazers at this time of year of course jump to the conclusion that Director Slessinger is watching for the Leonids. This, however, is not the case. This is a late day for astronomers to spend much time on researches to which Stoney and Downey gave so much careful study. Director Slessinger has his instrument aimed at a little group of stars in the constellation of Perseus.

The variable star, Algol, which is one of the interesting members of this constellation, is just now receiving the attention in the Allegheny observatory's researches.

Still Mystifies Scientists.

This star was known to the ancient Arabian astronomers, but some of its whims are still mystifying scientists. It is while making photographs of Algol that Director Slessinger is seen on the platform up in the top of the big dome.

There have been few opportunities for observing the Leonids this month on account of the cloudy skies. It is now more than 100 years since they were placed on the records of modern science. In 1799 there was a remarkable display and again in 1833 a tremendous swarm was observed. During every November intervening heavy falls of the meteors were noticed. This continued until 1867, when there was another shower. It was expected that the same phenomenon would recur in 1900, but thus far they have failed to appear in remarkable numbers.

It is explained that ages ago a comet traveled around an orbit which approached the earth's orbit every 33 years. When the comet was destroyed its particles were trailed around its entire course, but the largest portion of the meteors remained nearest where the original body of the comet had traveled. It is when the earth encounters the main swarm that the millions of "shooting stars" are seen. The failure of the big display in 1900 is believed to be the result of a deflection of the orbit of the Leonids.

CITIZENS WILL PROTEST.

Sharpsburg Business Men Will Meet to Oppose Annexation to Pittsburgh.

A mass meeting of Sharpsburg citizens will be called soon to protest against the proposed annexation of the borough to Pittsburgh, should the Greater Pittsburgh bill pass the legislature. A canvass has been made of the business men, and they are said to be almost unanimous in their disapproval of the measures, as they claim that the borough has nothing to gain and everything to lose. The borough now has all the improvements that Pittsburgh has, with only an 8-mill tax.

Sharpsburg has a $400,000 water and light plant, an almost perfect system of street lighting, paved streets throughout the borough, an excellent sewer system, and fire department of three stations and an extensive alarm system.

ARRESTS ALLEGED DESERTER.

Police Say Conway Decamped from Navy While Stationed at Philadelphia.

Robert Conway, alias Allen, was arrested yesterday by the Allegheny police on a charge of larceny preferred by Edward Malone of 232 Watson boulevard. Malone alleges he and Conway were drinking together and that Conway went through his pockets and stole $7.

Detective William M. Speer says he has discovered that Conway is a deserter from the United States navy. It is said the man was stationed at the Philadelphia yards and left there several months ago. The federal authorities will be notified today and Conway will be held, awaiting orders from the Washington authorities.

BOTH FOOD AND MEDICINE.

We like best to call Scott's Emulsion a food-medicine. It is a term that aptly describes the character and action of our Emulsion. More than a medicine—more than a food, yet combining the vital principles of both. It is for this reason that Scott's Emulsion has a distinct and special value in all wasting diseases. There is nothing better to remedy the troubles of imperfect growth and delicate health in children. The action of Scott's Emulsion is just as effective in treating weakness and wasting in adults.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

LOTS OF NEWS ON SATURDAY; SUNDAY GAZETTE HAS IT

Pittsburgh's Great Paper Has Facts and Features of Interest to All Classes of Readers.

Saturday was another of those prolific days. Something was happening almost everywhere; things of importance, things appalling, things amusing. There was a Gazette man always within a stone's throw of the events of the day, and his observations were chronicled in detail in yesterday's great newspaper. Wherever the cry of distress went up, in whatsoever land some great incident was being enacted, wherever the ripple of laughter was heard, where oratory's stirring appeal moved men to greater things, where the bullet or the knife carried injury or death, where music's touch stirred the gentler emotions, in hall, in home, in church, in the shadow of the bench, in the broad highways of trade, or in the dens of vice, some writer for Pittsburgh's great Sunday Gazette was near at hand, that the paper's readers might have all the news. And they had it. Every paragraph scintillated with something of interest; every comma punctuated a sentence which caught and held the attention. It was just such a paper as one likes to while away the hours with, and the pleasing feature of it was that the news columns only made a part of the many good things to be found in the Sunday Gazette.

During a football game at Ann Arbor a Pittsburgh man was injured in the collapse of the grand stand. Grangers offered their unanimous support to the President, condemned the Pennsylvania ripe laws and favor contract labor laws. More than 400 men deserted Prince Louis' fleet in New York, and the ships are unable to get away. The Panama canal board of consulting engineers has decided that the canal shall be built at sea level. Secretary Taft told the St. Louis Commercial club all about the Panama canal and incidentally flayed Wallace. Inter-Church Federation has prepared a plan for Christian union. Congressman Acheson denied the report that Washington county's Republican organization is pledged to renominate Senator White. Russian army officers conspired with Social Democrats to foment revolution among the czar's troops.

By the addition of a class of 63, the total roll of Syria Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, was raised above 2,800. Members of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania inspected the filtration plant at Aspinwall. Liberal public support given the Gazette fund for Russian sufferers brought the second day's total up to nearly $550. Employes of the Academy of Music, with the theater's fire hose, extinguished fire on the roof of the Duquesne club. Two local lawyers claim to have figured out a constitutional senatorial apportionment. Union communion service is to be held, in which 6,000 persons will participate. Explosion of moving picture machine at 1302 Penn avenue injured about 30 of those attending the performance. Three mayoralty booms were launched in McKeesport. Hunt M. Butler, the veteran "depot master" at the Union station, is critically ill. Attorneys Wise & Minor filed a statement in a suit against Mrs. Sarah Eleanor Flower, demanding $50,000 for settlement in the Lockhart estate. John W. Robb, a prisoner in the penitentiary, asked the United States court to release him on a writ of habeas corpus. Yale and Princeton alumni to the number of 400 received pictures of the New Haven game over the new printing telegraph service.

The blacklist for baseball contract jumpers is considered a little too severe. Fitzsimmons and O'Brien are in training for their coming fight. Yale beat Princeton, 22 to 4. Dartmouth tied with Harvard. W. U. P. easily defeated the Ohio Meds. Shadyside won from the Pittsburg High school, and California was trimmed by W. & J.

New York banks wiped out the deficit and reported a surplus reserve. The stock market was active and strong for specialties and industrials, but dull and slightly lower for leading railroad shares. Grain market was dull and prices held their own.

Mrs. Leslie Carter's Last Week.

The engagement of Mrs. Leslie Carter comes to a close at the Belasco theater this week with a pretentious revival of the great Belasco drama, "Zaza," which helped so much to place Mrs. Carter in her present position of the first actress on the English-speaking stage. Mrs. Carter has not been seen in her famous impersonation of the French concert hall singer in several years, and the desire to see her in this her last season as Zaza, is unusually keen, the advance sale being the largest of the season. Mrs. Carter's Zaza is one of the most notable performances of the modern stage.

APPLY CHRISTIANITY IN THE HOUSEHOLD

Dr. W. I. Wishart Urges That Religion Be Exercised in the Home.

"The Christian at Home" was the sermon subject of the Rev. Dr. W. I. Wishart in the Eighth United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, last evening. The pastor made a plea for the exercise of religious principles in the home and, taking for his text Psalm ciii: "I will walk within my house with a perfect heart," said in part:

This statement of the psalmist sounds like a New Year's resolution. Whether it was made at the first of the year or not, it is a good resolution for every man to adopt. It is the expression of a deliberate purpose to be decent and to act like a Christian, not only in the prayer meeting, but in that place where one is most liable to show his meanness, his own home.

Is religion workable in every-day life? Is it a thing merely for the church and the prayer meeting to be laid away with the good clothes when one gets home? Is it a thing that manifests itself in courtesy and gentlemanliness and considerateness when one is outside in the circles of business or the social gathering, but leaves one free to act like a bear the minute he gets inside his own door? Is it a thing that has anything to do with regulating the habits and conduct of the household, with determining the relations of parents and children, with giving tone and color to the conversation and the thousand little acts that make up the home life?

We lose very much by the fact that consciously or unconsciously we are always narrowing the sphere of religion. God has ordained three great institutions: the family, the church and the state. We frequently act as if we thought that religion belongs to the second of these institutions and has nothing to do with the first and third.

It is time for us to remember that our Christianity is a mere sham unless it beautifies and sweetens all the home relations and controls in the discharge of all our duties to the state.

The home affords one of the severest tests of the genuineness and depth of the religious life. The little frets and worries and cares that are incident to the home life are harder to meet in a genuinely Christian spirit than the larger trials and duties met in the outer world of affairs. How often men go down morally before some little thing when they stand brave as a lion before some great and serious trial. It is the little crosses and frets of the domestic circle that reveal the quality or lack of quality in our religion.

"No man is a hero to his own valet." The servant knows too much about him. The glamor of the heroic disappears in the dead-brown commonplace of the real smallness or meanness of the man in everyday life. The religion that keeps a man patient and gentlemanly all day with a most exasperating crowd of shoppers in his store seems often to be quite unequal to the strain of keeping him in equally good temper when he comes home and finds his supper is not ready quite on time, or the children are especially noisy, or when his wife asks him for money to buy a new hat.

Most of the trouble in the home—the unloveliness and bitterness and division found there—is due to the fact that we forget that the first and most proper place for religion to manifest itself is in one's own house.

It is to be remembered that sanctification is dependent not only upon the power of divine grace and the working of the spirit of holiness, but it is also dependent upon the human purpose. And if religion is carried into the home as it ought to be every Christian will have to bring himself to the point of decision where he will say, like the psalmist, "I will walk within my house with a perfect heart."

THE REV. DR. REASER DIES.

Prominent Presbyterian Divine Succumbs to Paralysis at Wilson College.

CHAMBERSBURG, PA., Nov. 19.—The Rev. J. G. Reaser, D. D., professor of the Bible at Wilson college, died of paralysis today at the home of his son, the Rev. M. H. Reaser, D. D., president of the college. Dr. Reaser, who was 80 years of age, was prominent in the civil war period in the Presbyterian church in Kansas.

He was for 20 years pastor at Leavenworth and 20 years at St. Louis. Dr. Reaser was many times a commissioner to the Presbyterian general assembly and member of the first committee on revision. The remains will be taken to St. Charles, Mo., for interment.

MOTHER COMPLAINS OF SON WHO FLOURISHED A HATCHET

E. W. Woolslayer was fined $50 or 90 days for disorderly conduct by Magistrate Negley yesterday. He was arrested on the complaint of his mother, who testified that every time her son got drunk he abused her. When Officer William Jones went to the house to arrest Woolslayer the latter had a hatchet and threatened to kill the officer. Jones soon took the hatchet from Woolslayer, who then went quietly to the station house.

Two Boys, a Dog and Policeman.

Harold Cronkright of 647 Maryland avenue and Raymond Archibald of 5818 Alder street, and their St. Bernard dog Ben, were arrested yesterday by Officer John Singer. Officer Singer alleges that the two boys "sicked" the dog on him and he had to beat the animal away from him with his mace.

Crown the Feast with this dessert made from

Jell-O

Chocolate Walnut Jell-O. To one package of Chocolate Jell-O, add slowly one pint of boiling water and set away to cool. When it begins to harden, add one-half cup English walnut meats and half a dozen figs cut up fine. Serve with whipped cream.

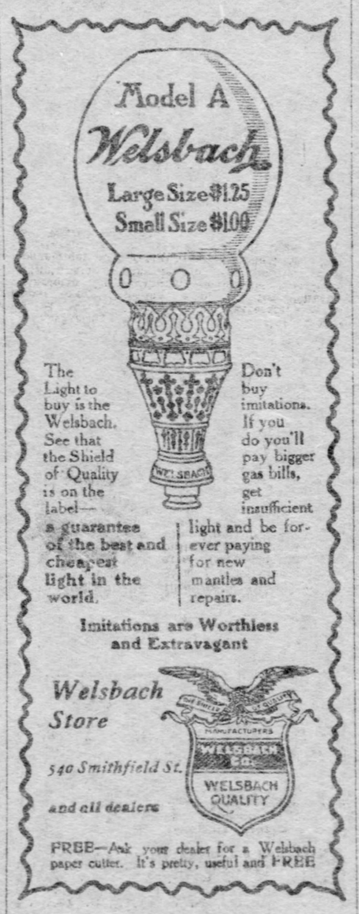
Jell-O comes in 6 fruit flavors: Lemon, Orange Raspberry, Strawberry, Chocolate and Cherry.

10c. per package. Enough for 6 people. All grocers sell Jell-O.

Beautifully Illustrated Recipe Book free.

The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Jell-O received the highest award Gold Medal at St. Louis Exposition, 1904. Approved by Pure Food Commissioners.



The Light to buy is the Welsbach. See that the Shield of Quality is on the label—a guarantee of the best and cheapest light in the world.

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Bell Telephone Building, Seventh Avenue.

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RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Line.

Strs. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville and way landings. Leave wharfboat ft. Wood St. as follows: Str. Keystone State, Mon. at 4 p. m. Str. Queen City, Wednesday at 4 p. m. Str. Virginia, Saturday at 4 p. m. Fare—Pgh. to Cin., $7; round trip, $14, meals, berth, included; down by boat, return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Gen'l. Mgr., Tel. 1762 Court, Pgh.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

STEAMER KANAWHA, W. E. Roe, Master; J. H. Wolfe, Clerk leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Tuesday, 4 p. m., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston, Cincinnati, Louisville and way points. Finest passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., G. H. Ghrist, Agents, No. 307 Water st. Tel.

PACKETS.

Semi-Weekly Packet for WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG and all way landings. STEAMER BEN HUR, H. C. Donnally, master, leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Monday at 12 m. and Thursday at 4 p. m. Fine passenger and freight accommodations. S. R. Patterson & Co., Geo. H. Ghrist, Agents, 307 Water street.

RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Cleveland Short Line.

Schedule in Effect June 25, 1905.

CENTRAL TIME	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago, Toledo & Detroit	* 7:15 am	* 8:35 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7:15 am	* 6:30 pm
Cleveland & Youngstown Ex	* 8:15 am	* 5:09 pm
Buffalo Limited	* 9:00 am	* 3:00 pm
Cleveland, Toledo & Detroit	*12:35 pm	* 6:35 pm
Cleveland & Chautauqua	* 9:00 am	*12:15 pm
Buffalo & Eastern Express	*12:35 pm	† 8:55 pm
Lake Chautauqua, Fast Line	*12:35 pm	* 6:20 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	* 5:00 pm	*10:00 pm
Cleveland & Chicago Ex	* 2:00 pm	*12:15 pm
Boston Special	* 5:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Cleveland & Detroit "Flyer"	* 6:15 pm	*11:55 am
Chicago Limited	* 6:15 pm	* 6:35 am
Buffalo Express	*10:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Cleveland Night Express	*11:00 pm	* 6:35 am
Youngstown Local	† 5:30 am	† 9:00 am
Beaver Falls Local	† 6:45 am	† 8:35 am
Beaver Falls Local	† 1:10 pm	† 4:30 pm
Beaver Falls Local	† 3:30 pm	†12:10 pm
New Castle Local	†11:55 am	† 4:35 pm
New Castle Express	† 4:50 pm	† 7:40 am
New Castle Express	† 9:00 am	† 1:10 pm
Beaver Falls Express	† 6:22 pm	† 8:30 am
Beaver Valley Local	† 9:00 pm	† 6:40 am
Brownsville Local	* 6:10 am	† 7:00 am
Brownsville & N. Haw. Ex	* 8:00 am	† 5:00 am
Brownsville & Brownsville	†11:20 am	†11:40 am
McKeesport & Brownsville	* 3:30 pm	* 4:50 pm
Brownsville & New Haven	* 6:20 pm	* 6:30 pm
Brownsville Express	†10:25 pm	† 1:30 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 10:30 a. m., †11:10 p. m.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
City ticket office, 355 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.
J. B. YOKE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Pennsylvania Special, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York, 10.54 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York, 1.10 a. m.
Keystone Express, daily, 3.00 a. m.
The Pennsylvania Limited, daily, 5.45 a. m.
New York Limited, daily, 7.10 a. m.
Atlantic Express, daily, 7.30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily, 8.00 a. m.
Buffalo Day Express, daily, for Buffalo, 9.00 a. m.
Day Express, daily, 12.01 p. m.
Mail Express, daily, for Baltimore and Washington, 12.45 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily, for Baltimore and Washington, 4.50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily for Philadelphia and New York, 4.55 p. m.
New York Express, daily, 7.10 p. m.
Philadelphia and Washington Express, daily, 9.00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York, Baltimore and Washington, 10.00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, for Philadelphia only. Sleeping cars only, 10.00 p. m.
Buffalo Night Express, daily for Buffalo, 11.00 p. m.

For Oil City, 6.22 a. m., 1.30, 5.05 and 11.00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 5.05 and 11.00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. daily. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week-days.
For Dubois, 6.22, 9.00 a. m., 1.30 and 5.05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 8.15, 8.50 a. m., 1.30 and 5.07 p. m. week-days. 9.00 a. m. and 4.55 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10.55 a. m., 4.40 p. m. week-days and 4.30 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville only, 6.10, 8.20, 9.15 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 7.15 and 11.35 p. m. week-days; 7.00, 9.50 a. m. and 1.05, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m. Sundays. For West Brownsville only, 4.05 and 5.35 p. m. week-days. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 8.10, 8.20, 10.55 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 4.40 (5.20 to Monongahela City), 7.15 and 11.35 p. m. week-days. Sunday 7.00, 9.50 a. m., 1.05, 4.30, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m.
For Butler, 2.05 and 5.10 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY:

For Butler, 6.50, 8.25, 10.25 a. m., 2.20 and 5.45 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7.00 a. m., 9.50 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket office—No. 355 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try Street, and Union Station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

Pennsylvania Lines Improved Service from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

Beginning with Sunday, November 26, there will be Eight passenger trains on week days and Six passenger trains on Sundays from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, over the Pennsylvania Lines, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:15 a. m., 5:40 a. m., 7:30 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 1:30 p. m., 5:00 p. m. and 11:00 p. m. The 5:40 a. m. and 1:00 p. m. trains will run via Wellsville, daily, except Sunday. The 11:00 p. m. train via Wellsville will run daily. The 3:15 a. m., 8:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m. trains will run daily via Salem. The 7:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. trains will run from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, daily, over the new Short Line via Youngstown and Ravenna, time and route of all these trains indicated below:

THE ROUTE.

Leaves Pittsburgh.		Arrives Cleveland.
3:15 a. m.	Via Salem	7:15 a. m.
5:40 a. m.	Via Wellsville	11:00 a. m.
7:30 a. m.	Via Youngstown	11:15 a. m.
8:00 a. m.	Via Salem	11:30 a. m.
1:00 p. m.	Via Wellsville	6:00 p. m.
1:30 p. m.	Via Youngstown	5:15 p. m.
1:30 p. m.	Via Youngstown	5:15 p. m.
5:00 p. m.	Via Salem	8:15 p. m.
11:00 p. m.	Via Wellsville	5:00 a. m.

All trains run by Central time, which is one hour slower than Pittsburgh time.

On the 3:15 a. m. train, Sleeping car (from Washington) Pittsburgh to Cleveland. No coaches.

On the 5:40 a. m. train Coaches only from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

On the 7:30 a. m. train Coaches from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, via Youngstown. Broiler Buffet Parlor car from Pittsburgh, via Youngstown and Hudson, to Akron and Barberton.

On the 8:00 a. m. train Parlor cars, Dining car and Library-Smoking car (no coaches) from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

On the 1:00 p. m. train Coaches only from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

On the 1:30 p. m. train Parlor car and Coaches from Pittsburgh to Cleveland via Youngstown.

On the 5:00 p. m. train Parlor cars, Cafe car and Coaches from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

On the 11:00 p. m. train, Sleeping car and Coaches from Pittsburgh to Cleveland.

Particular information may be obtained at City Ticket Office, 360 Fifth avenue, or at Union Station, Pittsburgh, or by calling upon or addressing

J. K. DILLON, District Passenger Agent. 505 Park Building, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Union Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.00 am	* 1.40 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 6.10 am	*11.55 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville & St. Louis	* 4.50 am	* 8.05 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.50 am	* 2.15 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 4.50 am	* 8.50 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 5.20 am	* 7.25 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.20 am	* 9.40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	* 6.50 am	* 1.06 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 6.30 am	* 8.20 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 6.30 am	*10.55 am
Pittsburg and Ashtabula	* 7.30 am	* 1.50 pm
Ohio Valley Express	* 6.50 am	* 9.30 pm
Salem and Alliance	* 7.00 am	*10.40 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 6.01 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 7.30 am	* 4.45 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 8.40 pm	* 8.30 am
Mercer and Oil City	* 7.35 am	*10.35 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 7.35 am	* 1.00 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 7.35 am	* 5.35 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.25 am	* 5.25 pm
The Cleveland Express	* 8.50 am	* 3.50 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 9.00 am	* 8.50 pm
The Toledo Special	*11.30 am	* 2.50 pm
Tuscarawas and Toledo	*11.50 am	* 5.30 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*12.30 pm	* 2.00 pm
Youngstown, Ashtabula & Jamestown	*12.35 pm	* 5.50 pm
Jamestown and Ashtabula	*12.35 pm	*10.05 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 1.25 pm	* 1.05 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	* 1.30 pm	* 1.00 pm
East Liverpool and Steubenville	* 4.02 pm	* 7.40 am
New Castle and Erie	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 4.30 pm	* 8.05 pm
Niles and Youngstown	* 4.30 pm	* 1.30 pm
Jamestown, Youngstown and Niles	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
The St. Louis Special	* 5.02 pm	* 2.15 pm
Logansport and Chicago	* 5.00 pm	* 7.50 pm
The Cleveland Special	* 5.05 pm	*11.15 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.02 pm	* 9.40 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.10 pm	* 3.05 am
The Chicago Special	* 7.30 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 8.05 pm	* 6.00 am
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.40 pm	* 8.50 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.45 pm	* 8.35 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.55 pm	* 8.30 am
Toledo and Detroit Express	* 8.50 pm	* 8.50 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	*10.40 pm	* 6.50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.40 pm	* 6.40 am
The Pennsylvania Special	*11.45 pm	*11.40 pm

Pullman Cars on Washington Express, 7.50 am, 12.50 pm, 8.50 pm, 9.00 am, 12.40 am, 1.30 pm, 12.50 pm, 8.00 pm, 10.15 pm, 12.05 pm, 8.20 pm, 12.20 pm, 12.30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, 8.50 am, *8.20 am, 11.50 am, 12.50 pm, 10.45 pm, *7.00 pm.

Leave for Steubenville, *8.40 am, 12.25 am, *4.30 pm, 10.55 pm, 11.45 am.

Leave for Denniston, *8.40 am, *2.50 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, 12.25 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leaves Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom	* 6:30 am	* 9:20 pm
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleasant	† 6:50 am	†10:05 am
Wash., Balto. & N. Y.	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
Conn'v., Un'n & Palm't.	* 8:00 am	* 7:45 pm
West Newton Accom	† 9:10 am	† 8:00 am
Cumb., Wash & Balto	* 1:15 pm	* 7:00 pm
Conny., Un'n & Palm't.	† 2:00 pm	†10:05 am
Connellsv. & Mt. Pleas.	† 2:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Connellsville Accom	* 4:00 pm	† 5:05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg & Weston	† 5:50 pm	*12:20 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited)	* 6:30 pm	* 9:00 am
West Newton Accom	† 6:40 pm	† 1:30 pm
Wash., Balto. & Phila.	* 6:50 pm	*7:00 am

LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.

Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7:00 am	* 9:10 am
Kenova and Parkersburg (Ohio Valley Express)	† 7:50 am	† 9:40 pm
Col., Cin. & St. L. Ex.	* 8:30 am	* 7:45 am
Wheeling & Kenova	* 9:20 am	* 6:00 pm
Wheeling & Parkersburg	* 1:25 pm	*11:50 am
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4:30 pm	*10:06 am
Wheeling & Parkersburg	* 4:50 pm	*11:30 am
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 5:05 pm	* 7:05 pm
Col., Cin. & St. Louis Ex.	* 8:50 pm	* 7:35 pm

LINES WEST VIA AKRON.

Cleve., Akron & Loraln	* 7:40 am	* 9:00 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 8:10 pm	*12:15 pm
Chicago Limited	* 8:05 pm	* 7:05 am

(Leave Allegheny.)

Butler	† 7:00 am	† 8:00 am
Butler	† 7:50 am	† 9:50 am
Butler, Foxburg & Kane	† 8:15 am	† 5:10 pm
Butler, Erie	† 8:15 am	† 6:35 pm
Butler	†11:00 am	† 9:10 am
Butler, Erie	† 1:15 pm	† 1:00 pm
Ellwood City	† 1:15 pm	† 6:30 am
Butler, Clarion, Greenv	† 3:00 pm	†10:25 am
But., Ellw'd & N. Castle	† 5:30 pm	† 9:40 am
Ellwood & New Castle	† 6:45 pm	† 9:40 am
Butler	† 6:45 pm	† 5:10 pm
Butler	*11:20 pm	* 7:25 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURGH RY.

Ticket Office 504 Smithfield St., Trains Leave B. & O. Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Eastern Standard Time.	Leave.	Arrive.
Buffalo and Rochester Express (cafe observation cars and reclining chair cars)	*9:00 am	*6:30 pm
DuBois Accommodation	†1:20 pm	†11:40 am
Buffalo and Rochester Night Express (Pullman sleepers)	*10:00 pm	*7:40 am

*Daily. †Week days.

Pittsburgh Union Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.00 am	* 1.40 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 6.10 am	*11.55 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville & St. Louis	* 4.50 am	* 8.05 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.50 am	* 2.15 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 4.50 am	* 8.50 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 5.20 am	* 7.25 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.20 am	* 9.40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	* 6.50 am	* 1.06 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 6.30 am	* 8.20 pm
New Castle and Erie	* 6.30 am	*10.55 am
Pittsburg and Ashtabula	* 7.30 am	* 1.50 pm
Ohio Valley Express	* 6.50 am	* 9.30 pm
Salem and Alliance	* 7.00 am	*10.40 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 6.01 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 7.30 am	* 4.45 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 8.40 pm	* 8.30 am
Mercer and Oil City	* 7.35 am	*10.35 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 7.35 am	* 1.00 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	* 7.35 am	* 5.35 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 8.25 am	* 5.25 pm
The Cleveland Express	* 8.50 am	* 3.50 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 9.00 am	* 8.50 pm
The Toledo Special	*11.30 am	* 2.50 pm
Tuscarawas and Toledo	*11.50 am	* 5.30 pm
Columbus and Chicago	*12.30 pm	* 2.00 pm
Youngstown, Ashtabula & Jamestown	*12.35 pm	* 5.50 pm
Jamestown and Ashtabula	*12.35 pm	*10.05 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	* 1.25 pm	* 1.05 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	* 1.30 pm	* 1.00 pm
East Liverpool and Steubenville	* 4.02 pm	* 7.40 am
New Castle and Erie	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	* 4.30 pm	* 8.05 pm
Niles and Youngstown	* 4.30 pm	* 1.30 pm
Jamestown, Youngstown and Niles	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
The St. Louis Special	* 5.02 pm	* 2.15 pm
Logansport and Chicago	* 5.00 pm	* 7.50 pm
The Cleveland Special	* 5.05 pm	*11.15 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.02 pm	* 9.40 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	* 5.10 pm	* 3.05 am
The Chicago Special	* 7.30 pm	* 7.45 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 8.05 pm	* 6.00 am
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 8.40 pm	* 8.50 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 8.45 pm	* 8.35 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 8.55 pm	* 8.30 am
Toledo and Detroit Express	* 8.50 pm	* 8.50 am
Beaver Falls and New Castle	*10.40 pm	* 6.50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.40 pm	* 6.40 am
The Pennsylvania Special	*11.45 pm	*11.40 pm

Pullman